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Aluminum Zirconium Tetrachlorohydrate Gly Solution

» Aluminum Zirconium Tetrachlorohydrate Gly Solution is a solution of Aluminum Zirconium Tetrachlorohydrate in which some of the waters of hydration have been displaced by glycine, calcium glycinate, magnesium glycinate, potassium glycinate, sodium glycinate, or zinc glycinate. It encompasses a range of aluminum-to-zirconium ratios between 2.0:1 and 5.99:1 and a range of (aluminum plus zirconium)-to-chloride atomic ratios between 1.5:1 and 0.9:1. The following solvents may be used: water, propylene glycol, or dipropylene glycol. It contains the equivalent of not less than 90.0 percent and not more than 110.0 percent of the labeled concentration of anhydrous aluminum zirconium tetrachlorohydrate.

Packaging and storage—Preserve in well-closed containers.

Labeling—Label Solution to state the solvent and form of glycine used and the claimed concentration of anhydrous aluminum zirconium tetrachlorohydrate.

Identification—

A: A solution containing the equivalent of about 100 mg of anhydrous aluminum zirconium tetrachlorohydrate per mL responds to the test for [Chloride \(191\)](#).

B: *Identification of propylene glycol* (where stated on the label)—Add about 10 mL of isopropyl alcohol to 2 g of Solution, mix, and filter. Evaporate the filtrate to about 1 mL on a steam bath: the IR spectrum of a film of this solution on a silver chloride disk exhibits maxima only at the same wavelengths as that of a similar preparation of a film of propylene glycol.

C: *Identification of dipropylene glycol* (where stated on the label)—Add about 10 mL of isopropyl alcohol to 2 g of Solution, mix, and filter. Evaporate the filtrate to about 1 mL on a steam bath: the IR spectrum of a film of this solution on a silver chloride disk exhibits maxima only at the same wavelengths as that of a similar preparation of a film of dipropylene glycol.

D: *Identification of glycine*—Place about 1 g of Solution in a 50-mL beaker, add about 20 mL of water, and swirl to dissolve. Heat to boiling on a hot plate, and add about 60 mg of ninhydrin: a deep violet color immediately develops.

pH (791): between 3.0 and 5.0, in a solution prepared by diluting 3 g of the Solution with water to obtain 10 mL.

Change to read:

▲ [ARSENIC, \(211\), Procedures, Procedure 1](#) ▲ (CN 1-Jun-2023) —Prepare the *Test Preparation* using an accurately weighed quantity of the Solution. The limit is 2 µg per g.

Limit of iron—Using about 5.4 g of Aluminum Zirconium Tetrachlorohydrate Gly Solution, accurately weighed, instead of Aluminum Zirconium Octachlorohydrate, proceed as directed in the test for the *Limit of iron* under [Aluminum Zirconium Octachlorohydrate](#). The limit is 75 µg per g.

Content of aluminum—Using about 0.3 g of Aluminum Zirconium Tetrachlorohydrate Gly Solution instead of Aluminum Zirconium Octachlorohydrate, proceed as directed in the test for the *Content of aluminum* under [Aluminum Zirconium Octachlorohydrate](#). Use the result to calculate the *Aluminum/zirconium atomic ratio* and the *(Aluminum plus zirconium)/chloride atomic ratio*.

Content of zirconium—Using about 500 mg of Aluminum Zirconium Tetrachlorohydrate Gly Solution, accurately weighed, instead of Aluminum Zirconium Octachlorohydrate, proceed as directed in the test for the *Content of zirconium* under [Aluminum Zirconium Octachlorohydrate](#). Use the result to calculate the *Aluminum/zirconium atomic ratio* and the *(Aluminum plus zirconium)/chloride atomic ratio*.

Aluminum/zirconium atomic ratio—Divide the percentage of aluminum found in the test for *Content of aluminum* by the percentage of zirconium found in the test for *Content of zirconium*, and multiply by 92.97/26.98, in which 92.97 is the atomic weight of zirconium corrected for 2% hafnium content, and 26.98 is the atomic weight of aluminum: the ratio is between 2.0:1 and 5.99:1.

Content of chloride—Using about 500 mg of Aluminum Zirconium Tetrachlorohydrate Gly Solution, accurately weighed, instead of Aluminum Zirconium Octachlorohydrate, proceed as directed in the test for the *Content of chloride* under [Aluminum Zirconium Octachlorohydrate](#). Use the result to calculate the *(Aluminum plus zirconium)/chloride atomic ratio*.

(Aluminum plus zirconium)/chloride atomic ratio—Calculate the (aluminum plus zirconium)/chloride atomic ratio by the formula:

$$[(Al/26.98) + (Zr/92.97)]/(Cl/35.453)$$

in which *Al*, *Zr*, and *Cl* are the percentages of aluminum, zirconium, and chloride found in the tests for *Content of aluminum*, *Content of zirconium*, and *Content of chloride*, respectively; 26.98 is the atomic weight of aluminum; 92.97 is the atomic weight of zirconium corrected for 2% hafnium content; and 35.453 is the atomic weight of chlorine: the ratio is between 1.5:1 and 0.9:1.

Assay—Calculate the percentage of anhydrous aluminum zirconium tetrachlorohydrate in the Solution by the formula:

$$Al\{[26.98y + 92.97 + 17.01[3y + 4 - (y + 1)z] + 35.453(y + 1)/z]/26.98y\}$$

in which *Al* is the percentage of aluminum found in the test for *Content of aluminum*, *y* is the aluminum/zirconium atomic ratio found in the test for *Aluminum/zirconium atomic ratio*, *z* is the (aluminum plus zirconium)/chloride atomic ratio found in the test for *(Aluminum plus zirconium)/chloride atomic ratio*.

zirconium)/chloride atomic ratio, 26.98 is the atomic weight of aluminum, 92.97 is the atomic weight of zirconium corrected for 2% hafnium content, 17.01 is the molecular weight of the hydroxide anion (OH), and 35.453 is the atomic weight of chlorine (Cl).

Auxiliary Information - Please [check for your question in the FAQs](#) before contacting USP.

Topic/Question	Contact	Expert Committee
ALUMINUM ZIRCONIUM TETRACHLOROHYDREX GLY SOLUTION	Documentary Standards Support	SM32020 Small Molecules 3

Chromatographic Database Information: [Chromatographic Database](#)

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