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AMERICAN NATIONAL STANDARD

Procedures for Outdoor Measurement of Sound Pressure Level

Secretariat
Acoustical Society of America

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ABSTRACT

This American National Standard describes procedures for the measurement of sound pressure levels in the outdoor environment, considering the effects of the ground, the effects of refraction due to wind and temperature gradients, and the effects due to turbulence. This standard is focused on measurement of sound pressure levels produced by specific sources outdoors. The measured sound pressure levels can be used to calculate sound pressure levels at other distances from the source or to extrapolate to other environmental conditions or to assess compliance with regulation. This standard describes two methods to measure sound pressure levels outdoors. METHOD No. 1: general method, outlines conditions for routine measurements. METHOD No. 2: precision method, describes strict conditions for more accurate measurements. This standard assumes the measurement of A-weighted sound pressure level or time-averaged sound pressure level or octave, 1/3-octave or narrow-band sound pressure level, but does not preclude determination of other sound descriptors.

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Foreword

[This Foreword is not a part of American National Standard for Outdoor Measurement of Sound Pressure Level, ANSI S12.18-1994 (ASA Catalog No. 110-1994)]

This standard provides guidelines for measuring and reporting sound pressure levels associated with a specific source and observed under different environmental conditions outdoors. This standard presents requirements for the documentation of the procedures and results to permit interpretation and independent evaluation of the results.

This standard has been developed under the jurisdiction of Accredited Standards Committee S12, Noise, using the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) Accredited Standards Committee Procedure. The Acoustical Society of America provides the Secretariat for Accredited Standards Committee S12, Noise.

Accredited Standards Committee S12, Noise, under whose jurisdiction this standard was developed, had the following scope:

Standards, specifications, and terminology in the field of acoustical noise pertaining to methods of measurement, evaluation, and control; including biological safety, tolerance, and comfort, and physical acoustics as related to environmental and occupational noise.

At the time this standard was submitted to Accredited Standards Committee S12, Noise, for approval, the membership was as follows:

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Suggestions for improvements of this standard will be welcomed. They should be sent to the Accredited Standards Committee S12, at the Standards Secretariat, in care of the Acoustical Society of America, 120 Wall Street, 32nd Floor, New York, New York 10005-3993. Telephone (212) 248-0373; FAX (212) 248-0146.

American National Standard

Outdoor Measurement of Sound Pressure Level

0 Introduction

This Standard is concerned with the measurement of sound pressure levels outdoors under a variety of conditions. The basic purpose of this standard is to establish uniform procedures for obtaining sound pressure level data in the presence of the effects of the ground and meteorology outdoors.

The purpose of sound pressure level measurements fall into two broad categories: sound pressure levels measured in order to characterize a specific source and sound pressure levels measured in order to characterize an ambient environment. Primary interest in this standard is focused on sound pressure levels obtained outdoors from specific sources.

This standard is an application of the fundamental standard ANSI S1.13. Whereas the focus of ANSI S1.13 is the basic requirements for the measurement of sound pressure levels for their own sake, the focus of the current standard is the requirements for sound pressure level measurements undertaken outdoors for the specific purpose of source characterization. The current standard specifies requirements in addition to those given in ANSI S1.13.

The procedures for measurement of long-term environmental sound levels outdoors at one or more locations in a community for such purposes as noise prediction validation, regulation and environmental assessment or compatible land use planning are covered by other American National Standards such as ANSI S12.9. The procedures recommended by ANSI S12.9 sample outdoor sound by accepting the environmental and meteorological conditions "as is" within broad limits, thereby providing a statistical sampling of the environmental levels from a variety of sources and meteorological conditions. The current standard specifically excludes outdoor measurement of total environmental sound in a community. However, guidance is given in this standard to obtain an estimate of the ambient sound levels.

The measurement of sound pressure level may not always suffice for the quantitative characterization of the sound produced by a source. The total acoustic power radiated by a source of sound is usually preferable to provide a better measure of source output. Since acoustic power is usually calculated from measured values of time mean square sound pressure which depend on the acoustic environment, it is necessary to design the measurement environment carefully if the accuracy required for sound ratings and comparisons is to be achieved. All aspects of the determination of sound power of sources are covered by other American National Standards such as ANSI S12.30 through S12.36. The current standard specifically excludes those sound pressure level measurements which are obtained in order to permit calculation of the sound power radiated by a source.

This standard describes procedures to measure sound pressure levels from specific sources outdoors. Sound pressure levels from a specific source outdoors are a function of source height, receiver height, the type of ground, and the local atmospheric conditions. Therefore, measured sound pressure levels do not generally obey the simple inverse square law of a 6 dB decrease in level for each doubling of distance. The application of the procedures recommended by this standard will yield reproducible sound pressure levels from measurements of the same source at the same microphone location on different days. The measurements obtained using this standard could be used to adjust sound pressure levels from the same source obtained at different sites for reliable comparison or could be used to calculate sound pressure levels at other distances from the source or to extrapolate to other environmental conditions or to assess compliance with community noise ordinances.

This standard describes two methods for measuring sound pressure levels outdoors. METHOD #1: general method, outlines conditions for routine measurements. METHOD #2: precision method, describes strict conditions for precise measurements. In planning a series of sound pressure measurements, the purpose of the measurements should be kept clearly in mind.

The two methods for sound pressure level measurements in this standard are summarized in Table 1. The method selected depends upon the required accuracy of the measurements. In many situations, the measurement procedure of the general method may be entirely adequate. The precision method is