

Australian/New Zealand Standard™

Medical electrical equipment

**Part 2.17: Particular requirements for
the basic safety and essential
performance of automatically-controlled
brachytherapy afterloading equipment**



AS/NZS IEC 60601.2.17:2015

This Joint Australian/New Zealand Standard was prepared by Joint Technical Committee HE-003, Medical Electrical Equipment. It was approved on behalf of the Council of Standards Australia on 12 October 2015 and on behalf of the Council of Standards New Zealand on 2 October 2015.

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Australian and New Zealand College of Anaesthetists
Australian Dental Association
Australian Society of Anaesthetists
Canterbury District Health Board
College of Biomedical Engineering Engineers Australia
Department of Defence
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Australian/New Zealand Standard™

Medical electrical equipment

Part 2.17: Particular requirements for the basic safety and essential performance of automatically-controlled brachytherapy afterloading equipment

Originated as AS/NZS 3200.2.17:1994.
Jointly revised and redesignated as AS/NZS IEC 60601.2.17:2015.

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PREFACE

This Standard was prepared by the Joint Standards Australia/Standards New Zealand Committee HE-003, Medical Electrical Equipment, to supersede AS/NZS 3200.2.17:1994, *Approval and test specifications—Medical electrical equipment, Part 2.17: Particular requirements for safety—Remote-controlled automatically-driven gamma-ray afterloading equipment*.

The objective of this Standard is to establish particular basic safety and essential performance requirements for automatically-controlled brachytherapy afterloading ME equipment. The requirements of this Standard supplement the general requirements specified in AS/NZS IEC 60601.1.

This Standard is intended to be read in conjunction with AS/NZS IEC 60601.1:2015, which is an identical adoption of IEC 60601-1, Ed.3.1 (2012) and is referred to in the source text as ‘the general standard’.

This Standard is identical with, and has been reproduced from IEC 60601-2-17, Ed.3.0 (2013), *Medical electrical equipment, Part 2-17: Particular requirements for the basic safety and essential performance of automatically-controlled brachytherapy afterloading equipment*.

As this Standard is reproduced from an International Standard, the following applies:

- (a) In the source text ‘this International Standard’ should read ‘this Australian/New Zealand Standard’.
- (b) A full point substitutes for a comma when referring to a decimal marker.

References to International Standards should be replaced by references to Australian or Australian/New Zealand Standards, as follows:

Reference to International Standard		Australian/New Zealand Standard	
IEC		AS/NZS IEC	
60601	Medical electrical equipment	60601	Medical electrical equipment
60601-1	Part 1: General requirements for basic safety and essential performance	60601.1	Part 1: General requirements for basic safety and essential performance
60601-2-1	Part 2-1: Particular requirements for the basic safety and essential performance of electron accelerators in the range 1 MeV to 50 MeV	60601.2.1	Part 2.1: Particular requirements for the basic safety and essential performance of electron accelerators in the range 1 MeV to 50 MeV
60601-2-8	Part 2-8: Particular requirements for the safety of therapeutic X-ray equipment operating in the range 10 kV to 1 MV	60601.2.8	Part 2.8: Particular requirements for the safety of therapeutic X-ray equipment operating in the range 10 kV to 1 MV

Only normative references that have been adopted as Australian or Australian/New Zealand Standard have been listed.

The term ‘informative’ has been used in this Standard to define the application of the annex to which it applies. An ‘informative’ annex is only for information and guidance.

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IEC FOREWORD

In this standard, the following print types are used:

- Requirements and definitions: roman type.
- *Test specifications: italic type.*
- Informative material appearing outside of tables, such as notes, examples and references: in smaller type. Normative text of tables is also in a smaller type.
- TERMS DEFINED IN CLAUSE 3 OF THE GENERAL STANDARD, IN THIS PARTICULAR STANDARD OR AS NOTED: SMALL CAPITALS.

In referring to the structure of this standard, the term

- “clause” means one of the seventeen numbered divisions within the table of contents, inclusive of all subdivisions (e.g. Clause 201.7 includes subclauses 201.7.1, 201.7.2, etc.);
- “subclause” means a numbered subdivision of a clause (e.g. 201.7.1, 201.7.2 and 201.7.2.1 are all subclauses of Clause 201.7).

References to clauses within this standard are preceded by the term “Clause” followed by the clause number. References to subclauses within this collateral standard are by number only.

In this standard, the conjunctive “or” is used as an “inclusive or” so a statement is true if any combination of the conditions is true.

The verbal forms used in this standard conform to usage described in Annex H of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2. For the purposes of this standard, the auxiliary verb:

- “shall” means that compliance with a requirement or a test is mandatory for compliance with this standard;
- “should” means that compliance with a requirement or a test is recommended but is not mandatory for compliance with this standard;
- “may” is used to describe a permissible way to achieve compliance with a requirement or test.

INTRODUCTION

The delivery of RADIOTHERAPY over short distances is called BRACHYTHERAPY. BRACHYTHERAPY is delivered by positioning RADIATION SOURCES within or adjacent to the tissue to be treated. Historically, RADIOACTIVE SOURCES were handled manually, resulting in IRRADIATION of the OPERATOR'S hands. AFTERLOADING generally refers to the technique of placing an applicator into or adjacent to the tissue to be treated, and introducing one or more RADIATION SOURCE(S) only after the applicator position has been confirmed. This procedure minimizes the time during which the operator is exposed to the RADIATION SOURCE(S). Manual AFTERLOADING techniques were developed in the 1950s and are used routinely today for permanent implants, but less frequently for temporary implants.

Temporary implants require the use of higher dose rates, to ensure that the treatment can be completed in a length of time easily tolerated by the PATIENT. In the 1980s, automatic remote AFTERLOADING techniques were developed, that could move a RADIOACTIVE SOURCE or SOURCES through connecting tubes from a shielded safe to the applicators implanted in the patient. Because the SOURCE(S) could be moved remotely, the risk of exposure to personnel could be eliminated.

In 2007 an automatic remote afterloader was introduced that replaced the conventional RADIOACTIVE SOURCE(S) with an X-ray source. This device otherwise performed similarly to AFTERLOADERS containing RADIOACTIVE SOURCES. However, the X-ray source could be disabled when not in use, removing any risk of IRRADIATION. BRACHYTHERAPY devices that employ X-ray source(s) are subject to the requirements of IEC 60601-2-8, in addition to those of this standard.

The use of AFTERLOADING ME EQUIPMENT for BRACHYTHERAPY purposes may expose PATIENTS to danger if the ME EQUIPMENT fails to deliver the required dose to the PATIENT, or if the ME EQUIPMENT design does not satisfy standards of electrical and mechanical safety. The ME EQUIPMENT may also cause danger to persons in the vicinity if the ME EQUIPMENT itself fails to contain the RADIOACTIVE SOURCE(S) adequately within the STORAGE CONTAINER(S), if the X-RAY TUBE is energized inappropriately, or if there are inadequacies in the design of the TREATMENT ROOM.

This particular standard establishes requirements to be complied with by MANUFACTURERS in the design and construction of AFTERLOADING ME EQUIPMENT for use in temporary BRACHYTHERAPY procedures; it does not attempt to define their optimum performance requirements. Its purpose is to identify those features of design that are regarded, at the present time, as essential for the safe operation of such ME EQUIPMENT. It places limits on the degradation of ME EQUIPMENT performance beyond which it can be presumed that a fault condition exists and at which an INTERLOCK then operates to disable the X-RAY TUBE(S) or return the RADIOACTIVE SOURCE(S) to the STORAGE CONTAINER(S) and afterwards to prevent continued operation of the ME EQUIPMENT.

NOTES

AUSTRALIAN/NEW ZEALAND STANDARD

Medical electrical equipment**Part 2.17:**

Particular requirements for the basic safety and essential performance of automatically-controlled brachytherapy afterloading equipment

201.1 Scope, object and related standards

Clause 1 of the general standard¹ applies, except as follows:

201.1.1 Scope*Replacement:*

This International Standard applies to the BASIC SAFETY and ESSENTIAL PERFORMANCE of automatically-controlled BRACHYTHERAPY AFTERLOADING ME EQUIPMENT, hereafter referred to as ME EQUIPMENT.

If a clause or subclause is specifically intended to be applicable to ME EQUIPMENT only, or to ME SYSTEMS only, the title and content of that clause or subclause will say so. If that is not the case, the clause or subclause applies both to ME EQUIPMENT and to ME SYSTEMS, as relevant.

HAZARDS inherent in the intended physiological function of ME EQUIPMENT or ME SYSTEMS within the scope of this standard are not covered by specific requirements in this standard except in 7.2.13 and 8.4.1 of the general standard.

NOTE See also 4.2 of the general standard.

This standard applies to automatically-controlled BRACHYTHERAPY AFTERLOADING ME EQUIPMENT used for treatment or alleviation of disease.

This standard specifies requirements

a) for automatically-controlled AFTERLOADING ME EQUIPMENT

- 1) which contains and uses only beta, gamma, or NEUTRON-emitting SEALED RADIOACTIVE SOURCES, or BRACHYTHERAPY X-RAY SOURCES designed and constructed for use with automatically-controlled AFTERLOADING ME EQUIPMENT,
- 2) which automatically drives the RADIATION SOURCE(S) from a STORAGE CONTAINER or, in the case of BRACHYTHERAPY X-RAY SOURCES, a reference location outside the PATIENT, to a treatment position inside the SOURCE APPLICATOR(S) and returns the RADIATION SOURCE(S) to the STORAGE CONTAINER or the BRACHYTHERAPY X-RAY SOURCE(S) to the reference location,
- 3) which is designed for connection to a PATIENT, and
- 4) with which movements of the RADIATION SOURCE(S) are carried out automatically by the ME EQUIPMENT according to a prescribed programme using a powered mechanism whose changes are controlled by the CONTROLLING TIMER(S) and TIMING DEVICES that are either PROGRAMMABLE ELECTRONIC SUB-SYSTEMS (PESS) (computer or microprocessors) or non-programmable systems and

b) for ME EQUIPMENT intended to be

¹ The general standard is IEC 60601-1:2005+A1:2012, *Medical electrical equipment – Part 1: General requirements for basic safety and essential performance*

- 1) for NORMAL USE, operated under the authority of appropriately licensed or QUALIFIED PERSONS by OPERATORS having the required skills for a particular medical application, for particular specified clinical purposes, e.g. remote AFTERLOADING BRACHYTHERAPY;
- 2) maintained in accordance within the recommendations given in the INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE;
- 3) subject to regular quality assurance performance and calibration checks by a QUALIFIED PERSON.

This standard does not specify requirements for SEALED RADIOACTIVE SOURCES. Requirements for the design of X-RAY TUBES used with the ME EQUIPMENT are specified in other IEC standards. See for example: IEC 60601-2-28:2010.

The requirements of this standard are based on the assumptions that:

- a TREATMENT PLAN is available that prescribes appropriate values of the TREATMENT PARAMETERS, and
- the SOURCE STRENGTH(S) or the REFERENCE AIR-KERMA RATE of the RADIATION SOURCE(S) used by the ME EQUIPMENT is (are) known.

This standard includes requirements intended to ensure that the prescribed values of the TREATMENT PARAMETERS can be achieved by the ME EQUIPMENT, in particular that:

- the selected RADIATION SOURCE(S) is (are) positioned or moved within the SOURCE APPLICATOR in the selected configuration relative to the SOURCE APPLICATOR;
- IRRADIATION is performed by the selected RADIATION SOURCE configuration for the selected duration;
- IRRADIATION is performed by the ME EQUIPMENT without causing unnecessary RISK to the OPERATOR or other persons in the immediate surroundings.

201.1.2 Object

Replacement:

The object of this particular standard is to establish particular BASIC SAFETY and ESSENTIAL PERFORMANCE requirements for automatically-controlled BRACHYTHERAPY AFTERLOADING ME EQUIPMENT.

201.1.3 Collateral standards

Addition:

This particular standard refers to those applicable collateral standards that are listed in Clause 2 of the general standard and Clause 201.2 of this standard.

IEC 60601-1-3 and IEC 60601-1-10² do not apply. All other published collateral standards in the IEC 60601 series apply as published.

201.1.4 Particular standards

Replacement:

In the IEC 60601 series, particular standards may modify, replace or delete requirements contained in the general standard and collateral standards as appropriate for the particular ME EQUIPMENT under consideration, and may add other BASIC SAFETY and ESSENTIAL PERFORMANCE requirements.

² IEC 60601-1-10, *Medical electrical equipment – Part 1-10: General requirements for basic safety and essential performance – Collateral Standard: Requirements for the development of physiologic closed-loop controllers*

A requirement of a particular standard takes priority over the general standard.

For brevity, IEC 60601-1:2005+A1:2012, is referred to in this particular standard as the general standard. Collateral standards are referred to by their document number.

The numbering of clauses and subclauses of this particular standard corresponds to that of the general standard with the prefix "201" (e.g. 201.1 in this standard addresses the content of Clause 1 of the general standard) or applicable collateral standard with the prefix "20x" where x is the final digit(s) of the collateral standard document number (e.g. 202.4 in this particular standard addresses the content of Clause 4 of the IEC 60601-1-2 collateral standard, 203.4 in this particular standard addresses the content of Clause 4 of the IEC 60601-1-3 collateral standard, etc.). The changes to the text of the general standard are specified by the use of the following words:

"Replacement" means that the clause or subclause of the general standard or applicable collateral standard is replaced completely by the text of this particular standard.

"Addition" means that the text of this particular standard is additional to the requirements of the general standard or applicable collateral standard.

"Amendment" means that the clause or subclause of the general standard or applicable collateral standard is amended as indicated by the text of this particular standard.

Subclauses, figures or tables which are additional to those of the general standard are numbered starting from 201.101. However due to the fact that definitions in the general standard are numbered 3.1 through 3.139, additional definitions in this standard are numbered beginning from 201.3.201. Additional annexes are lettered AA, BB, etc., and additional items aa), bb), etc.

Subclauses, figures or tables which are additional to those of a collateral standard are numbered starting from 20x, where "x" is the number of the collateral standard, e.g. 202 for IEC 60601-1-2, 203 for IEC 60601-1-3, etc.

The term "this standard" is used to make reference to the general standard, any applicable collateral standards and this particular standard taken together.

Where there is no corresponding clause or subclause in this particular standard, the clause or subclause of the general standard or applicable collateral standard, although possibly not relevant, applies without modification; where it is intended that any part of the general standard or applicable collateral standard, although possibly relevant, is not to be applied, a statement to that effect is given in this particular standard.

201.2 Normative references

NOTE Informative references are listed in the bibliography on page 42.

Clause 2 of the general standard applies, except as follows:

Addition:

IEC 60601-1:2005, *Medical electrical equipment – Part 1: General requirements for basic safety and essential performance*
Amendment 1:2012³

³ A consolidated edition 3.1 exists, including IEC 60601-1:2005 and its Amendment 1:2012.

IEC 60601-2-1:2009, *Medical electrical equipment – Part 2-1: Particular requirements for the basic safety and essential performance of electron accelerators in the range 1 MeV to 50 MeV*

IEC 60601-2-8:2010, *Medical electrical equipment – Part 2-8: Particular requirements for the basic safety and essential performance of therapeutic X-ray equipment operating in the range 10 kV to 1 MV*

IEC 60601-2-11:2013, *Medical electrical equipment - Part 2-11: Particular requirements for the basic safety and essential performance of gamma beam therapy equipment*

IEC/TR 60788:2004, *Medical electrical equipment – Glossary of defined terms*

IEC 61005:2003, *Radiation protection instrumentation – Neutron ambient dose equivalent (rate) meters*

IEC 62083:2009, *Medical electrical equipment – Requirements for the safety of radiotherapy treatment planning systems*

201.3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this particular standard, the terms and definitions given in IEC 60601-1:2005+A1:2012 and IEC/TR 60788:2004 apply, except as follows:

NOTE 1 An index of defined terms is found beginning on page 43.

NOTE 2 In this particular standard, IRRADIATION refers to the entire process of exposing the PATIENT to RADIATION SOURCES in positions and for periods of time appropriate for TREATMENT. TRANSIT times are explicitly excluded from the TREATMENT TIME.

Addition:

201.3.201

AFTERLOADING

automatically-controlled transfer of one or more SEALED RADIOACTIVE SOURCES or X-ray sources between a STORAGE CONTAINER or, in the case of X-ray sources, a reference position, and pre-positioned SOURCE APPLICATORS for BRACHYTHERAPY

201.3.202

ALARM SIGNAL

signal, the purpose of which is to alert the OPERATOR to an abnormal condition in the PATIENT or the equipment that may develop into a safety HAZARD which requires OPERATOR awareness or action

201.3.203

BETA SOURCE STRENGTH

ABSORBED DOSE RATE in water at 2 mm along the perpendicular bisector from a RADIATION SOURCE emitting beta RADIATION

Note 1 to entry: The unit of beta source strength is Gy s^{-1} at 2 mm.

Note 2 to entry: Multiples (milli, mega, etc.) are permitted.

201.3.204

BRACHYTHERAPY

RADIOTHERAPY using one or more RADIATION SOURCES with the RADIATION SOURCE/SOURCES inside or close to the TARGET VOLUME

Note 1 to entry: Brachytherapy techniques include interstitial, intracavitary, superficial or intraluminal radiotherapy.

201.3.205**CONTINUATION OF IRRADIATION**

CONTINUATION

<RADIOTHERAPY> re-starting IRRADIATION after INTERRUPTION OF IRRADIATION without re-selection of operating conditions

201.3.206**DWELL TIME**

time a RADIATION SOURCE or a RADIATION SOURCE TRAIN remains at a selected TREATMENT position or the time the BRACHYTHERAPY X-RAY SOURCE remains activated at a selected TREATMENT position

201.3.207**INITIATION OF IRRADIATION**

INITIATION

commencing IRRADIATION from the READY STATE when the READY STATE was attained by carrying out the selection and confirmation of the operating conditions and not by INTERRUPTION OF IRRADIATION

201.3.208**NEUTRON SOURCE STRENGTH**

ABSORBED DOSE RATE IN WATER of a RADIATION source emitting NEUTRONS

Note 1 to entry: The unit of NEUTRON SOURCE STRENGTH is, for the purposes of this standard, Gy s^{-1} at 1 cm.

Note 2 to entry: Multiples (milli, mega, etc.) are permitted.

201.3.209**PHOTON SOURCE STRENGTH**

REFERENCE AIR KERMA RATE along the perpendicular bisector from a RADIATION SOURCE emitting PHOTONS

Note 1 to entry: The unit of PHOTON SOURCE STRENGTH is Gy s^{-1} at 1 m.

Note 2 to entry: Multiples (milli, mega, etc.) are permitted.

201.3.210**RADIOACTIVE SOURCE TRAIN**

sequence of SEALED RADIOACTIVE SOURCES, possibly separated by non-RADIOACTIVE spacers, either permanently combined or selected prior to each IRRADIATION, and used in AFTERLOADING ME EQUIPMENT

Note 1 to entry: The RADIOACTIVE SOURCE TRAIN is usually selected to give a specified dose distribution.

201.3.211**REFERENCE AIR KERMA RATE**

AIR KERMA RATE in air at a reference distance of 1 m, after correction for air ATTENUATION and scattering

Note 1 to entry: The symbol for REFERENCE AIR KERMA RATE is $\dot{K}_R$.

201.3.212**SOURCE STRENGTH**

PHOTON SOURCE STRENGTH, BETA SOURCE STRENGTH, or NEUTRON SOURCE STRENGTH of a RADIATION SOURCE, whichever is applicable for the intended use of the ME EQUIPMENT

201.3.213**TRANSIT**

the process through which the RADIATION SOURCES move from the STORAGE CONTAINER(S) or, in the case of BRACHYTHERAPY X-RAY SOURCES, a reference position to a treatment position or move from a treatment position to the STORAGE CONTAINER(S) or reference position.

201.3.214**TREATMENT PARAMETER**

factor that describes one aspect of the irradiation of a PATIENT during RADIOTHERAPY, such as RADIATION ENERGY, SOURCE STRENGTH, TREATMENT TIME

201.3.215**TREATMENT TIME**

the sum of the DWELL TIMES which constitute a TREATMENT

201.4 General requirements

Clause 4 of the general standard applies, except as follows:

201.4.1 Conditions for application to ME EQUIPMENT or ME SYSTEMS

Addition:

IEC 60601-2-8:2010, *Medical electrical equipment – Part 2-8: Particular requirements for the basic safety and essential performance of therapeutic X-ray equipment operating in the range 10 kV to 1 MV* applies to AFTERLOADING ME EQUIPMENT that incorporates one or more X-RAY TUBES.

201.4.3 ESSENTIAL PERFORMANCE

Addition:

Requirements of 201.10.1.2.101, 201.10.1.2.102, 201.10.2.101, and 201.10.2.102 are identified as ESSENTIAL PERFORMANCE requirements.

201.4.10.2 SUPPLY MAINS for ME EQUIPMENT and ME SYSTEMS

Addition:

SUPPLY MAINS in this standard shall be assumed to have the following characteristics:

- a sufficiently low internal impedance to prevent voltage fluctuations exceeding $\pm 5\%$ between the on-load and off-load steady states.

201.5 General requirements for testing ME EQUIPMENT

Clause 5 of the general standard applies, except as follows:

Addition:

201.5.101 TYPE TESTS

Appropriate care should be taken to carry out compliance tests safely, for example by using a non-RADIOACTIVE SOURCE wherever possible. TYPE TESTS described in this particular standard may also be used by the MANUFACTURER or by the installer as routine tests.

201.6 Classification of ME EQUIPMENT and ME SYSTEMS

Clause 6 of the general standard applies, except as follows:

201.6.6 Mode of operation

Replacement:

ME EQUIPMENT within the scope of this standard shall be suitable for CONTINUOUS OPERATION.

201.7 ME EQUIPMENT identification, marking and documents

Clause 7 of the general standard applies, except as follows:

201.7.2 Marking on the outside of ME EQUIPMENT or ME EQUIPMENT parts**201.7.2.20 Removable protective means**

Replacement:

ME EQUIPMENT shall be declared as unsuitable for alternative applications that require the removal of a protective means to utilise a particular function.

Compliance is checked by inspection of the ACCOMPANYING DOCUMENTS.

Addition:

201.7.2.101 General

The ME EQUIPMENT shall be provided with permanently affixed and clearly legible markings on the appropriate part showing:

- a) the maximum total SOURCE STRENGTHS of each of the RADIONUCLIDES for which the ME EQUIPMENT is designed, if the ME EQUIPMENT uses one or more RADIOACTIVE SOURCES;
- b) the symbol ISO 361 indicating possible radiation hazard;
- c) the requirement for the STORAGE CONTAINER(S) to be located only in a treatment room with restricted access, if this is specified (see 201.10.2.101.2);
- d) additional external supply requirements (e.g. compressed air), if any.

Compliance is checked by inspection of the ACCOMPANYING DOCUMENTS.

201.7.2.102 ME EQUIPMENT with more than one RADIATION SOURCE

For ME EQUIPMENT with more than one RADIATION SOURCE, the ME EQUIPMENT shall be provided with a permanently affixed means (e.g. a PESS) by which either the RESPONSIBLE ORGANIZATION or the MANUFACTURER can indicate the RADIATION SOURCES and their configurations that can be selected for each CHANNEL.

Compliance is checked by inspection of the ME EQUIPMENT or the ACCOMPANYING DOCUMENTS.

201.7.2.103 ME EQUIPMENT with RADIOACTIVE SOURCES

Where the ME EQUIPMENT uses RADIOACTIVE SOURCES, it shall be provided with a permanently affixed means by which either the RESPONSIBLE ORGANIZATION or the MANUFACTURER can indicate the RADIONUCLIDE(S) that are being kept in the STORAGE CONTAINER(S) and its/their SOURCE STRENGTH(S) on given date(s).

201.7.2.104 Interchangeable SOURCE APPLICATORS

Each interchangeable SOURCE APPLICATOR shall be permanently marked, or where appropriate, marked on the packaging, with specific identification.

201.7.2.105 Rigid SOURCE APPLICATORS

Each rigid SOURCE APPLICATOR with a clinically significant asymmetrical feature (e.g. curved or partially shielded) and capable of insertion into a PATIENT in different orientations shall be so marked that its orientation can be identified after insertion unless the ACCOMPANYING DOCUMENTS contain a recommendation that radiographic or other appropriate checks be carried out.

Compliance is checked by inspection of the ME EQUIPMENT or the ACCOMPANYING DOCUMENTS.

201.7.8 Indicator lights and controls**201.7.8.1 Colours of indicator lights**

Replacement:

Where indicator lights are used on the TREATMENT CONTROL PANEL (TCP), or on other control panels, the colours of the lights shall accord with those shown in Table 201.101:

Table 201.101 – Colours of lights and their meanings

Colour	Meaning
Red	– Immediate action required in response to an unintended state of operation
Yellow	– RADIOACTIVE SOURCE(S) at the treatment position(s), or X-RAY TUBE(S) energized
Yellow (flashing)	– RADIOACTIVE SOURCE(S) or X-RAY TUBE(S) (if energized) in TRANSIT
Green	– READY STATE
White	– ME EQUIPMENT switched on but all the operations required to reach the READY STATE not yet carried out

The status of the ME EQUIPMENT shall be indicated also by means other than the colour; e.g. by the shape or location of the indicator, or by accompanying text.

For AFTERLOADING ME EQUIPMENT other than that intended to be operated in the vicinity of the PATIENT, indicator lights in the TREATMENT ROOM, but not on the TCP, to indicate that the RADIOACTIVE SOURCE(S) is (are) either at the treatment position(s) or in TRANSIT, or that the X-RAY TUBE(S) is (are) energized, shall be red in colour.

NOTE This colour is required because any OPERATOR in the TREATMENT ROOM observing a red light should take immediate action.

Compliance is checked by inspection of the ME EQUIPMENT.

201.7.9 ACCOMPANYING DOCUMENTS**201.7.9.2 INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE****201.7.9.2.12 Cleaning, disinfection and sterilisation**

Addition:

INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE shall also include a warning of the RISK that may arise during wet or steam sterilisation whereby liquids may become trapped in cavities and subsequently transferred to other parts of the system. This warning shall include the RISK of corrosive damage to the SEALED RADIOACTIVE SOURCE(S) or to the BRACHYTHERAPY X-RAY SOURCE(S) and the SOURCE DRIVE MECHANISM(S) in the event that trapped liquids are present.