This international standard was developed in accordance with internationally recognized principles on standardization established in the Decision on Principles for the Development of International Standards, Guides and Recommendations issued by the World Trade Organization Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) Committee.

Designation: B660 – 23

# Standard Practices for Packaging/Packing of Aluminum and Magnesium Products[1]

This standard is issued under the fixed designation B660; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ε) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

*This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the U.S. Department of Defense.*

## 1. Scope*

1.1 These practices describe methods of packaging/packing aluminum and magnesium products, in preparation for storage or shipment, both foreign and domestic. Assuming proper and normal handling in transit, these practices are designed to deliver the products to their destination in good condition. For DOD redistribution, see Supplementary Requirements.

1.2 The values stated in inch-pound units are to be regarded as standard. The values given in parentheses are mathematical conversions to SI units that are provided for information only and are not considered standard.

1.3 Aluminum and magnesium products must be preserved and packed so as to be adequately protected from possible damage during shipment and storage. Major damage types are:

1.3.1 Mechanical, including bending, crushing, denting, scratching, or gouging during handling and storage; and abrasions resulting from vibration during transport of the material.

1.3.2 Corrosion, or water stain, resulting from exposure of packed material to water, either externally applied, or as condensate caused by temperature variations in a humid atmosphere.

1.4 *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety, health, and environmental practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.*

1.5 *This international standard was developed in accordance with internationally recognized principles on standardization established in the Decision on Principles for the Development of International Standards, Guides and Recommendations issued by the World Trade Organization Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) Committee.*

## 2. Referenced Documents

2.1 *ASTM Standards:*[2]

D779 Test Method for Determining the Water Vapor Resistance of Sheet Materials in Contact with Liquid Water by the Dry Indicator Method

D1732 Practices for Preparation of Magnesium Alloy Surfaces for Painting

D1974 Practice for Methods of Closing, Sealing, and Reinforcing Fiberboard Boxes

D3950 Specification for Strapping, Nonmetallic (and Joining Methods)

D3951 Practice for Commercial Packaging

D3953 Specification for Strapping, Flat Steel and Seals

D4727/D4727M Specification for Corrugated and Solid Fiberboard Sheet Stock (Container Grade) and Cut Shapes

D5168 Practice for Fabrication and Closure of Triple-Wall Corrugated Fiberboard Containers

D5486/D5486M Specification for Pressure-Sensitive Tape for Packaging, Box Closure, and Sealing

F1667 Specification for Driven Fasteners: Nails, Spikes, and Staples

2.2 *ANSI Standard:*[3]

ANSI/AHA A135.4 Basic Hardboard

2.3 *Federal Specifications:*[4]

A-A-1249 Paper, Wrapping, Tissue (inactive for new design and is no longer used, except for replacement purposes)

A-A-1671 Tape, Gummed (Paper, Reinforced, Asphalt Laminated)

A-A-55057 Panels, Wood/Wood-Based; Construction and Decorative

PPP-B-566 Box, Folding, Paperboard

PPP-C-96 Can, Metal, 28 Gage and Lighter

PPP-D-705 Drum, Shipping and Storage: Steel 16 and 30 Gallon Capacity

[1] These practices are under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee B07 on Light Metals and Alloys and are the direct responsibilities of Subcommittee B07.03 on Aluminum Alloy Wrought Products.

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[2] For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

[3] Available from American National Standards Institute (ANSI), 25 W. 43rd St., 4th Floor, New York, NY 10036, http://www.ansi.org.

[4] Available from DLA Document Services, Building 4/D, 700 Robbins Ave., Philadelphia, PA 19111-5094, http://quicksearch.dla.mil.

*A Summary of Changes section appears at the end of this standard

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PPP-D-723 Drum, Fiber (inactive for new design)
PPP-D-729 Drum, Shipping and Storage: Steel, 55 Gallon
PPP-P-704 Pails, Metal: (Shipping, Steel, 1 through 12, Gallons)
PPP-T-495 Tubes, Mailing, and Filing (inactive for new design and is no longer used, except for replacement purposes)

2.4 *Federal Standards:*[4]

APA-PS1 U.S. Product Standard (For Construction and Industrial Plywood)
MIL-STD-3010 Test Procedures for Packaging Materials

2.5 *Military Specifications:*[4]

MIL-C-11796 Corrosion Preventive Compound, Petrolatum, Hot Application (inactive for new design and is no longer used, except for replacement purposes)
MIL-DTL-17667 Paper, Wrapping, Chemically Neutral (Non-Corrosive)
MIL-PRF-121 Barrier Materials, Greaseproof, Waterproof, Flexible, Heat-Sealable
MIL-PRF-16173 Corrosion Preventive Compound, Solvent Cutback, Cold Application
MIL-PRF-32033 Lubricating Oil, General Purpose, Preservative (Water Displacing, Low Temperature)
MIL-PRF-7870 Lubricating Oil: General Purpose, Low Temperature

2.6 *Military Standard:*[4]

MIL-STD-129 Marking for Shipment and Storage

2.7 *Aluminum Association Standards:*[5]

Aluminum Standards and Data-Protective Oil for Aluminum

## 3. Terminology

3.1 *Definitions:*

3.1.1 *corner protector, n*—protective material placed under ties to protect edges of a package.

3.1.2 *deckboard, n*—piece of lumber at right angles to stringers or skids of a pallet to form a bearing surface.

3.1.3 *filler, n*—piece of material placed in a package to fill void space for the purpose of squaring out the contents.

3.1.4 *framing member, n*—parts forming the main structure of a crate.

3.1.5 *gross weight, n*—bare item weight and the weight of all packaging and packing materials.

3.1.6 *header, n*—member of skid-type base used to join the ends of two or more skids and provide added strength to the base.

3.1.7 *interleaving, n*—placement of a sheet of protective material between two adjacent pieces of metal.

3.1.8 *net weight, n*—bare item weight.

3.1.9 *nominal, adj*—referring to lumber size, rough sawn commercial size of soft wood lumber common to the industry.

3.1.10 *splice, v*—to unite or join the ends of material such as lumber, plywood, or paper overlaid veneer.

3.1.11 *tension tied, v*—securement applied with mechanical tools.

## 4. Classification

4.1 *Levels of Protection*—The following levels of protection apply equally to preservation and packing:

4.1.1 *Level A*—The degree required for protection against the most severe conditions known or anticipated to be encountered during shipment, multiple rough handling, and in transit storage.

4.1.2 *Commercial Packaging*—The degree required for protection of material during shipment from supplier to user for immediate use or limited storage in a dry, heated storage facility. The methods and materials employed by the supplier to satisfy the requirements of the commercial distribution system to provide protection against corrosion, deterioration, and damage during shipment to a user may be used.

## 5. General Requirements

5.1 *Materials, Methods, and Containers*—Materials, methods, and containers shall conform to the requirements of this standard. Those exceeding the requirements may be substituted as negotiated by purchaser and producer or supplier.

5.1.1 Materials not covered by applicable specifications or not specifically described herein shall be of high quality and shall be compatible with and protect the contents.

5.1.2 *Splicing Requirement*—When container members must be spliced to obtain the required length or width, the adjacent edges of the two pieces being spliced shall be butt-jointed as specified in 5.1.2.1 and each piece fastened to the splice board. The fastening shall conform to the requirements specified for construction of the panels being spliced. Nails must be clinched.

5.1.2.1 Splice boards shall be applied to extend on each side of the joint at least two times the width of and the same thickness as the box boards.

5.1.3 The inside dimensions of boxes shall be commensurate with the size of the item.

5.2 *Internal Packaging Materials:*

5.2.1 *Material Compatibility*—Internal packaging materials shall not adversely affect the contents.

5.2.2 *Blocking and Bracing*—Articles not completely filling the shipping container shall be blocked, braced, fastened, or otherwise secured. Articles having projecting parts that may be broken or may puncture the container shall be rigidly supported, suspended, or otherwise protected. Clearance of at least 1 in. (25.4 mm) shall be provided between projecting parts and the adjacent inside face of the container. Blocking and bracing shall be prevented from coming in direct contact with any unprotected surface of the item by use of suitable cushioning material.

5.3 *Handling:*

5.3.1 *General*—Containers and pallets in their shipping configuration shall be provided with lifting and hoisting provisions commensurate with their weight, size, and intended mode of transportation to ensure safe and efficient movement.

[5] Available from Aluminum Association, 1400 Crystal Dr., Suite 430, Arlington, VA 22202, http://www.aluminum.org.

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5.3.2 *Hoisting*—Convenient means shall be provided on all shipping containers (except Figs. S1.1-S1.4) and pallets weighing more than 200 lb (90.72 kg) gross which will permit hoisting by attaching suitable slings at the bottom of the containers and pallets.

5.3.3 *Forklift Truck Compatibility*—Unless otherwise specified herein and except Figs. S1.1-S1.4, boxes, containers, and pallets grossing over 200 lb (90.72 kg) must be capable of being handled from at least two sides by forklift trucks. For DOD use, standard 40 by 48 in. (1016 by 1219.2 mm) pallets must have four-way forklift entry. Openings shall be a minimum of 3 in. (76.2 mm) high and at least 20 in. (508 mm) apart inside-to-inside, symmetrically about the center of balance. Containers may have a single opening 40 in. (1016 mm) wide or more to provide forklift access.

## 6. Detailed Requirements

6.1 *Packaging Preservation*—Packaging shall be Level A, or commercial preservation as follows:

6.1.1 *Level A*—Detailed requirements for packaging (preservation) of aluminum and magnesium products are listed alphabetically by product in Table 1. When Level A is specified, items shall be preserved in accordance with the detailed requirements outlined herein.

**TABLE 1 Packaging (Preservation) and Packing for Level A (Note—For Commercial Packaging, See Section 8)**

| Product | Preservation (6.1.1) | Packing (Section 7) for Barrier, see Table 4 | Maximum[A] Net Weight Per Container, lb (kg) (7.16) |
|---|---|---|---|
| Bar, rod and wire (cold-finished, drawn, extruded, rolled, and forged): | | | |
| Coiled, bare | AL-oiled, Mg-Chrome pickled (6.1.1.1-6.1.1.3) | Wrapped coils (Fig. 19). Wrap with one layer of Type IIB barrier. | 120 (54.43) |
| Coiled, covered | none required | Wrapped coils (Fig. 19). Wrap with one layer of Type IIB barrier. | 120 (54.43) |
| Spooled for military requirements: 5, 10, 15, 20, 30, lb (2.27 kg, 4.54 kg, 6.80 kg, 9.07 kg, 13.61 kg) per spool (other: standard commercial weights) | none required | Wooden boxes (Figs. 1-4). Boxes shall be case-lined with one layer of Type IIA barrier or two layers of Type III barrier. | 300 (136.08) |
| Straight lengths | AL-oiled, Mg-Chrome pickled (6.1.1.1-6.1.1.3) | Wooden boxes (Figs. 5-7). Boxes shall be case-lined with one layer of Type IIA barrier or two layers of Type III barrier. | 1000[B] (453.59) |
| | | or | |
| | | Corrugated fiberboard boxes, Class weather-resistant (S5.1) | 300 (136.08) |
| | | or | |
| | | Fiber-drums (7.14) | 200 (90.72) |
| Blooms and billets | See ingot | ... | |
| Bus conductors (cold-finished, drawn, extruded and rolled) | See bar, straight lengths | ... | |
| Cable (bare and covered): | | | |
| Size 1/0 and smaller | none required | Wrapped coils (Fig. 19). Wrap with one layer of Type IIB barrier. | (bare) 250 (113.40) (covered) 200 (90.72) |
| | | or | |
| | | Reel (Fig. 23). | (bare) 1250 (566.99) (covered) 1000 (453.59) |
| Size larger than 1/0 | none required | Reel (Fig. 23). | (bare) 1600 (725.75) (covered) 1300 (589.67) |
| Casting and forgings, finished. | none required | Wooden boxes (Figs. 1-4) or Style 1 Crate Fig. 16). Boxes and crates shall be case lined with one layer of Type IIA barrier or two layers of Type III barrier. | 2000 (907.18) |
| Castings and forgings, rough | none required | Bare bundles (Fig. 20). | 1000 (453.59) |
| Conduit | See ANSI schedule pipe. | ... | |

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**TABLE 1** *Continued*

| Product | Preservation (6.1.1) | Packing (Section 7) for Barrier, see Table 4 | Maximum[A] Net Weight Per Container, lb (kg) (7.16) |
|---|---|---|---|
| Extruded profiles (metal less than 1 lb per linear foot)[C] | AL-oiled, Mg-Chrome-pickled (6.1.1.1-6.1.1.3) | Wooden boxes (Fig. 5-7). Boxes shall be case lined with one layer of Type IIA barrier<br>or<br>Corrugated fiberboard boxes, Class weather-resistant (S5.1) | 2000 (907.18)<br><br>300 (136.08) |
| Fittings (pipe and conduit) | AL-oiled, Mg-Chrome-pickled (6.1.1.1-6.1.1.3)<br><br>External threads shall be covered with suitable thread protectors. | Wooden boxes (Figs. 1-4) or Style 1 crate (Fig. 16) dependent upon size of fittings.<br>Boxes and crates shall be case lined with one layer Type IIA barrier. | 100 (45.36) |
| Foil:[D,E,H] | | | |
| Coiled | Foil shall be wound on aluminum fiber or steel cores. End of coil shall be secured with pressure sensitive tape. Sheared edges shall be protected from flanges and adjacent coils with suitable edge protectors. Each coil, or coils (see 7.10) shall be wrapped with aluminum 0.001 in. (0.0254 mm) thick aluminum foil.<br>or<br>Foil wrap shall be a conformable wrap completely enclosing the coil or coils and edge protectors on each core or dowel (Fig. 24). | Wooden boxes (Figs. 1-4). Coils shall be suspended by extended cores or wood dowels through the core. Core extension or dowel shall be inserted in wood flanges so that periphery of coil does not contact inner surface of box (Fig. 24). Minimum flange thickness shall be as specified in 7.10.<br>or<br>Corrugated fiberboard boxes, Class weather-resistant (S5.1) suspended as above. | 500 (226.80)<br><br>300 (136.08) |
| Flat | none required | Wooden boxes (Figs. 1-4). Contents shall be wrapped with one separate layer of Type IIA barrier.<br>or<br>Corrugated fiberboard boxes, Class weather-resistant (S5.1) | 500 (226.80)<br><br>300 (136.08) |
| Forgings | See castings | ... | |
| Forging stock | See bar | ... | |
| Impact extrusions | none required | Wooden boxes (Figs. 1-4). Boxes shall be lined with one layer of Type IIA barrier.<br>or<br>Corrugated fiberboard boxes, Class weather-resistant (S5.1) | 700 (317.51)<br><br>300 (136.08) |
| Ingots: | | | |
| 500 lb (226.80 kg) per piece and over | none required | Loose | ... |
| 30–500 lb (13.61-226.80 kg) per piece | none required | Bare bundles (Fig. 22). Size of bundle straps shall be as shown in Table 7. A minimum of two straps shall be used per bundle. | 3500 (1587.57) |
| Less than 30 lb (13.61 kg) per piece | none required | Pallets (Fig. 21). Size pallet straps shall be as shown in Table 7.<br>or<br>Self-palletized bundle. Interlocking ingots that are self-palletized may be shipped in strapped bundles not over 42 in. (1066.8 mm) high. Bundle shall be strapped with a minimum of one ¾-in. (19.05 mm) steel strap. | 2500 (1133.98)<br><br>1500 (680.39) |



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**TABLE 1** *Continued*

| Product | Preservation (6.1.1) | Packing (Section 7) for Barrier, see Table 4 | Maximum[A] Net Weight Per Container, lb (kg) (7.16) |
|---|---|---|---|
| Grained and granulated ingot and shot | Product to be packed in wood boxes (Figs. 1-4), shall be packaged in Federal Specification PPP-B-566, boxes, folding, paperboard. | Wooden boxes (Figs. 1-4) | 500 (226.80) |
| | | or | |
| | | Federal Specification PPP-P-704 Steel Pails (7.12). Pails shall not be overpacked. | 70 (31.75) |
| | | or | |
| | | Federal Specification PPP-D-705 and PPP-D-729 Steel Drums (7.13). Drums shall not be overpacked. | 650 (294.84) |
| | | or | |
| | | Federal Specification PPP-D-723 Fiber Drums (7.15). Drums shall not be overpacked. | 550 (249.48) |
| Paste and powder | Product to be packed in wooden boxes (Figs. 1-4) shall be packaged in 1 (0.45), 2 (0.91), or 10 (4.54) lb (kg) friction top can in accordance with Federal Specification PPP-C-96, Type V, Class 2. | Wooden boxes (Figs. 1-4). | 50 (22.68) |
| | | or | |
| | | Federal Specification PPP-D-705 or PPP-D-729 Steel Drums (7.13). Drums shall not be overpacked. | 600 (272.16) |
| Plate:[F] | | | |
| Flat and tapered | Al see Table 2, Mg see Table 3. | Pallets (Figs. 9-12) with pallet enclosures (Fig. 13, Fig. 14, and Fig. 15). Contents shall be wrapped with one layer of Type IIA barrier or two layers of Type III barrier. | 4000 (1814.37) |
| Circles | Al see Table 2, Mg see Table 3. | Pallets (Figs. 9-12) with pallet enclosures (Fig. 13, Fig. 14, and Fig. 15). Contents shall be wrapped with one layer of Type IIA barrier or two layers of Type III barrier. | 4000 (1814.37) |
| Floor and tread Plate and abrasive Tread plate | none required | Pallets (Figs. 9-12). Secure contents to pallet with minimum two lengthwise and two girthwise straps, size 1¼ by 0.031 in. (31.75 mm by 0.787 mm) | 10 000 (4535.92) |
| Screw machine stock | See bar | ... | |
| Sheet:[G,H] | | | |
| Flat and tapered | | | |
| 90 lb (40.82 kg) per piece or less or 15 ft (4.572 m) in length or less | Al see Table 2, Mg see Table 3. | Pallet enclosure (Fig. 15) | 4000 (1814.37) |
| | | Contents of box shall be wrapped with two layers of Type IIA barrier or one layer of Type IIA barrier and one layer of Type III barrier. | (Not to exceed 200 sheets) |
| Over 90 lb (40.82 kg) per piece or over 15 ft (4.572 m) in length | Al see Table 2, Mg see Table 3. | Pallets (Figs. 9-12) with pallet enclosures (Fig. 13 and Fig. 14). Contents shall be wrapped with two layers of Type IIA barrier. | 4000 (1814.37) |
| Coiled | Al-coiled, Mg-Chrome-pickled (6.1.1.1-6.1.1.3) | Pallets (Figs. 9-12) with pallet enclosure (Fig. 14). Contents shall be wrapped with one layer of Type IIA barrier or two layers of Type III barrier. | 4000 (1814.37) |
| Roofing and siding | none required | Pallets (Figs. 9-12) with pallet enclosures (Fig. 13 and Fig. 14). Contents shall be wrapped with one layer of Type IIA barrier. | 4000 (1814.37) |
| Structural profiles (extruded and rolled):[G] | | | |



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**TABLE 1** *Continued*

| Product | Preservation (6.1.1) | Packing (Section 7) for Barrier, see Table 4 | Maximum[A] Net Weight Per Container, lb (kg) (7.16) |
|---|---|---|---|
| Less than 150 lb (68.04 kg) per piece | Al-none required. Mg-Chrome-pickled. | Wooden boxes (Figs. 5-7). Boxes shall be case lined with one layer of Type IIA barrier or two layers of Type III barrier. | 1000 (453.59) |
| | | or | |
| | | Corrugated fiberboard boxes, Class weather-resistant (S5.1) | 300 (136.08) |
| 150 lb (68.04 kg) per piece and over | Al-none required. Mg-Chrome-pickled. | Loose | ... |
| Tubular products (drawn, extruded, and welded): | | | |
| Coiled | Al-oiled, Mg-oiled (6.1.1.1-6.1.1.3). Stagger wound coils shall be tied through the core in two places with twine or pressure sensitive tape. Pancake or level layer would coils shall not be tied. | Style 1 crates (Fig. 16). Crates shall be case lined with one layer of Type IIA barrier. | 700 (317.51) |
| Straight lengths | Al-oiled, Mg-Chrome-pickled (6.1.1.1-6.1.1.3 ). When the wall thickness of tube is less than 2½ % of the outside diameter, boxes shall be lined with suitable cushioning material. | Wooden boxes (Figs. 5-7). Boxes shall be case lined with one layer of Type IIA barrier, | 300 (136.08) |
| | | or | |
| | | Corrugated fiberboard boxes Class weather-resistant (S5.1). | |
| | | or | |
| | | Fiber tubes (7.16). | 200 (90.72) |
| ANSI schedule pipe | Al-no preservative required. Mg-Chrome pickled (6.1.1.1-6.1.1.3). External threads shall be covered with suitable protectors. | Wooden boxes (Figs. 5-7). Boxes shall be case lined with one layer of Type IIA barrier or two layers of Type III barrier. | 800 (362.87) |
| | | or | |
| | | Style 2 and 3 crates (Fig. 17 and 18). Crates shall be case lined with one layer of Type IIA barrier. | 4000 (1814.37) |
| | | or | |
| | | Fiber tubes (7.16). | 200 (90.72) |
| Construction pipe | Al-no preservative required. Mg-Chrome pickled (6.1.1.1-6.1.1.3). | Same as for ANSI scheduled pipe above. | See Packing |
| Welding and brazing rod | | | |
| Coiled | none required | Wrapped coils (Fig. 19). Wrap with one layer of Type IIA barrier or two layers of Type III barrier. | 120 (54.43) |
| Straight lengths, 36 in. (914.4 mm) | Package 5 lb (2.27 kg) per fiber tube with metal ends or 10 lb (4.54 kg) per fiberboard carton. 10 fiber tubes or 8 cartons shall be overpacked in a weather-resistant fiberboard carton in accordance with Practice D1974. All corners and seams of boxes, including manufacturer's joint, shall be sealed with Specification D5486/D5486M, Type III or IV, Class 1, minimum 2 in. (50.8 mm) wide tape. | Wooden boxes (Figs. 1-4). Fiberboard boxes shall be overpacked in wooden boxes. | 1000 (453.59) |



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**TABLE 1** *Continued*

| Product | Preservation (6.1.1) | Packing (Section 7) for Barrier, see Table 4 | Maximum[A] Net Weight Per Container, lb (kg) (7.16) |
|---|---|---|---|
| Inert gas welding electrode | 1, 5, 10, 12½, 15, or 30 lb (0.45 kg, 2.27 kg, 4.54 kg, 5.67 kg, 6.80 kg, or 13.61 kg) spools. Individual spools shall be adequately protected by application of moisture-resistant barrier and packaged single or in multiple in fiberboard boxes Practice D1974, Type CF, Class weather-resistant. | Fiberboard boxes in accordance with Practice D1974, Type CF, Class weather-resistant, Grade V3c. All corners and seams of boxes, including manufacturer's joint, shall be sealed with Specification D5486/D5486M, Type III or IV, Class 1, minimum 2 in. (50.8 mm) wide tape. Three ⅝ by 0.015 in. (15.88 by 0.381 mm) flat steel straps, one lengthwise and two girthwise, shall be applied to each box. Maximum gross weight and dimensions of the box specification shall not be exceeded. | See Packing |
| | | or | |
| | | Wooden boxes (Figs. 1-4). Intermediate fiberboard boxes overpacked in wooden boxes, shall be closed in accordance with the closure method prescribed above for the fiberboard shipping in wooden containers. | 1000 (453.59) |

[A] Maximum weights specified in this table are for shipments to DOD only.
[B] Weight may be increased to 2000 lb (907.18 kg) for large quantities for manufacturing when specified in the contract or order.
[C] For metal weighing 1 lb (0.45 kg)/linear foot or more, see structural profiles.
[D] Foil is sheet metal less than 0.0079 in. (0.200 mm) thick.
[E] Foil for food handling applications shall be preserved and packed as specified in the contract or order.
[F] Classification of sheet and plate: Sheet is 0.006 through 0.249 in. (0.152 through 6.32 mm) thick; plate is 0.250 in. (6.35 mm) and thicker.
[G] For metal weighing less than 1 lb (0.45 kg)/linear foot, see extruded profiles.
[H] There is an overlap in the thickness range 0.006 to 0.0079 in. defined for foil and sheet. Sheet products in this thickness range are supplied to sheet product specifications and foil products in this thickness range are supplied to foil product specifications.

6.1.1.1 *Cleanliness*—Surfaces shall be commercially clean, and free from loose mill scale, dirt, foreign matter, or corrosion. The presence of residual rolling oil shall not be considered foreign matter.

6.1.1.2 *Preservatives*—Oil used for preservation of aluminum products shall conform to the requirements of Aluminum Standards and Data-Protective Oil for Aluminum, MIL-PRF-32033 or MIL-PRF-7870. Oil used for preservation of magnesium products shall conform to the requirements of MIL-PRF-16173, Grade 2, or MIL-C-11796, Class 3. Chrome pickle treatment of magnesium products shall conform to the requirements of Practices D1732.

6.1.1.3 *Application of Preservative Coating*—The application of corrosion-preventive material demands careful attention; compounds shall not be applied to surfaces that show signs of moisture, condensation, frost, dirt, or other contaminants. The maximum corrosion resistance is obtained only by a thorough coating of a contaminant-free surface. It is essential that articles treated are not unduly handled until film is set. Application may be by dipping, brushing, rolling, spraying, or flowing onto the surface.

6.1.1.4 *Interleaving*—The interleaving paper shall fully cover the metal; for manual application, paper shall extend 1 in. (25.4 mm) beyond sides and ends, for machine application, paper may be same size as the metal provided the metal is fully covered.

6.1.1.5 *Wraps*—Application of wraps shall be in accordance with Table 1. Products may be machine-wrapped or hand-wrapped.

6.1.2 *Commercial Preservation*—When commercial preservation is specified, items will be given the degree of protection normally employed by the supplier against corrosion, deterioration, and damage during shipment.

6.2 *Material Requirements:*

6.2.1 *Fiberboard*—Fiberboard for boxes and liners shall conform to the requirements of Specification D4727/D4727M, class weather-resistant or as agreed upon between producer and purchaser.

6.2.2 *Paper and Barrier Material*—Paper and barrier material shall conform to the requirements of Table 4.

6.2.3 *Wood*—The species of wood indicated in Table 5 and classified into groups as shown shall be used. The groups are set up to include, in any one group, species of woods that have approximately similar characteristics important to box design. These characteristics include density, flexural and compressive strength, stiffness, shock absorption, and nailholding power. When any species of wood is specified, any one or more species in the same group may be used. Groups I and II may be interchanged. Groups III and IV may be interchanged.

6.2.4 *Lumber*—All lumber dimensions used in these practices are nominal sizes except where minimum sizes are specified. At least one surface, which is to be placed on the outside of boxes, crates, or pallet closures, shall be sufficiently smooth to permit legible marking, stenciling, or printing. Pieces shall be cut true to length. The boards shall be free of defects that materially weaken them, expose the contents of the box to damage, or interfere with the prescribed fabrication or nailing.

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**TABLE 2 Preservation of Aluminum Sheet and Plate (See Table 1)**

| Product | Preservation[A,B] |
|---|---|
| Abrasive tread plate | None required |
| Flat and tapered sheet and plate, and all circles: | |
| Clad, all alloys: | |
| Circles less than 12 in. (304.88 mm) in diameter | None required |
| Flat, tapered and circles 12 in. (304.88 mm) in diameter and over | Interleaved |
| Nonclad: | |
| Circles less than 12 in. (304.88 mm) in diameter | None required |
| Flat, tapered and circles 12 in. (304.88 mm) in diameter and over | None required |
| Heat-treatable alloys, all tempers[B] | Oiled (6.1.1.1 – 6.1.1.3)[C] |
| Non-heat-treatable alloys:[B] | Oiled (6.1.1.1 – 6.1.1.3)[C] |
| Annealed | Interleaved (6.1.1.4) |
| Other than annealed: | |
| 0.060 in. (1.524 mm) thick and over | Interleaved (6.1.1.4) |
| Less than 0.060 in. (1.524 mm) thick | Oiled (6.1.1.1 – 6.1.1.3)[C] |
| Painted, chemical conversion coated, and anodized sheet and plate | Interleaved (6.1.1.4) |
| Floor and tread plate | None required |
| Coiled sheet | Oiled (6.1.1.1 – 6.1.1.3)[C] |
| Perforated sheet | Oiled (6.1.1.1 – 6.1.1.3)[C] |
| Roofing and siding sheet | None required |

[A] Interleaving paper shall be Type 1 paper (Table 4). For metal 0.090 in. (2.29 mm) thick and less interleaving paper shall be minimum 10-lb basis weight; for metal over 0.090 in. (2.29 mm) thick interleaving paper shall be minimum 15-lb basis weight.
[B] Heat-treatable alloys are the 2000, 6000, and 7000 groups. Non-heat- treatable alloys are the 1000, 3000, and 5000 groups.
[C] For other than DOD requirements, oil at mill option.

**TABLE 3 Preservation of Magnesium Sheet and Plate (See Table 1)**

| Product | Preservation[A,B] |
|---|---|
| Flat sheet and plate: | |
| Less than 0.005 in. (0.127 mm) thick | Oiled (6.1.1.1 – 6.1.1.3) or Oiled and interleaved (6.1.1.1 – 6.1.1.4) or Chrome-pickled and interleaved |
| 0.005 in. (0.127 mm) and thicker | None or Oiled (6.1.1.1 – 6.1.1.3 |

[A] Interleaving paper shall be as specified for aluminum sheet and plate (Table 2 Footnote *A*).
[B] Preservation desired must be as specified in the contract or order.

6.2.5 *Plywood*—Unless otherwise specified, plywood used to fabricate cleated panels shall conform to Federal Specification Product Standard APA-PS1 and Federal Specification A-A-55057, standard interior (Grade C-D) with exterior glue.

6.2.6 *Hardboard*—Unless otherwise specified, hardboard shall be in accordance with ANSI/AHA A135.4. When appropriate, hardboard or other composite boards may be used in lieu of plywood for panel stock provided that they are weather resistant and are so sized that they will perform to the same level as plywood.

6.2.7 *Nails and Staples*—Nails and staples shall conform to Specification F1667 or equivalent. All unclinched nails shall be cement-coated or chemically etched, except for Style 18 (spiral-shanked) and ring-shanked nails which are also acceptable.

6.2.8 *Strapping*—Flat steel strapping shall conform to Specification D3953, Type 1, Finish A. Equivalent nonmetallic strapping conforming to Specification D3950 may be used when comparable strength requirements are satisfied.

6.2.9 *Tapes*—Tapes shall conform to the requirements of Federal Specifications A-A-1671 or Specification D5486/D5486M as applicable.

6.3 *Packing*—Packing shall be Level A or commercial packing in accordance with Sections 7 and 8.

NOTE 1—Only one type, class, or size of material shall be packed in a single container.

## 7. Level A Packing

7.1 *General*—When Level A is specified in the contract or order, items shall be packed in accordance with the requirements in Table 1. When Table 1 provides a choice of several containers for a particular product, any one of the containers may be selected for use, unless specifically prohibited by the contract or order. This section provides requirements applicable to packing procedures and construction details for containers and methods not covered by specification reference.

7.2 *Boxes (Figs. 1-7)*—When required by Table 1, boxes shall be constructed as follows:

7.2.1 *Top and Bottom Panels*—Top and bottom panels shall consist of a complete covering of lumber. Panels for boxes, Figs. 1-5, shall be without cleats. Panels for boxes, Fig. 6 and Fig. 7, shall be with cleats. Thickness of panels shall be in accordance with Table 6.

7.2.2 *Side and End Panels*—Side and end panels shall consist of a complete covering of lumber, unless otherwise specified. Thickness and panels shall be in accordance with Table 6.

7.2.2.1 Panels for boxes, Fig. 1 and Fig. 5, 11½ in. (292.1 mm) or less in depth and not more than 16 ft (4.88 m) long shall be of one-piece construction and without cleats, except that end panels may be two-piece, cross-grain-laminated to obtain the required thickness. Side panels more than 16 ft (4.88 m) long may be of two-piece butt joint and splice construction (5.1.2) without cleats.

7.2.2.2 Panels for boxes, Figs. 2-4 and Figs. 6 and 7, more than 11½ in. (292.1 mm) in depth shall be with cleats, except for side panels for boxes, Figs. 2-4.

7.2.3 *Cleats*—When required by 7.3.2.1 and 7.3.2.2 cleats shall be in accordance with Table 6. Cleats shall be nailed or stapled.

7.2.3.1 *Positioning of Cleats*—Cleats for end panels, Fig. 2 and Fig. 4, shall be placed across the grain of the panel board coverings and extend to within ⅛ in. (3.175 mm) of the inside surface of the top and bottom panels when the containers are

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