

American Water Works Association

ANSI/AWWA C208-01

(Revision of ANSI/AWWA C208-96)



AWWA STANDARD
FOR
**DIMENSIONS FOR FABRICATED
STEEL WATER PIPE FITTINGS**



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AMERICAN WATER WORKS ASSOCIATION

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Foreword

This foreword is for information only and is not a part of AWWA C208.

I. Introduction.

I.A. Background. Steel pipe has been used for waterlines in the United States since the 1850s. With the development of the Bessemer process in 1855 and the open hearth process in 1861, steel, the strongest and most versatile refinement of iron, became available for water pipe.

Available records disclose installations of steel water pipe as early as 1858. The pipe was first manufactured by rolling steel sheets or plates into shape and riveting the seams. This method of fabrication continued with improvements into the 1930s. In 1905, lock-bar pipe was introduced and, by 1930, had nearly supplanted riveted pipe. By the early 1930s, both riveted and lock-bar methods were gradually phased out and welding dominated the pipe-making process. As welding became more universal in pipeline construction and manufacturing, varying steel shapes able to accommodate pipeline hydraulics and locations became more prevalent. Over the years, rigid specifications have been developed and new product developments and improvements in manufacturing techniques and processes have been established to ensure the purchaser a product of high standards.

I.B. History. This standard was first proposed in 1955 to provide standard dimensions for steel water pipe fittings. It was approved as a “tentative” standard on July 14, 1955. Revisions in the text were approved on Dec. 31, 1957, and were incorporated in the fourth and later printings. The revisions consisted of the addition of an explanatory paragraph, changes in the table for fittings for service in transmission and distribution mains, and clarification of the figures detailing the various fittings. The standard was approved without further revision on Jan. 26, 1959.

Revisions to the text were approved on June 21, 1983, and incorporated in the sixth and later printings. These revisions include the following:

1. Addition of a foreword to provide the history of a standard and major revisions.
2. Revision of Table 1, deleting 4-in. pipe size and extending pipe sizes to 144 in.
3. Revision of Table 2.

4. Expansion of Figure 3 to include sizes to 144 in.
5. Deletion of Table 4.
6. Deletion of alternate Table 3.
7. Deletion of Table 5.
8. Addition of reducing tees and deletion of smooth 90° elbow category from Figure 1 and Table 1.

The information in Table 1 was changed from a tabular format to a formula format in order to ascertain dimensions for tees, crosses, wyes, laterals, and reducers. A factor, f , was introduced in the new Table 1 to facilitate the use of formulas for computing fitting dimensions and provided formulas for elbow layout to facilitate the design of elbows not tabulated.

Addendum C208-84 was approved on June 4, 1984. The addendum added a note of caution to Tables 2A through 2D concerning hoop tension concentration in elbows with a radius of less than 2.5D. ANSI/AWWA C208-83, including C208-84, was reaffirmed without revision on June 18, 1989. ANSI/AWWA C208-96 was approved by the Board of Directors on June 23, 1996. The major revision was to clarify that the standard is a dimensional guide only and that design of fittings should be in accordance with applicable sections of AWWA Manual M11. Table 2 was deleted from the standard. ANSI/AWWA C208-01 was approved by the Board of Directors on June 17, 2001.

I.C. Acceptance. This standard has no applicable information for this section.

II. Special Issues. This standard has no applicable information for this section.

III. Use of This Standard. AWWA has no responsibility for the suitability or compatibility of the provisions of this standard to any intended application by any user. Accordingly, each user of this standard is responsible for determining that the standard's provisions are suitable for and compatible with that user's intended application.

III.A. Purchaser Options and Alternatives. The following items should be covered in the purchaser's specifications:

1. Standard used—that is, ANSI/AWWA C208, Standard for Dimensions for Fabricated Steel Water Pipe Fittings, of latest revision.
2. Type of fitting required (i.e., elbow, tee, reducer, wye, lateral, etc.).
3. Radius of elbows (i.e., 1D, 1.5D, 2.5D, or other).
4. Number of pieces or segments for elbows.

5. Design pressure and specifications for pipe to which the steel fitting will connect (i.e., ANSI/AWWA C200, AWWA M11).

6. Type of end connection required (i.e., plain, beveled end for field butt welding, bell or spigot for field lap welding, bell or spigot O-ring, and flanged or mechanical coupling).

7. Submittal of shop detail and assembly drawings.

8. Special handling, inspection, or testing requirements.

9. Lining and coating required.

III.B. *Modification to Standard.* Any modification to the provisions, definitions, or terminology in this standard must be provided in the purchaser's specifications.

IV. Major Revisions. Major revisions made to this standard in this edition include the following:

1. Sec. 4.1.2, definitions for α and θ have been modified.

2. Sec. 4.1.9, a minor text change has been made.

3. Sec. 4.1.11.1, a change has been made to elbows used in plant applications.

4. Sec. 4.1.11.3, a change has been made to T in table for $R=1.50$, and changed "cuts" to "welds" in note.

V. Comments. If you have any comments or questions about this standard, please call the AWWA Volunteer and Technical Support Group, (303) 794-7711 ext. 6283, FAX (303) 795-7603, or write to the group at 6666 W. Quincy Ave., Denver, Colorado 80235.