



BSI Standards Publication

Optical fibre cables

Part 1-22: Generic specification – Basic optical cable test procedures
– Environmental test methods (IEC 60794-1-22:2017)

National foreword

This British Standard is the UK implementation of EN IEC 60794-1-22:2018. It is identical to IEC 60794-1-22:2017. It supersedes BS EN 60794-1-22:2012, which is withdrawn.

The UK participation in its preparation was entrusted to Technical Committee GEL/86/1, Optical fibres and cables.

A list of organizations represented on this committee can be obtained on request to its secretary.

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English Version

Optical fibre cables - Part 1-22: Generic specification - Basic
optical cable test procedures - Environmental test methods
(IEC 60794-1-22:2017)

Câbles à fibres optiques - Partie 1-22 : Spécification
générique - Procédures fondamentales d'essais des câbles
optiques - Méthodes d'essai d'environnement
(IEC 60794-1-22:2017)

Lichtwellenleiterkabel - Teil 1-22: Fachgrundspezifikation -
Grundlegende Prüfverfahren für Lichtwellenleiterkabel -
Prüfverfahren zur Umweltprüfung
(IEC 60794-1-22:2017)

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European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization
Comité Européen de Normalisation Electrotechnique
Europäisches Komitee für Elektrotechnische Normung

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European foreword

The text of document 86A/1813/FDIS, future edition 2 of IEC 60794-1-22, prepared by SC 86A "Fibres and cables" of IEC/TC 86 "Fibre optics" was submitted to the IEC-CENELEC parallel vote and approved by CENELEC as EN IEC 60794-1-22:2018.

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- latest date by which the national (dow) 2020-11-09
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document have to be withdrawn

This document supersedes EN 60794-1-22:2012.

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Endorsement notice

The text of the International Standard IEC 60794-1-22:2017 was approved by CENELEC as a European Standard without any modification.

In the official version, for Bibliography, the following notes have to be added for the standards indicated:

IEC 60794-1-2	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 60794-1-2.
IEC 60794-1-21	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 60794-1-21.
IEC 60794-1-22	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 60794-1-22.
IEC 60794-1-23	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 60794-1-23.
IEC 60794-1-24	NOTE	Harmonized as EN 60794-1-24.

Annex ZA (normative)

Normative references to international publications with their corresponding European publications

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

NOTE 1 Where an International Publication has been modified by common modifications, indicated by (mod), the relevant EN/HD applies.

NOTE 2 Up-to-date information on the latest versions of the European Standards listed in this annex is available here: www.cenelec.eu.

Publication	Year	Title	EN/HD	Year
IEC 60068-2-14	2009	Environmental testing -- Part 2-14: Tests - Test N: Change of temperature	EN 60068-2-14	2009
IEC 60304	-	Standard colours for insulation for low-frequency cables and wires	HD 402 S2	-
IEC 60544-1	-	Electrical insulating materials - Determination of the effects of ionizing radiation -- Part 1: Radiation interaction and dosimetry	EN 60544-1	-
IEC 60793-1-40	-	Optical fibres -- Part 1-40: Measurement methods and test procedures - Attenuation	EN 60793-1-40	-
IEC 60793-1-46	-	Optical fibres -- Part 1-46: Measurement methods and test procedures - Monitoring of changes in optical transmittance	EN 60793-1-46	-
IEC 60793-1-54	-	Optical fibres -- Part 1-54: Measurement methods and test procedures - Gamma irradiation	EN 60793-1-54	-
IEC 60794-1-1	-	Optical fibre cables - Part 1-1: Generic specification - General	EN 60794-1-1	-
IEC 60811-503	-	Electric and optical fibre cables - Test methods for non-metallic materials -- Part 503: Mechanical tests - Shrinkage test for sheaths	EN 60811-503	-
ISO 4892-2	-	Plastics - Methods of exposure to laboratory light sources - Part 2: Xenon-arc lamps	EN ISO 4892-2	-
ISO 4892-3	-	Plastics - Methods of exposure to laboratory light sources - Part 3: Fluorescent UV lamps	EN ISO 4892-3	-

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INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

OPTICAL FIBRE CABLES –

**Part 1-22: Generic specification –
Basic optical cable test procedures –
Environmental test methods**

FOREWORD

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International Standard IEC 60794-1-22 has been prepared by subcommittee 86A: Fibres and cables, of IEC technical committee 86: Fibre optics.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition published in 2012. It constitutes a technical revision.

This second edition includes the following significant technical changes with respect to the previous edition:

- a) new test method designation F16 – Compound flow (drip) [E14 in IEC 60794-1-21];
- b) new test method F17 – Cable shrinkage test (fibre protrusion);
- c) new test method F18 – Mid-span temperature cycling test.

NOTE Missing numbers in the test methods sequence are intentional. They can suggest a deleted test method or a test method that was never published.

The text of this International Standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
86A/1813/FDIS	86A/1827/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this International Standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This document has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

A list of all parts in the IEC 60794 series, published under the general title *Optical fibre cables*, can be found on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of this document will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under "<http://webstore.iec.ch>" in the data related to the specific document. At this date, the document will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

A bilingual version of this publication may be issued at a later date.

IMPORTANT – The 'colour inside' logo on the cover page of this publication indicates that it contains colours which are considered to be useful for the correct understanding of its contents. Users should therefore print this document using a colour printer.

INTRODUCTION

IEC 60794-1-2:2003 has been split into five new documents:

- IEC 60794-1-2, *Optical fibre cables – Part 1-2: Generic specification – Basic optical cable test procedures – General guidance*
- IEC 60794-1-21, *Optical fibre cables – Part 1-21: Generic specification – Basic optical cable test procedures – Mechanical tests methods*
- IEC 60794-1-22, *Optical fibre cables – Part 1-22: Generic specification – Basic optical cable test procedures – Environmental tests methods*
- IEC 60794-1-23, *Optical fibre cables – Part 1-23: Generic specification – Basic optical cable test procedures – Cable elements tests methods*
- IEC 60794-1-24, *Optical fibre cables – Part 1-24: Generic specification – Basic optical cable test procedures – Electrical tests methods*

OPTICAL FIBRE CABLES –

Part 1-22: Generic specification – Basic optical cable test procedures – Environmental test methods

1 Scope

This part of IEC 60794 defines test procedures to be used in establishing uniform requirements for the environmental performance of

- optical fibre cables for use with telecommunication equipment and devices employing similar techniques, and
- cables having a combination of both optical fibres and electrical conductors.

Throughout this document, the wording "optical cable" can also include optical fibre units, microduct fibre units, etc.

See IEC 60794-1-2 for a reference guide to test methods of all types and for general requirements and definitions.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60068-2-14:2009, *Environmental testing – Part 2-14: Tests – Test N: Change of temperature*

IEC 60304, *Standard colours for insulation for low-frequency cables and wires*

IEC 60544-1, *Electrical insulating materials – Determination of the effects of ionizing radiation – Part 1: Radiation interaction and dosimetry*

IEC 60793-1-40, *Optical fibres – Part 1-40: Measurement methods and test procedures – Attenuation*

IEC 60793-1-46, *Optical fibres – Part 1-46: Measurement methods and test procedures – Monitoring of changes in optical transmittance*

IEC 60793-1-54, *Optical fibres – Part 1-54: Measurement methods and test procedures – Gamma irradiation*

IEC 60794-1-1, *Optical fibre cables – Part 1-1: Generic specification – General*

IEC 60811-503, *Electric and optical fibre cables – Test methods for non-metallic materials – Part 503: Mechanical tests – Shrinkage test for sheaths*

ISO 4892-2, *Plastics – Methods of exposure to laboratory light sources – Part 2: Xenon-arc lamps*

ISO 4892-3, *Plastics – Methods of exposure to laboratory light sources – Part 3: Fluorescent UV lamps*

3 Terms and definitions

No terms and definitions are listed in this document.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- IEC Electropedia: available at <http://www.electropedia.org/>
- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <http://www.iso.org/obp>

4 Method F1 – Temperature cycling

4.1 Object

This measuring method applies to optical fibre cables, which are tested by temperature cycling in order to determine the stability behaviour of the attenuation of cables submitted to temperature changes. This method can also be used for evaluation of buffer tubes or other elements independent of a cable construction, as defined by a detail specification.

Changes in the attenuation of optical fibre cables, which can occur with changing temperature, are generally the result of buckling or tensioning of the fibres resulting from differences between their thermal expansion coefficient and the coefficients of the cable strength and sheath members. Test conditions for temperature-dependent measurements shall simulate the worst conditions.

This test can be used either for monitoring cable behaviour in the temperature range, which can occur during storage, transportation and usage, or to check, in a selected temperature range (usually wider than that required for the above-mentioned case), the stability behaviour of the attenuation connected to a substantially microbend-free situation of the fibre within the cable structure.

NOTE 1 Method F12 is a specialized subset of this method, specifically addressing cables for use in patch cords.

NOTE 2 The ageing test, F9, uses method F1 as its pre- and post-test temperature cycle. Often these tests are done together.

NOTE 3 The cable shrinkage test, F17, uses method F1 as temperature cycling. These tests can be done together.

4.2 Sample

The sample shall be a factory length or a sample of sufficient length as indicated in the detail specification but, nevertheless, of length appropriate to achieve the desired accuracy of attenuation measurements. The sample is additionally defined as the cable sample as deployed for testing.

In order to gain reproducible values, the cable sample shall be brought into the climatic chamber in a manner such that the deployment does not affect the measurement. Such methods could be a loose coil or on a reel with large diameter coils, cushioned reels with a soft layer or a zero tension facility device.

The ability of the fibre(s) to accommodate differential expansion and contraction (e.g. by slipping within the cable) could be influenced by the bending radius of the cable. Sample conditioning should, therefore, be realized as close as possible to normal usage conditions. The bend diameter of the cable sample shall not violate the minimum bend diameter of the cable, tube or other unit as specified by the detail specification.