



BSI Standards Publication

Industrial networks — Profiles

Part 2-21: Additional real-time fieldbus profiles
based on ISO/IEC/IEEE 8802-3 — CPF 21

National foreword

This British Standard is the UK implementation of EN IEC 61784-2-21:2023. It is identical to IEC 61784-2-21:2023. Together with BS EN IEC 61784-2-14:2023, BS EN IEC 61784-2-0:2023, BS EN IEC 61784-2-6:2023, BS EN IEC 61784-2-11:2023, BS EN IEC 61784-2-16:2023, BS EN IEC 61784-2-3:2023, BS EN IEC 61784-2-12:2023, BS EN IEC 61784-2-17:2023, BS EN IEC 61784-2-4:2023, BS EN IEC 61784-2-19:2023, BS EN IEC 61784-2-10:2023, BS EN IEC 61784-2-13:2023, BS EN IEC 61784-2-2:2023, BS EN IEC 61784-2-15:2023 and BS EN IEC 61784-2-20:2023, it partially supersedes BS EN IEC 61784-2:2019.

The UK participation in its preparation was entrusted to Technical Committee GEL/65, Measurement and control.

A list of organizations represented on this committee can be obtained on request to its committee manager.

Contractual and legal considerations

This publication has been prepared in good faith, however no representation, warranty, assurance or undertaking (express or implied) is or will be made, and no responsibility or liability is or will be accepted by BSI in relation to the adequacy, accuracy, completeness or reasonableness of this publication. All and any such responsibility and liability is expressly disclaimed to the full extent permitted by the law.

This publication is provided as is, and is to be used at the recipient's own risk.

The recipient is advised to consider seeking professional guidance with respect to its use of this publication.

This publication is not intended to constitute a contract. Users are responsible for its correct application.

© The British Standards Institution 2023
Published by BSI Standards Limited 2023

ISBN 978 0 539 13663 0

ICS 35.100.20; 35.240.50

Compliance with a British Standard cannot confer immunity from legal obligations.

This British Standard was published under the authority of the Standards Policy and Strategy Committee on 31 July 2023.

Amendments/corrigenda issued since publication

Date	Text affected
------	---------------

English Version

Industrial networks - Profiles - Part 2-21: Additional real-time
fieldbus profiles based on ISO/IEC/IEEE 8802-3 - CPF 21
(IEC 61784-2-21:2023)

Réseaux industriels - Profils - Partie 2-21: Profils de bus de
terrain supplémentaires pour les réseaux en temps réel
fondés sur l'ISO/IEC/IEEE 8802-3 - CPF 21
(IEC 61784-2-21:2023)

Industrielle Kommunikationsnetze - Profile - Teil 2-21:
Zusätzliche Feldbusprofile für Echtzeitnetzwerke basierend
auf ISO/IEC/IEEE 8802-3 - Kommunikationsprofilfamilie
(CPF) 21
(IEC 61784-2-21:2023)

This European Standard was approved by CENELEC on 2023-06-09. CENELEC members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration.

Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre or to any CENELEC member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CENELEC member into its own language and notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

CENELEC members are the national electrotechnical committees of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, the Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, the Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Republic of North Macedonia, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Türkiye and the United Kingdom.



European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization
Comité Européen de Normalisation Electrotechnique
Europäisches Komitee für Elektrotechnische Normung

CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Rue de la Science 23, B-1040 Brussels

European foreword

The text of document 65C/1209/FDIS, future edition 1 of IEC 61784-2-21, prepared by SC 65C "Industrial networks" of IEC/TC 65 "Industrial-process measurement, control and automation" was submitted to the IEC-CENELEC parallel vote and approved by CENELEC as EN IEC 61784-2-21:2023.

The following dates are fixed:

- latest date by which the document has to be implemented at national (dop) 2024-03-09 level by publication of an identical national standard or by endorsement
- latest date by which the national standards conflicting with the (dow) 2026-06-09 document have to be withdrawn

This document partially supersedes EN IEC 61784-2:2019 and all of its amendments and corrigenda (if any).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CENELEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

Any feedback and questions on this document should be directed to the users' national committee. A complete listing of these bodies can be found on the CENELEC website.

Endorsement notice

The text of the International Standard IEC 61784-2-21:2023 was approved by CENELEC as a European Standard without any modification.

In the official version, for Bibliography, the following notes have to be added for the standard indicated:

IEC 61158-1	NOTE Approved as EN IEC 61158-1
IEC 61158-2	NOTE Approved as EN IEC 61158-2
IEC 61784-1 (series)	NOTE Approved as EN IEC 61784-1 (series)
IEC 61784-1-0	NOTE Approved as EN IEC 61784-1-0
IEC 61784-2 (series)	NOTE Approved as EN IEC 61784-2 (series)

Annex ZA (normative)

Normative references to international publications with their corresponding European publications

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

NOTE 1 Where an International Publication has been modified by common modifications, indicated by (mod), the relevant EN/HD applies.

NOTE 2 Up-to-date information on the latest versions of the European Standards listed in this annex is available here: www.cenelec.eu.

<u>Publication</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>EN/HD</u>	<u>Year</u>
IEC 61158	series	Industrial communication networks - Fieldbus specifications	EN IEC 61158	series
IEC 61158-5-26	2023	Industrial communication networks - Fieldbus specifications - Part 5-26: Application layer service definition - Type 26 elements	EN IEC 61158-5-26	2023
IEC 61158-6-26	2023	Industrial communication networks - Fieldbus specifications - Part 6-26: Application layer protocol specification - Type 26 elements	EN IEC 61158-6-26	2023
IEC 61784-2-0	2023	Industrial networks - Profiles - Part 2-0: Additional real-time fieldbus profiles based on ISO/IEC/IEEE 8802-3 - General concepts and terminology	EN IEC 61784-2-0	2023
IEC 61784-5-21	2018	Industrial communication networks - Profiles - Part 5-21: Installation of fieldbuses - Installation profiles for CPF 21	EN IEC 61784-5-21	2018
IEC 61918	-	Industrial communication networks - Installation of communication networks in industrial premises	EN IEC 61918	-
ISO/IEC/IEEE 8802-3	-	Telecommunications and exchange between information technology systems - Requirements for local and metropolitan area networks - Part 3: Standard for Ethernet	-	-
IEEE Std 802	2014	IEEE Standard for Local and Metropolitan Area Networks: Overview and Architecture	-	-
IEEE Std 802.1AB	2016	IEEE Standard for Local and metropolitan area networks: Station and Media Access Control Connectivity Discovery	-	-
IEEE Std 802.1AS	2020	IEEE Standard for Local and Metropolitan Area Networks - Timing and Synchronization for Time-Sensitive Applications	-	-

<u>Publication</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>EN/HD</u>	<u>Year</u>
IEEE Std 802.1Q	2018	IEEE Standard for Local and Metropolitan Area Networks - Bridges and Bridged Networks	-	-
IETF RFC 768	1980	User Datagram Protocol	-	-
IETF RFC 791	1981	Internet Protocol	-	-
IETF RFC 792	1981	Internet Control Message Protocol	-	-
IETF RFC 793	1981	Transmission Control Protocol	-	-
IETF RFC 796	2081	Address mappings	-	-
IETF RFC 826	1982	Ethernet Address Resolution Protocol: Or Converting Network Protocol Addresses to 48.bit Ethernet Address for Transmission on Ethernet Hardware	-	-
IETF RFC 894	1984	Standard for the Transmission of IP Datagrams over Ethernet Networks	-	-
IETF RFC 919	1984	Broadcasting Internet Datagrams	-	-
IETF RFC 922	1984	Broadcasting Internet Datagrams	-	-
IETF RFC 950	1985	Internet Standard Subnetting Procedure	-	-

CONTENTS

FOREWORD.....	3
INTRODUCTION.....	5
1 Scope.....	6
2 Normative references	6
3 Terms, definitions, abbreviated terms, acronyms, and conventions	7
3.1 Terms and definitions.....	7
3.2 Abbreviated terms and acronyms	8
3.3 Symbols.....	8
3.4 Conventions.....	9
4 CPF 21 (FL-net) – RTE communication profiles	10
4.1 General overview	10
4.2 CP 21/1	10
4.2.1 Physical layer	10
4.2.2 Data-link layer	10
4.2.3 Application layer	13
4.2.4 Performance indicator selection	17
Bibliography.....	25
Figure 1 – Protocol stack for Type 26 fieldbus	11
Table 1 – CPF 21 symbols	9
Table 2 – CPF 21: Overview of profile sets	10
Table 3 – DL-layer protocol / service suite selection	12
Table 4 – Data transmission service selection.....	12
Table 5 – Port number selection	13
Table 6 – IP address selection.....	13
Table 7 – CP 21/1: AL service selection.....	14
Table 8 – Service selection of Subclause 6.5.4 and 6.5.6	15
Table 9 – CP 21/1: AL protocol selection	16
Table 10 – Protocol selection of Subclause 5.2.....	17
Table 11 – CP 21/1: Performance indicator overview	18
Table 12 – CP 21/1: Performance indicator dependency matrix.....	18
Table 13 – CP 21/1: Consistent set of PIs for CM1 and CM2 ($E_{rate} = 100$ Mbit/s)	24
Table 14 – CP 21/1: Consistent set of PIs for CM1, CM2 and CM3 ($E_{rate} = 100$ Mbit/s)	24
Table 15 – CP 21/1: Consistent set of PIs for CM1, CM2 and CM3 ($E_{rate} = 1\,000$ Mbit/s).....	24

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

**INDUSTRIAL NETWORKS –
PROFILES –****Part 2-21: Additional real-time fieldbus profiles
based on ISO/IEC/IEEE 8802-3 –
CPF 21****FOREWORD**

- 1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as "IEC Publication(s)"). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
- 2) The formal decisions or agreements of IEC on technical matters express, as nearly as possible, an international consensus of opinion on the relevant subjects since each technical committee has representation from all interested IEC National Committees.
- 3) IEC Publications have the form of recommendations for international use and are accepted by IEC National Committees in that sense. While all reasonable efforts are made to ensure that the technical content of IEC Publications is accurate, IEC cannot be held responsible for the way in which they are used or for any misinterpretation by any end user.
- 4) In order to promote international uniformity, IEC National Committees undertake to apply IEC Publications transparently to the maximum extent possible in their national and regional publications. Any divergence between any IEC Publication and the corresponding national or regional publication shall be clearly indicated in the latter.
- 5) IEC itself does not provide any attestation of conformity. Independent certification bodies provide conformity assessment services and, in some areas, access to IEC marks of conformity. IEC is not responsible for any services carried out by independent certification bodies.
- 6) All users should ensure that they have the latest edition of this publication.
- 7) No liability shall attach to IEC or its directors, employees, servants or agents including individual experts and members of its technical committees and IEC National Committees for any personal injury, property damage or other damage of any nature whatsoever, whether direct or indirect, or for costs (including legal fees) and expenses arising out of the publication, use of, or reliance upon, this IEC Publication or any other IEC Publications.
- 8) Attention is drawn to the Normative references cited in this publication. Use of the referenced publications is indispensable for the correct application of this publication.
- 9) Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this IEC Publication may be the subject of patent rights. IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

Attention is drawn to the fact that the use of some of the associated protocol types is restricted by their intellectual-property-right holders. In all cases, the commitment to limited release of intellectual-property-rights made by the holders of those rights permits a layer protocol type to be used with other layer protocols of the same type, or in other type combinations explicitly authorized by their respective intellectual property right holders.

NOTE Combinations of protocol types are specified in the IEC 61784-1 series and the IEC 61784-2 series.

IEC 61784-2-21 has been prepared by subcommittee 65C: Industrial networks, of IEC technical committee 65: Industrial-process measurement, control and automation. It is an International Standard.

This first edition, together with the other parts of the same series, cancels and replaces the fourth edition of IEC 61784-2 published in 2019. This first edition constitutes a technical revision.

This edition includes the following significant technical changes with respect to IEC 61784-2:2019:

- a) split of the original IEC 61784-2 into several subparts, one subpart for the material of a generic nature, and one subpart for each Communication Profile Family specified in the original document;
- b) expand Common-memory-area as a new Common-memory-area-3 (CM3);
- c) add new services and the protocols with expansion of Common-memory-area:
 - Extended-cyclic-data service and the protocol;
 - Extended-participation-req service and the protocol;
 - Extended-network-parameter-read service and the protocol;
 - Extended-network-parameter-write service and the protocol;
- d) add new Table for CP 21/1: Consistent set of PIs with CM3.

The text of this International Standard is based on the following documents:

Draft	Report on voting
65C/1209/FDIS	65C/1237/RVD

Full information on the voting for its approval can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

The language used for the development of this International Standard is English.

This document was drafted in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2, and developed in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1 and ISO/IEC Directives, IEC Supplement, available at www.iec.ch/members_experts/refdocs. The main document types developed by IEC are described in greater detail at www.iec.ch/publications.

A list of all parts of the IEC 61784-2 series, published under the general title *Industrial networks – Profiles – Part 2: Additional real-time fieldbus profiles based on ISO/IEC/IEEE 8802-3*, can be found on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of this document will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under webstore.iec.ch in the data related to the specific document. At this date, the document will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

INTRODUCTION

The IEC 61784-2 series provides additional Communication Profiles (CP) to the existing Communication Profile Families (CPF) of the IEC 61784-1 series and additional CPFs with one or more CPs. These profiles meet the industrial automation market objective of identifying Real-Time Ethernet (RTE) communication networks coexisting with ISO/IEC/IEEE 8802-3 – commonly known as Ethernet. These RTE communication networks use provisions of ISO/IEC/IEEE 8802-3 for the lower communication stack layers and additionally provide more predictable and reliable real-time data transfer and means for support of precise synchronization of automation equipment.

More specifically, these profiles help to correctly state the compliance of RTE communication networks with ISO/IEC/IEEE 8802-3, and to avoid the spreading of divergent implementations.

Adoption of Ethernet technology for industrial communication between controllers and even for communication with field devices promotes the use of Internet technologies in the field area. This availability would be unacceptable if it causes the loss of features required in the field area for industrial communication automation networks, such as:

- real-time,
- synchronized actions between field devices like drives,
- efficient, frequent exchange of very small data records.

These new RTE profiles can take advantage of the improvements of Ethernet networks in terms of transmission bandwidth and network span.

Another implicit but essential requirement is that the typical Ethernet communication capabilities, as used in the office world, are fully retained, so that the software involved remains applicable.

The market is in need of several network solutions, each with different performance characteristics and functional capabilities, matching the diverse application requirements. RTE performance indicators, whose values will be provided with RTE devices based on communication profiles specified in the IEC 61784-2 series, enable the user to match network devices with application-dependent performance requirements of an RTE network.