BS EN IEC 62453-1:2025

BSI Standards Publication

Field device tool (FDT) interface specification

Part 1: Overview and guidance

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National foreword

This British Standard is the UK implementation of EN IEC 62453-1:2025. It is identical to IEC 62453-1:2025. It supersedes BS EN 62453-1:2017, which will be withdrawn on 31 October 2028.

The UK participation in its preparation was entrusted to Technical Committee GEL/65/3, Industrial communications: process measurement and control, including fieldbus.

A list of organizations represented on this committee can be obtained on request to its committee manager.

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Supersedes EN 62453-1:2017

English Version

Field device tool (FDT) interface specification - Part 1: Overview and guidance (IEC 62453-1:2025)

Spécification des interfaces des outils des dispositifs de terrain (FDT) - Partie 1: Vue d'ensemble et guide (IEC 62453-1:2025)

Field Device Tool (FDT)-Schnittstellenspezifikation - Teil 1: Überblick und Leitfaden (IEC 62453-1:2025)

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European foreword

The text of document 65E/1173/FDIS, future edition 3 of IEC 62453-1, prepared by SC 65E "Devices and integration in enterprise systems" of IEC/TC 65 "Industrial-process measurement, control and automation" was submitted to the IEC-CENELEC parallel vote and approved by CENELEC as EN IEC 62453-1:2025.

The following dates are fixed:

- latest date by which the document has to be implemented at national level by publication of an identical national standard or by endorsement (dop) 2026-10-31
- latest date by which the national standards conflicting with the document have to be withdrawn (dow) 2028-10-31

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In the official version, for Bibliography, the following notes have to be added for the standard indicated:

IEC 61131 series	NOTE	Approved as EN IEC 61131 series
IEC 61131-3	NOTE	Approved as EN IEC 61131-3
IEC 61158 series	NOTE	Approved as EN 61158 series
IEC 61158-1	NOTE	Approved as EN IEC 61158-1
IEC 61375-3-3	NOTE	Approved as EN 61375-3-3
IEC 61499 series	NOTE	Approved as EN 61499 series
IEC 61499-1	NOTE	Approved as EN 61499-1
IEC 61784 series	NOTE	Approved as EN IEC 61784 series
IEC 61784-1 series	NOTE	Approved as EN IEC 61784-1 series
IEC 61784-2 series	NOTE	Approved as EN IEC 61784-2 series
IEC 61800-7 series	NOTE	Approved as EN 61800-7 series
IEC 61800-7-1	NOTE	Approved as EN 61800-7-1
IEC 61804-2	NOTE	Approved as EN IEC 61804-2
IEC 61804-3	NOTE	Approved as EN IEC 61804-3

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IEC 61804-4	NOTE	Approved as EN IEC 61804-4
IEC 61850 series	NOTE	Approved as EN 61850 series
IEC 61915-1	NOTE	Approved as EN 61915-1
IEC 62026 series	NOTE	Approved as EN 62026 series
IEC 62026-1	NOTE	Approved as EN IEC 62026-1
IEC 62264 series	NOTE	Approved as EN IEC 62264 series
IEC 62453 series	NOTE	Approved as EN IEC 62453 series
IEC 62453-2	NOTE	Approved as EN IEC 62453-2
IEC 62453-301	NOTE	Approved as EN 62453-301
IEC 62453-302	NOTE	Approved as EN IEC 62453-302
IEC 62453-303-1	NOTE	Approved as EN 62453-303-1
IEC 62453-303-2	NOTE	Approved as EN 62453-303-2
IEC 62453-306	NOTE	Approved as EN 62453-306
IEC 62453-309	NOTE	Approved as EN IEC 62453-309
IEC 62453-315	NOTE	Approved as EN 62453-315
IEC/TR 62453-41	NOTE	Approved as CLC/TR IEC 62453-41
IEC/TR 62453-42	NOTE	Approved as CLC/TR IEC 62453-42
IEC/TR 62453-51-10	NOTE	Approved as CLC/TR IEC 62453-51-10
IEC/TR 62453-51-20	NOTE	Approved as CLC/TR 62453-51-20
IEC/TR 62453-51-31	NOTE	Approved as CLC/TR 62453-51-31
IEC/TR 62453-51-32	NOTE	Approved as CLC/TR 62453-51-32
IEC/TR 62453-51-60	NOTE	Approved as CLC/TR 62453-51-60
IEC/TR 62453-51-90	NOTE	Approved as CLC/TR 62453-51-90
IEC/TR 62453-51-150	NOTE	Approved as CLC IEC/TR 62453-51-150
IEC/TR 62453-52-31	NOTE	Approved as CLC IEC/TR 62453-52-31
IEC/TR 62453-52-32	NOTE	Approved as CLC IEC/TR 62453-52-32
IEC/TR 62453-52-90	NOTE	Approved as CLC IEC/TR 62453-52-90
IEC/TR 62453-52-150	NOTE	Approved as CLC IEC/TR 62453-52-150
IEC/TR 62453-61	NOTE	Approved as CLC/TR 62453-61
IEC/TR 62453-62	NOTE	Approved as CLC/TR IEC 62453-62
IEC 62453-71	NOTE	Approved as EN IEC 62453-71
IEC 62541 series	NOTE	Approved as EN IEC 62541 series
IEC 62541-100	NOTE	Approved as EN 62541-100
IEC 62769 series	NOTE	Approved as EN IEC 62769 series

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Field device tool (FDT) interface specification - Part 1: Overview and guidance

FOREWORD

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IEC 62453-1 has been prepared by subcommittee 65E: Devices and integration in enterprise systems, of IEC technical committee 65: Industrial-process measurement, control and automation. It is an International Standard.

This third edition cancels and replaces the first edition published in 2016. This edition constitutes a technical revision.

This edition includes the following significant technical changes with respect to the previous edition:

a) introduction of a new implementation technology (defined in IEC TS 62453-43);
b) introduction of an OPC UA information model for FDT (defined in IEC 62453-71).

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The text of this International Standard is based on the following documents:

Draft	Report on voting
65E/1173/FDIS	65E/1176/RVD

Full information on the voting for its approval can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

The language used for the development of this International Standard is English.

This document was drafted in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2, and developed in accordance with ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1 and ISO/IEC Directives, IEC Supplement, available at www.iec.ch/members_experts/refdocs. The main document types developed by IEC are described in greater detail at www.iec.ch/publications.

A list of all parts of the IEC 62453 series, under the general title *Field Device Tool (FDT) interface specification,* can be found on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of this document will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC website under webstore.iec.ch in the data related to the specific document. At this date, the document will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn, or
- revised.

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INTRODUCTION

Enterprise automation employs two main data flows: a “vertical” data flow from enterprise level down to the field devices including signals and configuration data, and a “horizontal” communication between field devices operating on the same or different communication technologies.

With the integration of fieldbuses into control systems, there are a few additional tasks to be performed. They can result in a large number of fieldbus- and device-specific tools in addition to system and engineering tools. Integration of these tools into higher-level system-wide planning or engineering tools is an advantage. In particular, for use in extensive and heterogeneous control systems, typically in the area of the process industry, the unambiguous definition of engineering interfaces that are easy to use for all those involved is of great importance.

Several different manufacturer specific tools are used. The data in these tools are often invisible data islands from the viewpoint of system life-cycle management and plant-wide automation.

To ensure the consistent management of a plant-wide control and automation technology, it is important to fully integrate fieldbuses, devices and sub-systems as a seamless part of a wide range of automation tasks covering the whole automation life cycle.

IEC 62453 provides an interface specification for developers of FDT[1] (Field Device Tool) components to support function control and data access within a client/server architecture. The availability of this standard interface facilitates development of servers and clients by multiple manufacturers and supports open interoperation.

A device or module-specific software component, called a DTM (Device Type Manager) is supplied by a manufacturer with the related device type or software entity type. Each DTM can be integrated into engineering tools via defined FDT interfaces. This approach to integration is in general open for all fieldbusses and thus supports integration of different devices and software modules into heterogeneous control systems.

The IEC 62453 common application interface supports the interests of application developers, system integrators, and manufacturers of field devices and network components. It also simplifies procurement, reduces system costs and helps manage the lifecycle. Significant savings are available in operating, engineering and maintaining the control systems.

The objectives of the IEC 62453 series are to support:

- universal plant-wide tools for life-cycle management of heterogeneous fieldbus environments, multi-manufacturer devices, function blocks and modular sub-systems for all automation domains (e.g. process automation, factory automation and similar monitoring and control applications);
- integrated and consistent life-cycle data exchange within a control system including its fieldbuses, devices, function blocks and modular sub-systems;
- simple and powerful manufacturer-independent integration of different automation devices, function blocks and modular sub-systems into the life-cycle management tools of a control system.

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[1] FDT® is a registered trade name of FDT Group AISBL. This information is given for the convenience of users of this document and does not constitute an endorsement by IEC of the trademark holder or any of its products. Compliance to this document does not require use of the trade name. Use of the trade name requires permission of the trade name holder.

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The FDT concept supports planning and integration of monitoring and control applications, it does not provide a solution for other engineering tasks such as "electrical wiring planning", "mechanical planning". Plant management subjects such as "maintenance planning", "control optimization", "data archiving", are not part of this FDT standard. Some of these aspects can be included in future editions of FDT publications.

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1 Scope

This part of IEC 62453 presents an overview and guidance for the IEC 62453 series. It

- explains the structure and content of the IEC 62453 series (see Clause 5);
- provides explanations of some aspects of the IEC 62453 series that are common to many of the parts of the series;
- describes the relationship to some other standards;
- provides definitions of terms used in other parts of the IEC 62453 series.

2 Normative references

There are no normative references in this document.

3 Terms, definitions, symbols, abbreviated terms and conventions

3.1 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document and of the IEC 62453 series, the following terms and definitions apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminology databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- IEC Electropedia: available at http://www.electropedia.org/
- ISO Online browsing platform: available at http:www.iso.org/obp

3.1.1
actor
coherent set of roles that users of use cases play when interacting with these use cases

Note 1 to entry: An actor has one role for each use case with which it communicates.

[SOURCE: ISO/IEC 19501:2005, 4.11.2.1]

3.1.2
address
communication protocol specific access identifier

3.1.3
application
software functional unit that is specific to the solution of a problem in industrial-process measurement and control

Note 1 to entry: An application may be distributed among resources, and may communicate with other applications.

3.1.4
business object
object representing specific behaviour (e.g. DTM, BTM and channel)

Note 1 to entry: The term business object has been defined originally as part of the design pattern three-tier architecture, where the business object is part of the business layer.

3.1.5
Block Type Manager
BTM
specialized DTM to manage and handle a block

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Note 1 to entry: This note applies to the French language only.

3.1.6
communication
fieldbus protocol specific data transfer

3.1.7
Communication Channel
access point for communication to field device

3.1.8
configuration
system created by configuring the plant components and the topology

3.1.9
configure
setting parameters at the instance data as well as the logical association of plant components to build up the plant topology (off-line)

Note 1 to entry: See also parameterize (3.1.38).

3.1.10
connection
established data path for communication with a selected device

3.1.11
data
set of parameter values

3.1.12
data type
defined set of data objects of a specified data structure and a set of permissible operations, such that these data objects act as operands in the execution of any one of these operations

[SOURCE: ISO/IEC 2382-15:1999, 15.04.01 (2382)]

3.1.13
DCS manufacturer
system manufacturer
manufacturer of the control system

3.1.14
device
independent physical entity of an automation system capable of performing specified functions in a particular context and delimited by its interfaces

[SOURCE: IEC 61499-1:2012, 3.29, modified – The words “of an automation system” have been added, the expression “one or more specified functions” has been replaced by “specified functions” and the note has been deleted.]

3.1.15
field device
networked independent physical entity of an automation system capable of performing specified functions in a particular context and delimited by its interfaces

[SOURCE: IEC 61375-3-3:2012, 3.1.3]

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3.1.16
device manufacturer
manufacturer of fieldbus devices

3.1.17
device type
device characterization based on abstract properties such as manufacturer, fieldbus protocol, device type identifier, device classification, version information or other information

Note 1 to entry: The scope of such characterizations can vary depending on the properties that are used in the definition of such a set and is manufacturer specific for each DTM.

3.1.18
distributed system
FDT objects that jointly are executed on different PCs in a network

Note 1 to entry: The implementation of such a distributed system is vendor specific (for example: DTM and Presentation are executed on different PCs or DTMs are executed in a multi-user system on different PCs).

3.1.19
documentation
human readable information about a device instance

Note 1 to entry: This can be electronic information in a database.

3.1.20
Device Type Manager
DTM
software component containing device-specific application software

Note 1 to entry: The DTM is a generic class and means "Type Manager". The D is kept because the acronym is well-known in the market.

3.1.21
DTM device type
software module for a particular device type within the DTM

Note 1 to entry: A DTM can contain one or more DTM device types.

3.1.22
entity
particular thing, such as a person, place, process, object, concept, association, or event

[SOURCE: IEC 61499-1:2012, 3.31]

3.1.23
Frame Application
FDT runtime environment

3.1.24
FDT model
interface specification for objects and object behaviour in a monitoring and control system

3.1.25
function
specific purpose of an entity or its characteristic action

[SOURCE: IEC 61499-1:2012, 3.44]

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3.1.26
Generic DTM
DTM which interprets device type or domain specific device descriptions and provides the FDT interfaces

3.1.27
hardware
physical equipment, as opposed to programs, procedures, rules and associated documentation

[SOURCE: IEC 61499-1:2012, 3.49]

3.1.28
implementation
development phase in which the hardware and software of a system become operational

[SOURCE: IEC 61499-1:2012, 3.51]

3.1.29
instantiation
creation of an instance of a specified type

[SOURCE: IEC 61499-1:2012, 3.57]

3.1.30
interface
boundary between two functional units, defined by functional characteristics, signal characteristics, or other characteristics as appropriate

[SOURCE: IEC 60050-351:2013, 351-42-25, modified – The notes have been deleted.]

3.1.31
Interpreter DTM
generic DTM which interprets device descriptions

3.1.32
mapping
set of features or attributes having defined correspondence with the members of another set

[SOURCE: IEC 61499-1:2012, 3.66]

3.1.33
multi-user environment
environment which allows operation by more than one user

3.1.34
network
all of the media, connectors, repeaters, routers, gateways and associated node communication elements by which a given set of communicating devices are interconnected

Note 1 to entry: In this document, network is used to express that one or more interconnected fieldbus systems with different protocols can be applied.

[SOURCE: IEC 61158-1:2014, 3.1.5, modified – Note 1 has been added.]

3.1.35
nested communication
communication using a hierarchy of communication systems

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3.1.36
operation
well-defined action that, when applied to any permissible combination of known entities, produces a new entity

[SOURCE: IEC 61499-1:2012, 3.73]

3.1.37
parameter
variable that is given a constant value for a specified application and that may denote the application

[SOURCE: IEC 61499-1:2012, 3.75]

3.1.38
parameterize
setting parameters in a device or a block or an object

Note 1 to entry: See also configure (3.1.9).

3.1.39
persistent data
stored data that is preserved through shutdown/restart and maintenance activities

3.1.40
Process Channel
representation of process value and its properties

3.1.41
service
functional capability of a resource which can be modeled by a sequence of service primitives

[SOURCE: IEC 61499-1:2012, 3.87]

3.1.42
session
instance of user interactions within the FDT model

3.1.43
synchronization
synchronization of data depending on the context where used

Note 1 to entry: For example, synchronization can occur between the DTM and the device or between several DTM instances having a reference to the same instance data.

3.1.44
system
set of interrelated elements considered in a defined context as a whole and separated from their environment

Note 1 to entry: Elements of a system may be natural or man-made material objects, as well as modes of thinking and the results thereof (for example forms of organization, mathematical methods, and programming languages).

Note 2 to entry: The system is considered to be separated from the environment and other external systems by an imaginary surface, which can cut the links between them and the considered system.

[SOURCE: IEC 60050-351:2013, 351-42-08, modified – Note 1 has been deleted.]

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