BS EN ISO 11979-6:2014

BSI Standards Publication

Ophthalmic implants — Intraocular lenses

Part 6: Shelf-life and transport stability testing

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National foreword

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The UK participation in its preparation was entrusted to Technical Committee CH/172/7, Eye implants.

A list of organizations represented on this committee can be obtained on request to its secretary.

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Foreword

This document (EN ISO 11979-6:2014) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 172 “Optics and photonics” in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 170 “Ophthalmic optics” the secretariat of which is held by DIN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by April 2015, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by April 2015.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN [and/or CENELEC] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

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The text of ISO 11979-6:2014 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 11979-6:2014 without any modification.

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Foreword

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The committee responsible for this document is ISO/TC 172, *Optics and photonics*, Subcommittee SC 7, *Ophthalmic optics and instruments*.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition (ISO 11979-6:2007), which has been technically revised.

ISO 11979 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Ophthalmic implants — Intraocular lenses*:

— *Part 1: Vocabulary*

— *Part 2: Optical properties and test methods*

— *Part 3: Mechanical properties and test methods*

— *Part 4: Labelling and information*

— *Part 5: Biocompatibility*

— *Part 6: Shelf-life and transport stability testing*

— *Part 7: Clinical investigations*

— *Part 8: Fundamental requirements*

— *Part 9: Multifocal intraocular lenses*

— *Part 10: Phakic intraocular lenses*

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Introduction

The purpose of a stability study is to ascertain that the properties of a product, in this case an intraocular lens (IOL), remain within specified limits for a sufficiently long period of time under the influence of a variety of environmental conditions.

The storage stability of the intraocular lens material is an important factor in the overall investigation of a new lens material, a new combination of given lens materials, a new packaging material, or a new manufacturing process. To assess this, a study of the ageing of the lenses in their containers is performed.

Changes in the composition and material, material suppliers, manufacturing conditions (including the sterilization process), or the package design or material could affect the shelf-life and could therefore necessitate renewed investigations. The need for studies of product stability, package integrity, and transport stability can be assessed using ISO 14971.

The design of the stability tests should be based on the known properties of the material from which the intraocular lens is made, and the recommendations for use of the intraocular lens. Knowledge of the quantity and identity of extractable substances found after storage or accelerated ageing studies are of importance in evaluating new intraocular lens materials.

On the basis of the information obtained, transport and storage conditions can be recommended that will maintain the quality of the intraocular lens in relation to its safety, efficacy, and acceptability, throughout the proposed shelf-life, i.e. during storage and distribution up until the moment of dispensing. The results obtained are also used to determine the expiration date.

In practical terms, it is the stability of the material from which the intraocular lens is made that is being tested, along with the integrity of the packaging that maintains the necessary environment of the intraocular lens.

Stability studies for intraocular lenses are thus material specific, i.e. this type of study need not be performed for more than one intraocular lens model for a given combination of IOL material(s), packaging materials, and manufacturing processes.

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