



BSI Standards Publication

Textiles - Method for the detection and determination of alkylphenol ethoxylates (APEO)

Part 2: Method using NPLC

National foreword

This British Standard is the UK implementation of EN ISO 18254-2:2019. It is identical to ISO 18254-2:2018.

The UK participation in its preparation was entrusted to Technical Committee TCI/80, Chemical testing of textiles.

A list of organizations represented on this committee can be obtained on request to its secretary.

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English Version

Textiles - Method for the detection and determination of
alkylphenol ethoxylates (APEO) - Part 2: Method using
NPLC (ISO 18254-2:2018)

Textiles - Méthode de détection et de détermination
des alkylphénols éthoxylés (APEO) - Partie 2:
Méthode utilisant la CLPN (ISO 18254-2:2018)

Textilien - Verfahren zum Nachweis und zur
Bestimmung von Alkylphenoethoxylaten
(APEO) - Teil 2: Verfahren unter Verwendung
von NPLC (ISO 18254-2:2018)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 10 December 2018.

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COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION
EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

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European foreword

This document (EN ISO 18254-2:2019) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 38 "Textiles" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 248 "Textiles and textile products" the secretariat of which is held by BSI.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by August 2019, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by August 2019.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

Endorsement notice

The text of ISO 18254-2:2018 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 18254-2:2019 without any modification.

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

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For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 38, *Textiles*.

A list of all parts in the ISO 18254 series can be found on the ISO website.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

Introduction

This document specifies the normal phase liquid chromatography (NPLC) separation method for the quantitative and qualitative analysis of extractable alkylphenol ethoxylates (APEO) in textile and textile products. NPLC separation method enables alkylphenol ethoxylates to be analysed by high performance liquid chromatograph (HPLC) with Mass Spectrometer (MS), fluorescence detector (FD), charged aerosol detector (CAD) and evaporative light scattering detector (ELSD).

A study of the contribution percentage (mole fraction) of APEO congeners is presented in [Annex D](#).

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Textiles - Method for the detection and determination of alkylphenol ethoxylates (APEO) —

Part 2: Method using NPLC

WARNING — This document calls for the use of substances/procedures that may be injurious to the health/environment if appropriate conditions are not observed. It refers only to technical suitability and does not absolve the user from legal obligations relating to health and safety/environment at any stage.

1 Scope

This document specifies the normal phase liquid chromatography (NPLC) separation method for the qualitative and quantitative analysis of extractable alkylphenol ethoxylates (APEO) in textiles and textile products.

This method provides several instrument options for the determination of alkylphenol ethoxylates (APEO) such as normal phase liquid chromatograph with mass spectrometer (NPLC/MS), normal phase liquid chromatograph with fluorescence detector (NPLC/FLD), normal phase liquid chromatograph with charged aerosol detector (NPLC/CAD) and normal phase liquid chromatograph with evaporative light scattering detector (NPLC/ELSD).

2 Normative references

There are no normative references in this document.

3 Terms and definitions

No terms and definitions are listed in this document.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <https://www.iso.org/obp>
- IEC Electropedia: available at <http://www.electropedia.org/>

4 Principle

The test specimen is cut into small pieces, transferred to a sample vial and treated with methanol in ultrasonic water bath. The extract is filtered and collected. Subsequently, the collected extract is analysed by NPLC/MS, NPLC/FLD, NPLC/CAD or NPLC/ELSD.

5 Reagents

Unless otherwise specified, analytical grade chemicals shall be used.

5.1 Octylphenol ethoxylates (Triton®¹ X-100), (OPEO) CAS No.9002-93-1, Sigma Aldrich® Part No.T9284 (see NOTE in 5.2).

1) Triton® is an example of a suitable product available commercially. This information is given for information only.