

Reaction to fire tests — Ignitability of building products subjected to direct impingement of flame —

Part 3: Multi-source test

ICS 13.220.50

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National foreword

This British Standard reproduces verbatim ISO 11925-3:1997, including Technical Corrigendum 1:1998, and implements it as the UK national standard.

The UK participation in its preparation was entrusted by Technical Committee FSH/21, Reaction to fire tests, to Subcommittee FSH/21/2, Ignitability tests, which has the responsibility to:

- aid enquirers to understand the text;
- present to the responsible international/European committee any enquiries on the interpretation, or proposals for change, and keep the UK interests informed;
- monitor related international and European developments and promulgate them in the UK.

A list of organizations represented on this subcommittee can be obtained on request to its secretary.

The following errors have been identified in this document:

1. Page iv, Introduction, 4th paragraph, second line, replace “with” with “in”.
2. Page 3, clause 7.1 c) — replace “growing duration” with “varying in size and intensity with time”.
3. Page 16, Figure 5 — move arrow 1 to point to the next prong on the left. Delete item 1 in the Key.

Cross-references

The British Standards which implement international or European publications referred to in this document may be found in the BSI Standards Catalogue under the section entitled “International Standards Correspondence Index”, or by using the “Find” facility of the BSI Standards Electronic Catalogue.

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Summary of pages

This document comprises a front cover, an inside front cover, pages i and ii, the ISO title page, pages ii to iv, pages 1 to 17 and a back cover.

This standard has been updated (see copyright date) and may have had amendments incorporated. This will be indicated in the amendment table on the inside front cover.

This British Standard, having been prepared under the direction of the Health and Environment Sector Board, was published under the authority of the Standards Board and comes into effect on 15 February 1998

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INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO
11925-3

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Reaction to fire tests — Ignitability of building products subjected to direct impingement of flame —

Part 3: Multi-source test

*Essais de réaction au feu — Allumabilité des produits du bâtiment soumis
à l'incidence directe de la flamme —*

Partie 3: Essai multi-sources



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Descriptors: Buildings, fire protection, building components, construction materials, tests, fire tests, flammability testing, determination, ignitability.

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for approval before their acceptance as International Standards by the ISO Council. They are approved in accordance with ISO procedures requiring at least 75 % approval by the member bodies voting.

International Standard ISO 11925-3 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 92, *Fire safety*, Subcommittee SC 1, *Reaction to fire*.

ISO 11925 consists of the following parts under the general title *Reaction to fire tests — Ignitability of building products subjected to direct impingement of flame*:

- *Part 2: Single flame source test;*
- *Part 3: Multi-source test.*

Part 1 is under preparation.

Annex A to Annex D of this part of ISO 11925 are for information only.

