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Stationary source emissions — Determination of the biogenic fraction in CO_2 in stack gas using the balance method

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National foreword

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Stationary source emissions — Determination of the biogenic fraction in CO_2 in stack gas using the balance method

Émission des sources fixes — Détermination de la fraction biogénique de CO_2 dans les gaz de cheminées en utilisant la méthode des bilans

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

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Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation on the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

The committee responsible for this document is ISO/TC 146, *Air quality*, Subcommittee SC 1, *Stationary source emissions*.

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Introduction

During the combustion of solid fuels, O_2 is consumed and CO_2 is simultaneously produced. Biogenic and fossil organic matter do not only show strong differences regarding O_2 consumption and CO_2 production, but also differences in their respective calorific value and carbon content are observable.

The balance method can be used when the elementary composition of moisture and ash free biomass and fossil matter present in the fuel used is known and online stack gas composition measurements (O_2 and CO_2) are available at high accuracy. It will enable online modelling of biomass fossil ratio's in stack gas giving the user the opportunity to control or report that ratio. The generated model data can be verified using the radiocarbon (^{14}C) determined biomass fuel ratio. The results obtained using this document will be complementary to the results obtained with ISO 13833. In ISO 13833, the biogenic fraction in stack gas from plants with unknown fuel composition is determined using the ^{14}C method. If the chemical composition of pure biogenic and fossil matter (contents of C, H, N, S, O referred of moisture and ash free biomass and fossil organic matter, respectively) present in the fuel used is known, the biogenic CO_2 fraction can be calculated utilizing different operating data of the Waste for Energy (WfE) plant. When the chlorine content is sufficiently high, it can be additionally used to optimize the mass balances.

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Stationary source emissions — Determination of the biogenic fraction in CO_2 in stack gas using the balance method

1 Scope

This document enables the determination of the biogenic fraction in CO_2 in stack gas using the balance method. The balance method uses a mathematical model that is based on different operating data of the Waste for Energy (WfE) plant (including stack gas composition) and information about the elementary composition of biogenic and fossil matter present in the fuel used.

NOTE Use only mixed fuels when using the calculation method.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 12039, *Stationary source emissions — Determination of carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and oxygen — Performance characteristics and calibration of automated measuring systems*

EN 14181, *Quality assurance of automated measuring systems*

EN 15259, *Air quality — Measurement of stationary source emissions — Requirements for measurement sections and sites and for the measurement objective, plan and report*

EN 15267-3, *Air quality — Certification of automated measuring systems — Part 3: Performance criteria and test procedures for automated measuring systems for monitoring emissions from stationary sources*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

— IEC Electropedia: available at http://www.electropedia.org/

— ISO Online browsing platform: available at https://www.iso.org/obp/

3.1
biogenic
produced in natural processes by living organisms but not fossilized or derived from fossil resources

3.2
biomass
material of biological origin excluding material embedded in geological formation or transformed to fossil

3.3
radiocarbon
radioactive isotope of the element carbon, ^{14}C, having 8 neutrons, 6 protons, and 6 electrons

3.4
sample
quantity of material, representative of a larger quantity for which the property is to be determined

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3.5
sample preparation
all the actions taken to obtain representative analyses, *samples* (3.4) or *test portions* (3.6) from the original sample

3.6
test portion
quantity of material drawn from the test sample (or from the laboratory sample if both are the same) and on which the test or observation is actually carried out

3.7
balance method
numerical procedure to calculate the fraction of *biogenic* (3.1) matter in waste continuously by solving a set of equations

4 Symbols and abbreviated terms

$C^{(f)}$	organic carbon content of the waste fuel derived from operating data (kg C/kg waste fuel)
ΔH	net enthalpy of steam cycle of the Waste for Energy (WfE) plant (MJ/kg)
$\boldsymbol{J}_x$	Jacobian matrix of range 6xN, with N representing the number of the measured variables
$\boldsymbol{J}_y$	Jacobian matrix of range 6xK, with K representing the number of the unknown variables
L_{vap}	evaporation heat (MJ/kg)
w_B, w_F, w_{H_2O}, w_I	mass fractions of moisture and ash free biogenic and fossil matter, water and inert matter (kg/kg waste fuel)
M_C	relative molecular mass of carbon (12,010 7 g/mol)
M_H	relative molecular mass of hydrogen (1,007 94 g/mol)
M_O	relative molecular mass of oxygen (15,999 4 g/mol)
M_N	relative molecular mass of nitrogen (14,006 7 g/mol)
M_S	relative molecular mass of sulfur (32,065 g/mol)
M_{gas}	molecular weight of auxiliary gas fuel (g/mol)
M_{H_2O}	molecular weight of water (g/mol)
$O^{(f)}$	oxygen consumption of the waste fuel derived from operating data (mol O_2/kg waste fuel);
p_v	vapour pressure of the inlet combustion air (Pa);
$\bar{q}_{LHV_w}$	average lower heating value of the waste feed within a defined period Δt (MJ/kg)
$\bar{q}_{LHV_k}$	elemental lower heating value of the combustible fractions (k is carbon, hydrogen, oxygen, nitrogen and sulfur) (MJ/kg)
$\bar{q}_{LHV_{gas}}$	average lower heating value of the auxiliary gas fuel (MJ/m^3$_{273,15\ K,\ 1,013\ 25\ bar}$)

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$\bar{q}_{\mathrm{LHV_{oil}}}$	average lower heating value of the auxiliary oil fuel (MJ/kg)
R_{as}*	specific gas constant for the dry air [287,0558 14 J/(kg K)]
S_{vap}	steam production of the Waste for Energy (WfE) plant within a defined period (kg/Δt)
Δt	defined time period (arbitrary time unit, e.g. days)
T_{air}	temperature of the inlet combustion air (°C);
V_{air}	volume of the inlet combustion air ($\mathrm{m^3}_{273.15\ \mathrm{K},\ 1.01325\ \mathrm{bar}}$);
V_{fg}	dry flue gas volume of the Waste for Energy (WfE) plant within a defined period ($\mathrm{m^3}_{273,15\ \mathrm{K},\ 1,013\ 25\ \mathrm{bar}}$/$\Delta t$)
V_{gas}	auxiliary gas fuel volume into the Waste for Energy (WfE) plant within a defined period ($\mathrm{m^3}_{273,15\ \mathrm{K},\ 1,013\ 25\ \mathrm{bar}}$/$\Delta t$)
V_{m}	molar volume of ideal gas under standard temperature and pressure (22,414 $\mathrm{dm^3}_{273,15\ \mathrm{K},\ 1,013\ 25\ \mathrm{bar}}$/mol)
m_{oil}	mass of auxiliary oil fuel into the Waste for Energy (WfE) plant within a defined period (kg/Δt)
m_{tot}	mass of waste feed into the Waste for Energy (WfE) plant within a defined period (kg/Δt)
W_{v}	vapour mass in the combustion air
ΣW_{s}	sum of solid residues (dry substance) of the Waste for Energy (WfE) plant within a defined period (kg/Δt)
c_{B}^{k}	elemental concentration of the combustible fractions of the biogenic matter (ash and moisture free; k is carbon, hydrogen, oxygen, nitrogen and sulfur) (kg/kg)
c_{F}^{k}	elemental concentration of the combustible fractions of the fossil organic matter (ash and moisture free; k is carbon, hydrogen, oxygen, nitrogen and sulfur) (kg/kg)
c_{gas}^{k}	elemental concentration of the auxiliary gas fuel (k is carbon, hydrogen, oxygen, nitrogen and sulfur) (kg/kg)
c_{oil}^{k}	elemental concentration of the auxiliary oil fuel (k is carbon, hydrogen, oxygen, nitrogen and sulfur) (kg/kg)
$x_{\mathrm{O_2,fg}}$, $x_{\mathrm{CO_2,fg}}$	average O_2 and CO_2 content in the dry flue gas of the Waste for Energy (WfE) plant within a defined period Δt (vol %)
$x_{\mathrm{O_2,air}}$, $x_{\mathrm{CO_2,air}}$	average O_2 and CO_2 content of dry combustion air of the Waste for Energy (WfE) plant within a defined period Δt (vol %)
$x_{\mathrm{H_2O}}$	average water content in the flue gas of the Waste for Energy (WfE) plant within a defined period Δt (vol %)
$\boldsymbol{x}_{\mathrm{s}}$	vector of N estimated values of the measured variables
$\boldsymbol{y}_{\mathrm{s}}$	vector of the K unknown variables
η	energy efficiency of the steam boiler of the Waste for Energy (WfE) plant

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