



BSI Standards Publication

Road vehicles — Test method to evaluate the performance of autonomous emergency braking systems

Part 2: Car to pedestrian

National foreword

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The UK participation in its preparation was entrusted to Technical Committee AUE/15, Safety related to vehicles.

A list of organizations represented on this committee can be obtained on request to its committee manager.

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**Road vehicles — Test method
to evaluate the performance of
autonomous emergency braking
systems —**

**Part 2:
Car to pedestrian**

*Véhicules routiers — Méthode d'essai pour évaluer la performance
des systèmes automatiques de freinage d'urgence —*

Partie 2: Voiture à piéton





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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

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Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 22, *Road vehicles*, Subcommittee SC 33, *Vehicle dynamics, chassis components and driving automation systems testing*.

A list of all parts in the ISO 22733 series can be found on the ISO website.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

Introduction

The capacity to avoid or mitigate a collision during -potential accident - is an important part of the performance of an autonomous braking system fitted in a road vehicle. This document is intended to assess performance of an autonomous braking under defined test scenario only.

NOTE Moreover, insufficient knowledge is available concerning the relationship between overall vehicle dynamic properties and accident avoidance. A substantial amount of work is necessary to acquire sufficient and reliable data on the correlation between accident avoidance and vehicle dynamic properties in general and the results of these tests in particular.

Road vehicles — Test method to evaluate the performance of autonomous emergency braking systems —

Part 2: Car to pedestrian

1 Scope

This document specifies test methods to evaluate performance of the autonomous emergency braking system (AEBS) in car to pedestrian collision situations. Forward collision warning system (FCWS) is part of AEBS when it provides warning before braking intervention.

Vehicle to pedestrian accidents occur when a vehicle under test (VUT) drives in straight line and either a pedestrian walks longitudinal on the same road or the pedestrian is approaching perpendicular the road.

A system requiring a driver intervention is not in scope of this document.

NOTE Depending on accidentology only a part of the scenarios can be used for an evaluation of performance.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 8855, *Road vehicles — Vehicle dynamics and road-holding ability — Vocabulary*

ISO 15037-1:2019, *Road vehicles — Vehicle dynamics test methods — Part 1: General conditions for passenger cars*

ISO 22733-1:2022, *Road vehicles — Test method to evaluate the performance of autonomous emergency braking systems — Part 1: Car-to-car*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 8855 and ISO 15037-1 and the following apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminology databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <https://www.iso.org/obp>
- IEC Electropedia: available at <https://www.electropedia.org/>

3.1 AEB

autonomous emergency braking

braking applied automatically by the vehicle in response to the detection of a likely collision to reduce the vehicle speed and potentially avoid the collision

Note 1 to entry: For a complete definition refer to ISO 22839.