BS ISO 9022-23:2013

BSI Standards Publication

Optics and photonics — Environmental test methods

Part 23: Low pressure combined with cold, ambient temperature and dry and damp heat

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National foreword

This British Standard is the UK implementation of ISO 9022-23:2013. It supersedes BS ISO 9022-5:1994, BS ISO 9022-18:1994 and BS ISO 9022-21:1998, which are withdrawn.

The UK participation in its preparation was entrusted to Technical Committee CPW/172, Optics and Photonics.

A list of organizations represented on this committee can be obtained on request to its secretary.

This publication does not purport to include all the necessary provisions of a contract. Users are responsible for its correct application.

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Part 23: Low pressure combined with cold, ambient temperature and dry and damp heat

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

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For an explanation on the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the WTO principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: Foreword - Supplementary information

The committee responsible for this document is ISO/TC 172, *Optics and photonics*, Subcommittee SC 1, *Fundamental standards*.

This edition cancels and replaces ISO 9022-5:1994, ISO 9022-18:1994, and ISO 9022-21:1998, which have been technically revised.

ISO 9022 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Optics and photonics — Environmental test methods*:

— *Part 1: Definitions, extent of testing*

— *Part 2: Cold, heat and humidity*

— *Part 3: Mechanical stress*

— *Part 4: Salt mist*

— *Part 6: Dust*

— *Part 7: Resistance to drip or rain*

— *Part 8: High pressure, low pressure, immersion*

— *Part 9: Solar radiation*

— *Part 11: Mould growth*

— *Part 12: Contamination*

— *Part 14: Dew, hoarfrost, ice*

— *Part 17: Combined contamination, solar radiation*

— *Part 20: Humid atmosphere containing sulfur dioxide or hydrogen sulfide*

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— *Part 22: Combined cold, dry heat or temperature change with bump or random vibration*

— *Part 23: Low pressure combined with cold, ambient temperature and dry and damp heat*

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Introduction

Optical instruments are affected during their use by a number of different environmental parameters which they are required to resist without significant reduction in performance and to remain within defined specifications.

The type and severity of these parameters depend on the conditions of use of the instrument (for example, in the laboratory or workshop) and on its geographical location. The environmental effects on optical instrument performance in the tropics and subtropics are totally different from those found when they are used in arctic regions. Individual parameters cause a variety of different and overlapping effects on instrument performance.

The manufacturer attempts to ensure, and the user naturally expects, that instruments will resist the likely rigours of their environment throughout their life. This expectation can be assessed by exposure of the instrument to a range of simulated environmental parameters under controlled laboratory conditions. The severity of these conditions is often increased to obtain meaningful results in a relatively short period of time.

In order to allow assessment and comparison of the response of optical instruments to appropriate environmental conditions, ISO 9022 contains details of a number of laboratory tests which reliably simulate a variety of different environments. The tests are based largely on IEC standards, modified where necessary to take into account features special to optical instruments.

It should be noted that, as a result of continuous progress in all fields, optical instruments are no longer only precision-engineered optical products, but, depending on their range of application, also contain additional assemblies from other fields. For this reason, the principal function of the instrument must be assessed to determine which International Standard should be used for testing. If the optical function is of primary importance, then ISO 9022 is applicable, but if other functions take precedence, then the appropriate International Standard in the field concerned should be applied. Cases can arise where application both of ISO 9022 and other appropriate International Standards will be necessary.

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