

# **IPC-1755-WAM1&2** **with Amendments 1&2** **2017 - March**

## **Conflict Minerals Data Exchange Standard**

Supersedes IPC-1755-WAM1  
March 2015

*An international standard developed by IPC*

Association Connecting Electronics Industries



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**IPC-1755-WAM1&2  
with Amendments 1&2**



# **Conflict Minerals Data Exchange Standard**



**JEITA**

Developed by the Conflict Minerals Data Exchange Task Group (2-18h) of the Supplier Declaration Subcommittee (2-18) of IPC in partnership with the following associations:

AIAG – Automotive Industry Action Group

CFSI – Conflict Free Sourcing Initiative

JEITA – Japan Electronics and Information Technology Industries Association

***Supersedes:***

IPC-1755-WAM1 - March 2015

IPC-1755 - March 2014

Users of this publication are encouraged to participate in the development of future revisions.

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## Acknowledgment

Any document involving a complex technology draws material from a vast number of sources across many continents. While the principal members of the Conflict Minerals Data Exchange Task Group (2-18h) of the Supplier Declaration Subcommittee (2-18) are shown below, it is not possible to include all of those who assisted in the evolution of this standard. To each of them, the members of the IPC extend their gratitude.

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# Conflict Minerals Data Exchange Standard

## 1 SCOPE

This standard establishes the requirements for exchanging conflict minerals data between suppliers and their customers. To meet the needs of a broad range of users, this standard provides flexibility in the scope of the products covered within a single declaration.

This standard applies to business-to-business transactions. It is not intended to be used by the general public when making purchasing decisions. This standard is not a compliance guide.

**1.1 Purpose** This standard is intended to benefit suppliers and their customers by providing consistency and efficiency to the conflict minerals due diligence data exchange declaration process. It establishes standard electronic data exchange formats that will facilitate and improve data transfer along the entire global supply chain.

## 2 APPLICABLE DOCUMENTS

The following documents can be used as references to the extent specified herein. The revision of the document in effect at the time of solicitation **shall** take precedence.

### 2.1 IPC<sup>1</sup>

**IPC-T-50** Terms and Definitions for Interconnecting and Packaging Electronic Circuits

### 2.2 International Organization for Standardization (ISO)

**ISO 3166-1** Codes for the representation of names of countries and their subdivisions – Part 1: Country codes

**ISO 3166-2** Codes for the representation of names of countries and their subdivisions – Part 2: Country Subdivision code

### 2.3 Informative References

The following references are related to the standard but are not required for usage of the standard.

#### 2.3.1 Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act (Section 1502)<sup>2</sup>

Section 1502 of the Dodd-Frank Act requires that all companies that file reports with the SEC disclose their use of conflict minerals.

The U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) is the agency responsible for developing and enforcing conflict minerals reporting rules under Section 1502<sup>3</sup>. The SEC rules implementing Section 1502 are found in 17 CFR part 240 and 249b.

Note: Section 1502 of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act will be referred to in this standard as Section 1502. The SEC rules implementing Section 1502 will be referred to in this standard as the SEC rules.

#### 2.3.2 Conflict Free Smelter Program (CFSP) Compliant Smelter List

The Conflict Free Smelter Program (CFSP) Compliant Smelter List is a published list of smelters and refiners which have undergone assessment through the CFSP, a program of the Conflict-Free Sourcing Initiative (CFSI) or industry equivalent program (such as Responsible Jewelry Council or London Bullion Market Association) and have been validated to be in conformance. If a smelter or refiner is not on the list, it has either not completed a CFSP assessment or is not in compliance with the CFSP protocol.

A list of smelters and refiners which have been validated to be compliant to the CFSP can be found at **[www.conflictreesourcing.org](http://www.conflictreesourcing.org)**

1. <http://www.ipc.org>

2. <http://www.sec.gov/about/laws/wallstreetreform-cpa.pdf>

3. <http://www.sec.gov/news/press/2012/2012-163.htm>

### 2.3.3 Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development Due Diligence Guidance for Responsible Supply Chains of Minerals from Conflict-Affected and High Risk Areas

The mission of the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) is to promote policies that will improve the economic and social well-being of people around the world.

The OECD has authored the “OECD Due Diligence Guidance for Responsible Supply Chains of Minerals from Conflict-Affected and High-Risk Areas<sup>4</sup>”. As per Section 1502, any person described must conduct a due diligence assessment in accordance to a nationally or internationally recognized framework.

## 3 REQUIREMENTS

The following requirements are applicable to all of the Conflict Minerals Data Exchange Standard processes.

**3.1 Terms and Definitions** All terms are in accordance with IPC-T-50 and certain terms have been listed below to assist in interpretation of this standard. Additional terms defined by this standard are included below. (See Appendix E for further information regarding the requirements for Section 1502.)

**3.1.1 3TG** 3TG are the metals derived from conflict minerals as identified in Appendix C.

**3.1.2 Conflict Minerals Reporting Template (CMRT)** The CMRT is a commonly used industry reporting form for conflict minerals due diligence, produced and maintained by the Conflict-Free Sourcing Initiative to be in conformance of this standard.

**3.1.3 Conflict Minerals** Conflict minerals covered by Section 1502 are columbite-tantalite (coltan), cassiterite, gold, wolframite, and their derivatives.

The SEC rules define and limit the covered derivatives of columbite-tantalite (coltan), cassiterite, and wolframite to tantalum, tin, and tungsten, respectively.

The U.S. Secretary of State can, at any time, add other minerals to this list if the minerals are determined to be financing conflict in the DRC or an adjoining country.

**3.1.4 Covered Countries** The SEC rules define covered countries to include: Democratic Republic of the Congo (DRC), Angola, Burundi, Central African Republic, the Republic of the Congo, Rwanda, South Sudan, Tanzania, Uganda, and Zambia. See Appendix B for the list of covered countries.

**3.1.5 Division** A division is a defined unit of business which performs a specific service or produces a specific category of products.

**3.1.6 DRC Conflict Free** Products that do not contain conflict minerals that directly or indirectly finance or benefit armed groups in the DRC or an adjoining country.<sup>5</sup>

**3.1.7 Person Described** A person described is a person who is required to file reports to the SEC and for whom conflict minerals are necessary to the functionality or production of a manufactured product<sup>6</sup>.

**3.1.8 Product** Any substance, material, sub-part, part, sub-assembly, or assembly up to a completed original manufacturer’s assembly that is the subject of a declaration.

**3.1.9 Recycled or Scrap Sources** Recycled or scrap sources are recycled metals, that are reclaimed end-user or post-consumer products, or scrap processed metals created during product manufacturing. Recycled metal includes excess, obsolete, defective, and scrap metal materials that contain refined or processed metals that are appropriate to recycle in the production of tin, tantalum, tungsten and/or gold. Minerals partially processed, unprocessed or byproducts from other ores are not included in the definition of recycled metal.

4. <http://www.oecd.org/corporate/mne/GuidanceEdition2.pdf>

5. 2010 United States legislation, Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act, Section 1502 <http://www.sec.gov/about/laws/wallstreetreform-cpa.pdf>

6. 2010 United States legislation, Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act, Section 1502 <http://www.sec.gov/about/laws/wallstreetreform-cpa.pdf>

**3.1.10 Requester** The party initiating the IPC-1755 communication when using the request/response communication mode. The requester is the recipient of the supplier's response.

**3.1.11 Smelter** A smelter or refiner company is a company that procures and processes mineral ore, slag and/or materials from recycled or scrap sources into refined metal or metal containing intermediate products. The output can be pure (99.5% or greater) metals, powders, ingots, bars, grains, oxides or salts. The terms "smelter" and "refiner" are used interchangeably throughout various publications. For clarification purposes, within this standard they will be referred to as a "smelter".

**3.2 Changes in Requirements** A number of external factors may drive the need for updates to this standard including: changing or new legal requirements, or advances or improvements in industry due diligence practices through experience gained in implementing conflict minerals due diligence.

## 4 DESCRIPTION OF THE DECLARATION CLASSES

The Conflict Minerals Data Exchange standard is supported by an XML schema.

This standard supports three classes of conflict minerals disclosure: company, product or list of products, and user-defined (as defined in 4.1 through 4.3). This standard provides the user with the ability to respond to queries (see 6 Query List) at the company, product or list of products, or user-defined class. Indication of declaration class is **mandatory**.

**4.1 Company Class** A company level disclosure **shall** include responses to the query list (see 6 Query List) for all the products manufactured by the company completing the declaration. Customers wishing to receive information only on the products supplied to them should request reporting via the user-defined class. As discussed in Section 5.2, this standard is based on the concept of products regardless of what declaration class is used. Therefore, if the user is reporting conflict minerals data at the company level, they will be reporting conflict minerals data on all products they manufacture.

**4.2 Product (or List of Products) Class** A product or list of products disclosure **shall** include one set of responses to the query list for those product(s) specified by the company.

Product is defined in 3.1.7. The description of the product or list of products **shall** be identified using the Product Identification fields in Section 5.2.

**4.3 User-Defined Class** The user-defined class allows a user to describe the scope to which the conflict minerals disclosure is applicable. The scope of this class **shall** be defined in a text field as agreed to by the supplier and requestor. This disclosure may apply to a company's specific division or category of products. A category of products is a group of products that can be described by an industry recognized generic term (ex. capacitors). When using this class, the user **shall** provide responses to the query list for each 3TG (as defined in Appendix C) used in the products of the specified user-defined class.

## 5 DATA REQUIREMENTS FOR A CONFLICT MINERALS DECLARATION

This section provides the principles and details necessary for declarations between members of a supply chain. This section also contains generic information regarding trading partners. The data requirements for the declaration process management concepts consist of two modes of data exchange. The first mode is that of "Request/Reply" where a user wishes to obtain information about a product. The second mode is that of "Distribute" where a supplier wishes to make product information available to customers.

This standard is published outside of the IPC-175x series of data exchange standards. All fields relevant to conflict minerals data exchange are discussed in this standard. Other fields included in IPC-1751A that are not relevant to conflict minerals data exchange are included in Appendix F. In order to facilitate a seamless integration of this standard to the 175x series of data exchange standards, the plan for integration is explained in Appendix G.

**5.1 Requester Information** This information describes the company and person who are requesting a declaration. This information is only relevant when a request/response mode is being followed. This section contains several data fields that identify the company and the individual requesting a particular declaration.

Each field is described in the following sections.

### 5.1.1 Company Information

**5.1.1.1 Company Name** This field identifies the legal name of the company requesting the declaration document. This field is *mandatory*.

**5.1.1.2 Company Unique ID** This field is used by industry to uniquely identify the requester company. For example, in the U.S. a Dun & Bradstreet Data Universal Numbering System (DUNS) number is a commonly used unique identification (ID). This field is *optional*.

**5.1.1.2.1 Unique Identity** This field identifies the name or known designation of the requester company. This field is *optional*.

**5.1.1.2.2 Unique ID Authority** This field identifies the organization that assigns the unique ID. In the example above, Dun & Bradstreet would be the authority assigning the unique ID. This field is *optional*.

### 5.1.2 Request Information

**5.1.2.1 Request Date** This field identifies the date when a user requests a declaration document. All date fields use the XML date format. This field is *mandatory*.

**5.1.2.2 Request Document ID** This field identifies the request to help the user and supplier reference the communication. A revision method should be established to identify different configurations of the same request. The methodology may be simply a single letter or date that establishes the appropriate linkage. This field is *optional*.

**5.1.2.3 Comment** This field provides additional information to the supplier regarding the request. This field is *optional* (see Section 5.1.4.1).

**5.1.2.4 Respond By Date** This field identifies the date when the supplier is expected to respond to the request for information. This field is *optional*.

**5.1.2.5 Internal Supplier ID** This field identifies a company's internal designator for a supplier. It might be a name or a supplier identification code. This field is *optional*.

### 5.1.3 Contact Information

**5.1.3.1 Contact Name** This field identifies the name of the person to contact with questions about the request for declaration. This field is *mandatory*.

**5.1.3.2 Contact Title** This field identifies the title of the contact person. This field is *optional*.

**5.1.3.3 Comment** This field provides additional information to the supplier regarding the requester contact information. This field is *optional* (see Section 5.1.4.1).

**5.1.3.4 Contact Phone** This field identifies the telephone number for the contact person. This field consists of two attributes: the first is the phone number and the second is the phone type, e.g., business, personal, mobile, etc. There may be multiple phone listings for the requester contact. This field is *mandatory*.

**5.1.3.5 Contact Email** This field identifies the email address for the contact person. This field consists of two attributes: the first is the email address and the second is the email type, e.g., general office, personal, department, etc. There may be multiple email listings for the requester contact. This field is *mandatory*.

**5.1.3.6 Additional Contact Information – Address** The requester may provide a physical address as part of the requester contact information. These fields are *optional*.

**5.1.3.6.1 Internal** Any internal routing information necessary.

**5.1.3.6.2 Street** The street number and name.

**5.1.3.6.3 City** The name of the city.

**5.1.3.6.4 State** A code in accordance with ISO 3166-2 which represents the state or province where the contact is located.

**5.1.3.6.5 Country** The two-character code in accordance with ISO 3166-1 which represents the country where the contact is located.

**5.1.3.6.6 Zip Code** The postal code.

**5.1.3.6.7 Comment** Additional comments related to the contact or contact information.

#### **5.1.4 Other Descriptions**

**5.1.4.1 Requester Comments or URL for Additional Information** This field provides additional information to the supplier, such as definitions of the authorized representative field in the supplier information section, submission instructions, additional contact information, or other information. These can be provided either directly or by a URL address which shows where the additional information can be obtained. If a URL is provided, it should be of the form **http://xxx.xxxx.xxx**. This field is *optional*.

**5.1.4.2 Business Information – Attachment** Many attachments may accompany the request for information that is exchanged between the user and the supplier. This field is *optional*; however, when initiated, several attributes are *mandatory*. The first of these is the name of the attachment since multiple attachments may be attached and the comments provided should reference the appropriate one. The second is the file type which defines the method that may be used to read the data. The third is the data file itself.

**5.2 Product Information** The IPC-175x series of standards are based on declarations for products (as defined in 3.1.7) manufactured by a company. Declarations can be made for a single product or a group of products including all the products manufactured by a company.

The product object is an identification of a product or group of products to which information is associated using the IPC-1755 schema. The declaration **shall** contain one or more product objects or group of product objects. Each product object may represent one or more products as defined in the product ID fields. The product object contains the identifying information which the requester selects if in Request/Response mode, or which the supplier chooses if in the Distribute mode.

The product object may contain a single product number, multiple product numbers, or a single product number representing an entire family of products. The requester and supplier are advised to clarify the correspondence between requester product identification and supplier product identification to ensure that supplier information associates correctly with requester product numbers.

Sections 5.2.1 through 5.2.10 provide information identifying each product object of interest.

**5.2.1 Requester Product Number** This field identifies the requester's number for each product included in the product object. This field is only applicable in the request/response mode. The requester is cautioned to include only those product numbers for which requested information will be identical. A new product object may be defined for other products or product families for which a different response is anticipated. The first product number listed in the product object definition is the primary one for database structuring purposes as necessary in specific implementations of the required schema. See Table 5-1 for reporting obligations based on declaration class.

**5.2.2 Requester Product Name** This field identifies the name of each product in the requester's system corresponding to each product number. This field is only applicable in the request/response mode. See Table 5-1 for reporting obligations based on declaration class.

**5.2.3 Manufacturer's Product Number** This field identifies the number for each product in the supplier's (manufacturer's) system as perceived by the requester. See Table 5-1 for reporting obligations based on declaration class. In the Distribute mode the supplier would provide the Manufacturer's Product Number.

**5.2.4 Manufacturer's Product Name** This field identifies the name for each product in the supplier's (manufacturer's) system as perceived by the requester. See Table 5-1 for reporting obligations based on declaration class. In the Distribute mode the supplier would provide this entry for each product number.

**5.2.5 Manufacturer's Product Version** This field identifies the version of the product in the supplier's (manufacturer's) system as perceived by the requester. See Table 5-1 for reporting obligations based on declaration class. In the Distribute mode the supplier would provide this entry for each product number.

**5.2.6 Manufacturing Site** This field identifies the site at which the product is manufactured as perceived by the requester. See Table 5-1 for reporting obligations based on declaration class. In the Distribute mode the supplier would provide this entry for each product number.

**5.2.7 Effective Date** This field provides the date upon which the information provided in an IPC-1755 declaration becomes effective. See Table 5-1 for reporting obligations based on declaration class. If not provided, the effective date for all information provided is assumed to be the date of the response.

**5.2.8 Effective End Date** This field provides the date after which the information provided in an IPC-1755 declaration is no longer effective. See Table 5-1 for reporting obligations based on declaration class.

**5.2.9 Instance ID** The Instance ID field is provided to allow either the requester or the supplier the means to further specify each product to which the declared information applies. That is, a requester may want to provide specific serial numbers of the products for which he is requesting a declaration, or a supplier may want to provide a SKU number, a lot code, a date code, an RFID number, etc. These would be entered in the Instance ID field. Instance IDs are associated with one particular product number only. The Instance ID field comes with a secondary field that is an optional open field to use in one-to-one correspondence with each Instance ID. There may be one or more Instance IDs associated with each product in a declaration. See Table 5-1 for reporting obligations based on declaration class.

**5.2.10 Instance ID Authority** The Instance ID authority is the entity that issued the Instance ID. It becomes *mandatory* only if there is an Instance ID. The authority may be defined as the supplier in the absence of any other assigning authority.

**Table 5-1 Applicability of Product Information Data Fields to Appropriate Declaration Class**

| Data Field                     | Data Exchange Mode     |                    | Declaration Class |                                    |              |
|--------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|------------------------------------|--------------|
|                                | Request/<br>Reply Mode | Distribute<br>Mode | Company           | Product or<br>Group of<br>Products | User-Defined |
| Requestor Product Number       | ✓                      | NA                 | N/A               | Mandatory                          | Optional     |
| Requester Product Name         | ✓                      | NA                 | N/A               | Optional                           | Optional     |
| Manufacturer's Product Number  | ✓                      | ✓                  | N/A               | Mandatory                          | Optional     |
| Manufacturer's Product Name    | ✓                      | ✓                  | N/A               | Optional                           | Mandatory    |
| Manufacturer's Product Version | ✓                      | ✓                  | N/A               | Optional                           | Optional     |
| Manufacturing Site             | ✓                      | ✓                  | Optional          | Optional                           | Optional     |
| Effective Date                 | ✓                      | ✓                  | Mandatory         | Mandatory                          | Mandatory    |
| Effective End Date             | ✓                      | ✓                  | Optional          | Optional                           | Optional     |
| Instance ID                    | ✓                      | ✓                  | N/A               | Optional                           | Optional     |
| Instance ID Authority          | ✓                      | ✓                  | N/A               | Optional                           | Optional     |

**5.3 Supplier Information** This information concerns the company and persons who are supplying a declaration document. Each field is described in more detail below.

#### **5.3.1 Company Information**

**5.3.1.1 Company Name** This field contains the legal name of the company supplying the declaration document. This field is *mandatory*.

**5.3.1.2 Company Unique ID** This field is used to uniquely identify the supplier. The DUNS number is an example of a unique ID. This field is *optional*.