

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

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Valves for tubeless tyres and valves for tubes — Identification system for valves and their components

*Valves pour pneumatiques sans chambre et valves pour chambres à
air — Système d'identification des valves et de leurs composants*



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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

International Standard ISO 10475 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 31, *Tyres, rims and valves*, Sub-Committee SC 9, *Valves for tube and tubeless tyres*.

Annex A of this International Standard is for information only.

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Valves for tubeless tyres and valves for tubes — Identification system for valves and their components

1 Scope

This International Standard establishes

- a system for identifying valves for tubeless tyres and valves for tubes,
- a system for identifying the valve components.

NOTE 1 Terminology used in this International Standard is in accordance with ISO 3877-2:1978, *Tyres, valves and tubes — List of equivalent terms — Part 2: Tyre valves*.

2 Normative references

The following standards contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this International Standard. At the time of publication, the editions indicated were valid. All standards are subject to revision, and parties to agreements based on this International Standard are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the standards indicated below. Members of IEC and ISO maintain registers of currently valid International Standards.

ISO 4570-1:1977, *Tyre valve threads — Part 1: Threads 5V1, 5V2, 6V1 and 8V1*.

ISO 4570-2:1979, *Tyre valve threads — Part 2: Threads 9V1, 10V2, 12V1, 13V1*.

3 Identification systems

3.1 Identification of valves

A valve is identified by a four-character code: two letters followed by two digits.

3.1.1 The letters (family code) define a family of valves and are associated with the valve technical characteristics.

The first letter corresponds to the valve mouth thread diameter and to the valve shape. It shall be as specified in table 1.

The second letter corresponds to the rim hole diameter for the appropriate valve. It shall be as specified in table 2.

EXAMPLES

- 1 The family code of a straight valve for a tube, the mouth of which has a 5V1 thread and the rim hole a diameter of 8,3 mm, is AB.
- 2 The family code of a valve for a tube with one bend, the mouth of which has an 8V1 thread and the rim hole a diameter of 14,2 mm, is DH.