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Graphical symbols for diagrams — Part 5: Measurement and control devices

Symboles graphiques pour schémas —

Partie 5: Dispositifs de mesure et appareils de commande



Reference number
ISO 14617-5:2002(E)

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 3.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this part of ISO 14617 may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO 14617-5 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 10, *Technical product documentation*, Subcommittee SC 10, *Process plant documentation and tpd-symbols*.

ISO 14617 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Graphical symbols for diagrams*:

- *Part 1: General information and indexes*
- *Part 2: Symbols having general application*
- *Part 3: Connections and related devices*
- *Part 4: Actuators and related devices*
- *Part 5: Measurement and control devices*
- *Part 6: Measurement and control functions*
- *Part 7: Basic mechanical components*
- *Part 8: Valves and dampers*
- *Part 9: Pumps, compressors and fans*
- *Part 10: Fluid power converters*
- *Part 11: Devices for heat transfer and heat engines*
- *Part 12: Devices for separating, purification and mixing*
- *Part 15: Installation diagrams and network maps*

Other parts are under preparation.

This corrected version of ISO 14617-5:2002 incorporates the correction of the descriptions of symbols 832, 833 and 834 from "Indicator", "Recorder" and "Integrator" to Indicating (measuring) instrument, Recording (measuring) instrument and Integrating (measuring) instrument.

Introduction

The purpose of ISO 14617 in its final form is the creation of a library of harmonized graphical symbols for diagrams used in technical applications. This work has been, and will be, performed in close cooperation between ISO and IEC. The ultimate result is intended to be published as a standard common to ISO and IEC, which their technical committees responsible for specific application fields can use in preparing International Standards and manuals.

Graphical symbols for diagrams —

Part 5: Measurement and control devices

1 Scope

This part of ISO 14617 specifies graphical symbols for components and devices used in measurement and control systems, represented in diagrams.

For the fundamental rules of creation and application of graphical symbols in diagrams, see ISO 81714-1.

For an overview of ISO 14617, information on the creation and use of registration numbers for identifying graphical symbols used in diagrams, rules for the presentation and application of these symbols, and examples of their use and application, see ISO 14617-1.

2 Normative references

The following normative documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this part of ISO 14617. For dated references, subsequent amendments to, or revisions of, any of these publications do not apply. However, parties to agreements based on this part of ISO 14617 are encouraged to investigate the possibility of applying the most recent editions of the normative documents indicated below. For undated references, the latest edition of the normative document referred to applies. Members of ISO and IEC maintain registers of currently valid International Standards.

ISO 31 (all parts), *Quantities and units*

ISO 14617-1:2002, *Graphical symbols for diagrams — Part 1: General information and indexes*

ISO 14617-2:2002, *Graphical symbols for diagrams — Part 2: Symbols having general application*

ISO 14617-4:2002, *Graphical symbols for diagrams — Part 4: Actuators and related devices*

ISO 81714-1:1999, *Design of graphical symbols for use in the technical documentation of products — Part 1: Basic rules*

IEC 60027 (all parts), *Letter symbols to be used in electrical technology*

IEC 60617-6:1996, *Graphical symbols for diagrams — Part 6: Production and conversion of electrical energy*

IEC 60617-12:1997, *Graphical symbols for diagrams — Part 12: Binary logic elements*

IEC 60617-13:1993, *Graphical symbols for diagrams — Part 13: Analogue elements*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this part of ISO 14617, the following terms and definitions apply.

NOTE The list has been restricted to terms whose meaning is not obvious and which have not been defined elsewhere in an International Standard, or which have been defined in various ways in different standards. In preparing these definitions, ISO and IEC standards on terminology have been consulted; see the references in parentheses. However, most of the definitions in those standards were prepared by different technical committees within a restricted scope. This means that many terms so defined have to be given more general or neutral definitions when applied in the context of graphical symbols.

3.1

sensor

primary element of a measuring chain which converts the input variable into a signal suitable for measurement

[ISO 5598, IEC 60050-351]

3.2

signal converter

device which changes a signal into a different signal, the physical nature of the output being the same as that of the input

[IEC 60050-351]

3.3

measuring transducer

transmitter

device which accepts information in the form of a physical or chemical variable and converts it to an output variable of the same or another nature, according to a definite law

[IEC 60050-351]

3.4

detector

device which accepts information in the form of a physical or chemical variable and transmits a binary signal at a specified condition.

cf. measuring transducer (3.3)

3.5

indicator

device which shows the presence or absence of a phenomenon such as pressure, flow, and position or state, but which does not measure it

[ISO 5598]

3.6

dead band

threshold

finite range of values within which a variation of the input variable does not produce any noticeable change in the output variable

[IEC 60050-351]

3.7

bias

function giving an output corresponding to that portion of an input signal exceeding a predetermined threshold value

[IEC 60050-393]