
International Standard



331

INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION FOR STANDARDIZATION • МЕЖДУНАРОДНАЯ ОРГАНИЗАЦИЯ ПО СТАНДАРТИЗАЦИИ • ORGANISATION INTERNATIONALE DE NORMALISATION

Coal — Determination of moisture in the analysis sample — Direct gravimetric method

Charbon — Détermination de l'humidité de l'échantillon pour analyse — Méthode gravimétrique directe

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of developing International Standards is carried out through ISO technical committees. Every member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been authorized has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for approval before their acceptance as International Standards by the ISO Council.

International Standard ISO 331 was developed by Technical Committee ISO/TC 27, *Solid mineral fuels*.

This second edition was submitted directly to the ISO Council, in accordance with clause 6.11.2 of part 1 of the Directives for the technical work of ISO. It cancels and replaces the first edition (i.e. ISO 331-1975), which had been approved by the member bodies of the following countries:

Austria	India	Romania
Bulgaria	Israel	South Africa, Rep. of
Canada	Italy	Spain
Chile	Japan	Turkey
Czechoslovakia	Netherlands	United Kingdom
Denmark	New Zealand	USA
France	Poland	USSR
Germany, F.R.	Portugal	Yugoslavia

The member body of the following country had expressed disapproval of the document on technical grounds:

Belgium