
INTERNATIONAL STANDARD



3361

INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION FOR STANDARDIZATION • МЕЖДУНАРОДНАЯ ОРГАНИЗАЦИЯ ПО СТАНДАРТИЗАЦИИ • ORGANISATION INTERNATIONALE DE NORMALISATION

Phosphoric acid for industrial use — Determination of soluble silica content — Reduced molybdosilicate spectrophotometric method

Acide phosphorique à usage industriel — Dosage de la silice soluble — Méthode spectrophotométrique au molybdosilicate réduit

First edition — 1975-07-15

APBI Internat Doc Sect

JUL 16 1975

UDC 661.634 : 546.284 : 543.42

Ref. No. ISO 3361-1975 (E)

Descriptors : phosphoric acids, chemical analysis, determination of content, silicon dioxide, spectrophotometric analysis.

AVA Documents
Document Sharing Hub
Price based on 4 pages

FOREWORD

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards institutes (ISO Member Bodies). The work of developing International Standards is carried out through ISO Technical Committees. Every Member Body interested in a subject for which a Technical Committee has been set up has the right to be represented on that Committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work.

Draft International Standards adopted by the Technical Committees are circulated to the Member Bodies for approval before their acceptance as International Standards by the ISO Council.

International Standard ISO 3361 was drawn up by Technical Committee ISO/TC 47, *Chemistry*, and circulated to the Member Bodies in January 1974.

It has been approved by the Member Bodies of the following countries :

Belgium	India	Spain
Bulgaria	Israel	Switzerland
Chile	Italy	Thailand
Czechoslovakia	Netherlands	Turkey
Egypt, Arab Rep. of	New Zealand	United Kingdom
France	Poland	U.S.S.R.
Germany	Romania	Yugoslavia
Hungary	South Africa, Rep. of	

No Member Body expressed disapproval of the document.

© International Organization for Standardization, 1975 •

Printed in Switzerland