
INTERNATIONAL STANDARD



3706

INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION FOR STANDARDIZATION • МЕЖДУНАРОДНАЯ ОРГАНИЗАЦИЯ ПО СТАНДАРТИЗАЦИИ • ORGANISATION INTERNATIONALE DE NORMALISATION

Phosphoric acid for industrial use (including foodstuffs) — Determination of total phosphorus(V) oxide content — Quinoline phosphomolybdate gravimetric method

Acide phosphorique à usage industriel (y compris les industries alimentaires) — Dosage de l'oxyde de phosphore(V) total — Méthode gravimétrique au phosphomolybdate de quinoléine

First edition — 1976-11-15

NOV - 3 1976

ANSI Internat Doc Sect

UDC 661.634 : 546.185-31 : 543.21

Ref. No. ISO 3706-1976 (E)

Descriptors : phosphoric acid, food additives, food industry, chemical analysis, determination of content, phosphorus oxides, gravimetric analysis, quinoline phosphomolybdate.

AVA Documents
Document Sharing Hub
Price based on 3 pages

FOREWORD

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards institutes (ISO Member Bodies). The work of developing International Standards is carried out through ISO Technical Committees. Every Member Body interested in a subject for which a Technical Committee has been set up has the right to be represented on that Committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work.

Draft International Standards adopted by the Technical Committees are circulated to the Member Bodies for approval before their acceptance as International Standards by the ISO Council.

International Standard ISO 3706 was drawn up by Technical Committee ISO/TC 47, *Chemistry*, and was circulated to the Member Bodies in February 1975.

It has been approved by the Member Bodies of the following countries :

Austria	Israel	Romania
Belgium	Italy	South Africa, Rep. of
Brazil	Netherlands	Switzerland
France	New Zealand	Turkey
Germany	Poland	United Kingdom
Hungary	Portugal	Yugoslavia

No Member Body expressed disapproval of the document.