

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD



742

INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION FOR STANDARDIZATION • МЕЖДУНАРОДНАЯ ОРГАНИЗАЦИЯ ПО СТАНДАРТИЗАЦИИ • ORGANISATION INTERNATIONALE DE NORMALISATION

Sodium carbonate for industrial use — Determination of chloride content — Mercurimetric method

First edition — 1973-02-15

FEB 24 1973

ANSI Internat Doc Sect

UDC 661.833.622 : 546.132 : 543.24

Ref. No. ISO 742-1973 (E)

Descriptors : sodium carbonates, chemical analysis, volumetric analysis, determination of content, chlorides.

ISO 742-1973 (E)

AVA Documents
Price based on 2 pages
Document Sharing Hub

FOREWORD

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards institutes (ISO Member Bodies). The work of developing International Standards is carried out through ISO Technical Committees. Every Member Body interested in a subject for which a Technical Committee has been set up has the right to be represented on that Committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work.

Draft International Standards adopted by the Technical Committees are circulated to the Member Bodies for approval before their acceptance as International Standards by the ISO Council.

International Standard ISO 742 (originally Draft No. 2459) was drawn up by Technical Committee ISO/TC 47, *Chemistry*.

It was approved in January 1972 by the Member Bodies of the following countries :

Austria	India	Portugal
Belgium	Ireland	South Africa, Rep. of
Chile	Israel	Spain
Czechoslovakia	Italy	Switzerland
Egypt, Arab Rep. of	Korea, Dem. P. Rep. of	Thailand
France	Netherlands	United Kingdom
Germany	New Zealand	U.S.A.
Hungary	Poland	U.S.S.R.

No Member Body expressed disapproval of the document.

This International Standard cancels and replaces ISO Recommendation R 742-1968, *Sodium carbonate for industrial use — Determination of chloride content — Volhard volumetric method*.

© International Organization for Standardization, 1973 •

Printed in Switzerland