
**Information technology — Biometric
application programming interface**

**Part 1:
BioAPI specification**

AMENDMENT 1: BioGUI specification

*Technologies de l'information — Interface de programmation
d'applications biométriques*

Partie 1: Spécifications BioAPI

AMENDEMENT 1: Spécifications BioGUI

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Foreword

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International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of the joint technical committee is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the joint technical committee are circulated to national bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the national bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO and IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

Amendment 1 to ISO/IEC 19784-1 was prepared by Joint Technical Committee ISO/IEC JTC 1, *Information technology*, Subcommittee SC 37, *Biometrics*.

It defines a new version of BioAPI (BioAPI 2.1) that:

- a) extends and improves the "application-controlled GUI" feature of BioAPI;
- b) produces alignment between BioAPI and ISO/IEC 19785-1:2006, *Information technology — Common Biometric Exchange Formats Framework — Data element specification*
- c) provides for other standards to modify BioAPI framework behaviour to support the use of biometric service providers (BSPs) that are remote from the controlling applications.

Introduction

With this amendment, ISO/IEC 19784-1 specifies two versions of BioAPI: 2.0 and 2.1. All the provisions that apply only to one version of BioAPI (either 2.0 or 2.1) are labeled as such.

The main difference of BioAPI 2.1 from BioAPI 2.0 is the support it provides for BioGUI. BioGUI stands for "BioAPI Graphical User Interface". The functionality specified in this amendment enables an application to control the display of graphics at enrollment, verification and identification as an alternative to using the graphical user interface provided by BSPs.

Secondly, BioAPI 2.1 also aligns the values of the type definition BioAPI_BIR_BIOMETRIC_TYPE with those specified in ISO/IEC 19785-1:2006.

Thirdly, it provides additional functions and parameters that are redundant in a purely local implementation of BioAPI, but which enable other standards (interworking standards - see 4.29) to modify the behaviour of a BioAPI framework to support interactions between an application and remote BSPs.

Finally, it provides improvements to some of the functions and parameters defined for BioAPI 2.0, particularly in relation to support for tenprint capture, the electronic capture of ten human fingerprints.

This amendment redefines (in the specification of BioAPI 2.1) portions of the BioAPI 2.0 specification that define BioAPI types, macros, functions and callback functions (particularly those related to the application-controlled GUI feature) with a new set of definitions that provide more functionality. Some of the old BioAPI 2.0 definitions are completely replaced by new definitions (with the same or with different names), while others are extended by the addition of one or more parameters. Some types and functions are entirely new in BioAPI 2.1.

The resulting specification is expected to better meet the needs of biometric applications that wish to have full control of the user interface during enrollment, verification and identification, that need to be able to work with remote BSPs, or that need added functionality for interaction with local BSPs.

Information technology — Biometric application programming interface

Part 1: BioAPI specification

AMENDMENT 1: BioGUI specification

1) General amendment items

1-1) *Replace the last paragraph of the Foreword with the following:*

The first edition of this part of ISO/IEC 19784 was the first ISO/IEC standard on BioAPI. Previous versions of the specification were published by ANSI and the BioAPI Consortium. As the last official non-ISO specification was designated BioAPI 1.1, the versions specified in this part of ISO/IEC 19784 are designated BioAPI 2.0 and BioAPI 2.1.

1-2) *Replace the first paragraph of the Introduction with:*

This part of ISO/IEC 19784 provides a high-level generic biometric authentication model suited to most forms of biometric technology. No explicit support for multimodal biometrics is provided.

1-3) *Insert the following paragraph after the third paragraph of the Introduction*

This part of ISO/IEC 19784 specifies the behaviour of the BioAPI Framework when applications and BSPs are in the same system. Other interworking standards (see 4.29) specify modifications of that behaviour that enable both BSPs and Graphical User Interfaces to be remote from the system containing an application.

NOTE: ISO/IEC 24708 specifying the BioAPI Interworking Protocol (BIP) [6] is an example of an interworking standard.

2) Amendment items for the application-controlled GUI

2-1) *Add the following text after 4.28:*

4.29

interworking standards

standards that modify the behaviour of the BioAPI Framework (and BioAPI conformance requirements) to support the use of communications links to enable an application to interact with a remote BSP using a standardised protocol

4.30

test-verify

test-verification

one-to-one process of comparing a single biometric sample against a candidate of a biometric reference template at enrollment to determine whether the candidate template matches the test sample

4.31

enroll type

value denoting a pattern of suboperations performed by a BSP during an enroll operation

2-2) Add the following text after 6.1.8 d), after replacing “.” at the end of c) with “; and”:

- e) providing graphical information to the application about an ongoing enrollment, verification, or identification operation.

2-3) Replace the heading of subclause 7.8 with the following text:

7.8 BioAPI_BIR_BIOMETRIC_TYPE (BioAPI 2.0)

This subclause applies only when the BioAPI version number in use is 2.0.

2-4) Add the following text after subclause 7.57 (BioAPI_VERSION):

7.58 BioAPI_BIR_BIOMETRIC_TYPE (BioAPI 2.1)

This subclause applies only when the BioAPI version number in use is 2.1.

A mask that describes the set of biometric types (factors) contained within a BioAPI BIR or supported by a BSP.

```
typedef uint32_t BioAPI_BIR_BIOMETRIC_TYPE;
```

```
#define BioAPI_NO_BIOTYPE_AVAILABLE           (0x00000000)
#define BioAPI_TYPE_MULTIPLE_BIOMETRIC_TYPES (0x00000001)
#define BioAPI_TYPE_FACE                     (0x00000002)
#define BioAPI_TYPE_VOICE                    (0x00000004)
#define BioAPI_TYPE_FINGER                   (0x00000008)
#define BioAPI_TYPE_IRIS                    (0x00000010)
#define BioAPI_TYPE_RETINA                   (0x00000020)
#define BioAPI_TYPE_HAND_GEOMETRY           (0x00000040)
#define BioAPI_TYPE_SIGNATURE_SIGN          (0x00000080)
#define BioAPI_TYPE_KEYSTROKE                (0x00000100)
#define BioAPI_TYPE_LIP_MOVEMENT            (0x00000200)
#define BioAPI_TYPE_GAIT                     (0x00001000)
#define BioAPI_TYPE_VEIN                    (0x00002000)
#define BioAPI_TYPE_DNA                      (0x00004000)
#define BioAPI_TYPE_EAR                     (0x00008000)
#define BioAPI_TYPE_FOOT                    (0x00010000)
#define BioAPI_TYPE_SCENT                    (0x00020000)
#define BioAPI_TYPE_OTHER                   (0x40000000)
#define BioAPI_TYPE_PASSWORD                (0x80000000)
```

NOTE 1: BioAPI_TYPE_MULTIPLE_BIOMETRIC_TYPES is used to indicate that the biometric samples contained within the BDB (BIR BiometricData) include biometric samples from more than one type of biometric sensor unit (e.g.,

fingerprint and facial data). Location of the individual samples within the BDB is specified by the Format Owner and identified by the value of the Format Type.

NOTE 2: The condition NO VALUE AVAILABLE is indicated by setting the value to zero. BIRs that are not originally created by BioAPI BSPs should use this value when transformed into a BioAPI BIR if Biometric Type information is not available in the original source record. Transformed BIRs whose biometric type does not correspond to one of the defined types shall use the value for OTHER.

NOTE 3: The BioAPI BIR Biometric Type corresponds to the "CBEFF_BDB_biometric_type" in ISO/IEC 19785-1.

NOTE 4: Although "password" is not a biometric characteristic, BioAPI_TYPE_PASSWORD is included as a valid BioAPI_BIR_BIOMETRIC_TYPE to support its use a) for development & test environments, and b) as an additional authentication factor within a BioAPI application.

NOTE 5: The names of several biometric types are different in BioAPI 2.1 from the names used in BioAPI 2.0, with no change in semantics, and several new biometric types are present in BioAPI 2.1. Finally, the "thermal" types are present in BioAPI 2.0 but are absent from BioAPI 2.1. These differences are in order to align with ISO/IEC 19785-1.

NOTE 6: The names of the following values differ between BioAPI 2.0 and BioAPI 2.1, but their semantics is the same. The BioAPI 2.1 names are aligned with ISO/IEC 19785-1 (CBEFF).

Name in BioAPI 2.0	Name in BioAPI 2.1	Encoding
MULTIPLE	MULTIPLE_BIOMETRIC_TYPES	0x00000001
FACIAL_FEATURES	FACE	0x00000002
FINGERPRINT	FINGER	0x00000008
SIGNATURE_DYNAMICS	SIGNATURE_SIGN	0x00000080
KEYSTROKE_DYNAMICS	KEYSTROKE	0x00000100

NOTE 7: The following values are not present BioAPI 2.0 but are present in BioAPI 2.1 for consistency with ISO/IEC 19785-1 (CBEFF).

Added value	Encoding
NO_BIOTYPE_AVAILABLE	0x00000000
VEIN	0x00002000
DNA	0x00004000
EAR	0x00008000
FOOT	0x00010000
SCENT	0x00020000

2-5) Replace the heading of subclause 7.14 with the following text:

7.14 BioAPI_BIR_SUBTYPE (BioAPI 2.0)

This subclause applies only when the BioAPI version number in use is 2.0.

2-6) Add the following text after 7.58:

7.59 BioAPI_BIR_SUBTYPE (BioAPI 2.1)

7.59.1 This subclause applies only when the BioAPI version number in use is 2.1.

7.59.2 This identifies a subtype within the BDB type (specified in the BioAPI_BIR_BIOMETRIC_TYPE). Its values and their meaning are defined by the specifier of that BDB type.

NOTE: In the BioAPI 2.1 definition of this type, multiple bits can be set. This definition is aligned with ISO/IEC 19785-1.

```
typedef uint8_t BioAPI_BIR_SUBTYPE;

#define BioAPI_BIR_SUBTYPE_VEIN_ONLY_MASK          (0x80)
#define BioAPI_BIR_SUBTYPE_LEFT_MASK              (0x01)
#define BioAPI_BIR_SUBTYPE_RIGHT_MASK              (0x02)

#define BioAPI_BIR_SUBTYPE_THUMB                    (0x04)
#define BioAPI_BIR_SUBTYPE_POINTERFINGER            (0x08)
#define BioAPI_BIR_SUBTYPE_MIDDLEFINGER             (0x10)
#define BioAPI_BIR_SUBTYPE_RINGFINGER               (0x20)
#define BioAPI_BIR_SUBTYPE_LITTLEFINGER            (0x40)

#define BioAPI_BIR_SUBTYPE_VEIN_PALM                (0x04)
#define BioAPI_BIR_SUBTYPE_VEIN_BACKOFHAND          (0x08)
#define BioAPI_BIR_SUBTYPE_VEIN_WRIST               (0x10)

#define BioAPI_NO_SUBTYPE_AVAILABLE                 (0x00)
```

7.59.3 This structure is a bitmask, with the bits defined as shown below. Bit 7 is used to indicate the interpretation of the lower-order bits. Bit positions zero (0) and one (1) always indicate left and right respectively. When bit position 7 is not set, these bit positions may apply to any biometric type; however, bit positions 2-6 are specific to the finger and vein biometric types. When bit position 7 is set, then the remaining bit positions apply to the vein biometric type only.

Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
0 (Any)	Little	Ring	Middle	Pointer	Thumb	Right	Left
1 (Vein only)	Reserved	Reserved	Wrist	Back of Hand	Palm	Right	Left

NOTE: Vein biometric data may be obtained from the fingers (Bit 7 set to zero), or from the wrists, palm, or backs of either hand (Bit 7 set to 1).

7.59.4 Zero or more bits may be set. The abstract value NO VALUE AVAILABLE is indicated by setting all bits to zero.

NOTE The abstract value NO VALUE AVAILABLE can be used with BIRs that are not originally created by a BioAPI BSP but have been transformed from another data format. It can also be used when none of the other values are applicable or information is not available.

7.59.5 The bit positions BioAPI_BIR_SUBTYPE_THUMB through BioAPI_BIR_SUBTYPE_LITTLEFINGER can be used to identify the instance(s) of a biometric type related to the fingers.

NOTE: The BioAPI BIR Subtype corresponds to the "CBEFF_BDB_biometric_subtype" in ISO/IEC 19785-1.

7.59.6 If one or more of the bit positions BioAPI_BIR_SUBTYPE_THUMB through BioAPI_BIR_SUBTYPE_LITTLEFINGER are set, then either or both the bit positions BioAPI_BIR_SUBTYPE_LEFT_MASK and BioAPI_BIR_SUBTYPE_RIGHT_MASK shall also be set. When only the former is set, the subtype value designates one or more fingers of the left hand. When only the latter is set, the subtype value designates one or more fingers of the right hand. When both are set, the value designates one or more fingers of both hands (the same finger locations in both).

NOTE: It is not possible to designate, for example, a set of fingers consisting of the index finger of the left hand and the medium finger of the right hand.

7.59.7 When a value with multiple finger bits set occurs in a BIR header (or is used as an input parameter of a BioAPI function that performs capture), it is not strictly required that all the specified finger instances be actually present in the BDB of the BIR (or be actually captured). However, it is recommended that all the designated finger instances be present in the BDB except in the case of missing fingers and similar exceptional situations. Likewise, if the subtype field of a BIR designates multiple fingers, it is acceptable for the BDB of that BIR to include data about an extra finger if the subject happens to have six fingers in his or her hand.

7.59.8 If none of the finger bit positions BioAPI_BIR_SUBTYPE_THUMB through BioAPI_BIR_SUBTYPE_LITTLEFINGER are set, then the bit positions BioAPI_BIR_SUBTYPE_LEFT_MASK and BioAPI_BIR_SUBTYPE_RIGHT_MASK can be used to identify an instance of a biometric type for which there is one left instance and one right instance (for example, iris), or also the single instance of a biometric type for which there is only one instance (for example, face).

7.59.9 Vein data taken from one or more fingers is indicated by setting bit position 7 to zero, setting one or both of bit positions 0 and 1, and setting one or more of the finger bit positions (3-7). Vein data taken from one of the other sources (wrist, palm, or back of hand) is indicated by setting bit position 7 to one, setting one or both of bit positions 0 and 1, and setting one of bit positions 3-5 as appropriate).

NOTE 1: BIRs that are not originally created by a BioAPI BSP but have been transformed from another data format and for which subtype information is not available may use the NO VALUE AVAILABLE condition.

NOTE 2: The BioAPI BIR Subtype corresponds to the "CBEFF_BDB_biometric_subtype" in ISO/IEC 19785-1.

NOTE 3: This structure is primarily used within a BIR header; however, it is also used as an input parameter for functions that capture biometric data. The BioAPI_NO_SUBTYPE_AVAILABLE value is used in the BIR header when subtype information is not available. BioAPI_NO_SUBTYPE_AVAILABLE is also used as a function parameter when the application allows the BSP to determine which subtype is to be captured.

7.59.10 The use of the bit position BioAPI_BIR_SUBTYPE_MULTIPLE is not recommended when the BioAPI version number in use is 2.1.

2-7) Replace subclause 7.57 (BioAPI_VERSION) with the following text:

7.57 BioAPI_VERSION

This type is used to represent the version of the BioAPI or FPI specification to which components or data have been implemented. This type is used in the function BioAPI_Init, within the BIR header, and within schemas in the component registry.

The two following values are specified in this edition of this International Standard:

(1) 32 decimal (20 hex), corresponding to a Major value of 2 and a Minor value of 0, and representing BioAPI 2.0; and

(2) 33 decimal (21 hex), corresponding to a Major value of 2 and a Minor value of 1, and representing BioAPI 2.1.

```
typedef uint8_t BioAPI_VERSION;
```

NOTE 1: This type is not used for product versions, which are generally represented by strings.

NOTE 2: The BioAPI Version used within the BIR header corresponds to the "CBEFF_patron_header_version" in ISO/IEC 19785-1.

The BioAPI Version is a concatenation of the major and minor version values such that first hex digit represents the major version and the second hex digit represents the minor version:

BioAPI_VERSION 0xnm

where n = MajorVersion and m=MinorVersion:

2-8) Replace the heading of subclause 7.16 (BioAPI_BSP_SCHEMA) with the following text:

7.16 BioAPI_BSP_SCHEMA (BioAPI 2.0)

This subclause applies only when the BioAPI version number in use is 2.0.

2-9) Add the following text after 7.59:

7.60 BioAPI_BSP_SCHEMA (BioAPI 2.1)

7.60.1 This subclause applies only when the BioAPI version number in use is 2.1.

7.60.2 Information about a BSP, maintained in the component registry.

```
typedef struct bioapi_bsp_schema {
    BioAPI_UUID BSPUuid;
    BioAPI_STRING BSPDescription;
    uint8_t *Path;
    BioAPI_VERSION SpecVersion;
    BioAPI_STRING ProductVersion;
    BioAPI_STRING Vendor;
    BioAPI_BIR_BIOMETRIC_DATA_FORMAT *BSPSupportedFormats;
    uint32_t NumSupportedFormats;
    BioAPI_BIR_BIOMETRIC_TYPE FactorsMask;
    BioAPI_OPERATIONS_MASK Operations;
    BioAPI_OPTIONS_MASK Options;
    BioAPI_FMR PayloadPolicy;
    uint32_t MaxPayloadSize;
    int32_t DefaultVerifyTimeout;
    int32_t DefaultIdentifyTimeout;
    int32_t DefaultCaptureTimeout;
    int32_t DefaultEnrollTimeout;
    int32_t DefaultCalibrateTimeout;
    uint32_t MaxBSPDbSize;
    uint32_t MaxIdentify;
    uint32_t MaxNumEnrollInstances;
    uint8_t *HostingEndpointIRI;
    BioAPI_UUID BSPAccessUUID;
}BioAPI_BSP_SCHEMA;
```

7.60.3 Definitions

BSPUuid – UUID of the BSP.

BSPDescription – A NUL-terminated string containing a text description of the BSP.

Path – A pointer to a NUL-terminated string containing the path of the file containing the BSP executable code, including the filename. The path may be a URL. This string shall consist of ISO/IEC 10646 characters encoded in UTF-8 (see ISO/IEC 10646, Annex D).

NOTE: When **BioAPI_BSP_SCHEMA** is used within a function call, the component that receives the call allocates the memory for the **Path** schema element and the calling component frees the memory.

SpecVersion – Major/minor version number of the BioAPI specification to which the BSP was implemented.

ProductVersion – The version string of the BSP software.

Vendor – A NUL-terminated string containing the name of the BSP vendor.

BSPSupportedFormats – A pointer to an array of **BioAPI_BIR_BIOMETRIC_DATA_FORMAT** structures specifying the supported BDB formats.

NumSupportedFormats – Number of supported formats contained in **BSPSupportedFormats**.

FactorsMask – A mask which indicates which biometric types are supported by the BSP.

Operations – A mask which indicates which operations are supported by the BSP.

Options – A mask which indicates which options are supported by the BSP.

PayloadPolicy – Threshold setting (maximum FMR value) used to determine when to release the payload after successful verification.

MaxPayloadSize – Maximum payload size (in bytes) that the BSP can accept.

DefaultVerifyTimeout – Default timeout value in milliseconds used by the BSP for **BioAPI_Verify** operations when no timeout is specified by the application.

DefaultIdentifyTimeout – Default timeout value in milliseconds used by the BSP for **BioAPI_Identify** and **BioAPI_IdentifyMatch** operations when no timeout is specified by the application.

DefaultCaptureTimeout – Default timeout value in milliseconds used by the BSP for **BioAPI_Capture** operations when no timeout is specified by the application.

DefaultEnrollTimeout – Default timeout value in milliseconds used by the BSP for **BioAPI_Enroll** operations when no timeout is specified by the application.

DefaultCalibrateTimeout – Default timeout value in milliseconds used by the BSP for sensor calibration operations when no timeout is specified by the application.

MaxBSPDbSize – Maximum size of a BSP-controlled BIR database.

NOTE 1: Applies only when a BSP is only capable of directly managing a single archive unit.

NOTE 2: A value of zero means that no information about the database size is being provided for one of the following three reasons:

- a) databases are not supported,
- b) it is capable of managing multiple units (either directly or through a BFP interface), each of which may have a different “maximum size” and information about these units will be provided as part of the insert notification (part of Unit Schema), or
- c) one archive unit is supported, but the information is not given here – it will be provided in the insert notification.

MaxIdentify – Largest population supported by the identify function. Unlimited = FFFFFFFF.

MaxNumEnrollInstances – The maximum number of distinct instances that a BSP can create reference templates for in one enroll operation. This information can be useful to an application that uses the application-controlled GUI feature.

HostingEndpointIRI – An IRI identifying the framework whose component registry contains a registration of the BSP. This parameter shall be ignored by frameworks conforming to this part of this International Standard and shall be set to NULL by an application. It is provided to support interworking standards, which may specify the use of identical BSPs present on multiple computers from within an application running on the same or a different computer.

BSPAccessUUID – A UUID, unique within the scope of an application, which the application may use to refer to the BSP as an alternative to the BSP product UUID. This parameter shall be ignored by frameworks conforming to this part of this International Standard and can be set to any UUID value by an application. It is provided to support interworking standards, which may specify the use of identical BSPs present on multiple computers from within an application running on the same or a different computer.

NOTE: The "BSPAccess_UUID" and the "HostingendpointIRI" are part of the definition of the C type **BioAPI_BSP_SCHEMA**, but are not part of the BSP schema information stored in the component registry (see Table 3).

7.60.4 See subclause 10.1.2 and 10.2.1 for further explanation of schema elements and for BSP insertion of information into the component registry.

2-10) Replace the parameter definitions in 7.28.2 with the following text:

BSPUuid (input) – The UUID of the BSP raising the event.

UnitID (input) – The unit ID of the BioAPI Unit associated with the event.

AppNotifyCallbackCtx (input) – A generic pointer to context information that was provided in the call to **BioAPI_BSPLoad** that established the event handler.

UnitSchema (input) – A pointer to the unit schema of the BioAPI Unit associated with the event.

EventType (input) – The **BioAPI_EVENT** that has occurred.

2-11) Replace the heading of subclause 7.31 (BioAPI_GUI_BITMAP) with the following text:

7.31 BioAPI_GUI_BITMAP (BioAPI 2.0)

This subclause applies only when the BioAPI version number in use is 2.0.

2-12) Add the following text after 7.60:

7.61 BioAPI_GUI_BITMAP (BioAPI 2.1)

7.61.1 This subclause applies only when the BioAPI version number in use is 2.1.

7.61.2 This structure provides a graphic for display by the application.

```
typedef struct bioapi_gui_bitmap {
    BioAPI_BIR_SUBTYPE_MASK SubtypeMask;
    /* The subtype (or subtypes) of the sample represented
       by the bitmap */
    uint32_t Width;
    /* Width of bitmap in pixels (number of pixels for each line) */
    uint32_t Height;
    /* Height of bitmap in pixels (number of lines) */
    BioAPI_DATA Bitmap;
} BioAPI_GUI_BITMAP;
```

7.61.3 Definitions

Bitmap – A series of 8-bit grayscale pixels (where '00' = black and 'FF' = white), read from left to right, top to bottom, as specified in Table Amd.1-1.

Table Amd.1-1 — GUI bitmap format

Byte position	Meaning	Description
0	line 0, pixel 0	first pixel of first line
1	line 0, pixel 1	second pixel of first line
...	...	
Width - 1	line 0, pixel (Width - 1)	last pixel of first line
Width	line 1, pixel 0	first pixel of second line
...	...	
(Width * Height) - 1	line (Width - 1), pixel (Height - 1)	last line, last pixel

NOTE: This is used with the application-controlled GUI option. See **BioAPI_GUI_STATE_EVENT_HANDLER** and **BioAPI_GUI_PROGRESS_EVENT_HANDLER** descriptions in 7.71.

2-13) Replace the heading of subclause 7.32 (BioAPI_GUI_MESSAGE) with the following text:

7.32 BioAPI_GUI_MESSAGE (BioAPI 2.0)

This subclause applies only when the BioAPI version number in use is 2.0.

2-14) Add the following text after 7.61:

7.62 BioAPI_GUI_ENROLL_TYPE (BioAPI 2.1)

This subclause applies only when the BioAPI version number in use is 2.1.

The type `BioAPI_GUI_ENROLL_TYPE` indicates the enroll type of a BSP, and is defined as follows:

```
typedef uint32_t BioAPI_GUI_ENROLL_TYPE;
#define BioAPI_GUI_ENROLL_TYPE_TEST_VERIFY      (0x00000001)
#define BioAPI_GUI_ENROLL_TYPE_MULTIPLE_CAPTURE (0x00000002)
```

The enroll type of a BSP denotes a pattern of suboperations performed by the BSP during an enroll operation.

The bit position `BioAPI_GUI_ENROLL_TYPE_TEST_VERIFY` indicates, when set, that the BSP supports test verification at enrollment. During an enroll operation, an application receives GUI state event notification callbacks for two capture suboperations, GUI state event notification callbacks for a process suboperation, GUI state event notification callbacks for a create template suboperation, and GUI state event notification callbacks for a verify match suboperation;

The bit position `BioAPI_GUI_ENROLL_TYPE_MULTIPLE_CAPTURE` indicates, when set, that the BSP supports multiple capture suboperations at enrollment. During an enroll operation, an application receives GUI state event notification callbacks for multiple capture suboperations followed by GUI state event notification callbacks for a create template suboperation.

The two bit positions shall not be set at the same time.

NOTE: This restriction is imposed because an application, in order to support a combination of Test-Verify and Multiple-Capture, would need more information about the timing of the suboperations in order to decide the layout of its screen during enrollment.

7.63 BioAPI_GUI_BITMAP_ARRAY (BioAPI 2.1)

This subclause applies only when the BioAPI version number in use is 2.1.

The type `BioAPI_GUI_BITMAP_ARRAY` is defined as follows:

```
typedef struct bioapi_gui_bitmap_array {
    uint32_t      NumberOfMembers;
    BioAPI_GUI_BITMAP *Bitmaps;
    /* A pointer to an array of BioAPI_GUI_BITMAPs */
} BioAPI_GUI_BITMAP_ARRAY;
```

7.64 BioAPI_BIR_SUBTYPE_MASK (BioAPI 2.1)

This subclause applies only when the BioAPI version number in use is 2.1.

The type `BioAPI_BIR_SUBTYPE_MASK` is defined as follows:

```
typedef uint32_t BioAPI_BIR_SUBTYPE_MASK;

#define BioAPI_BIR_SUBTYPE_LEFT_BIT          (0x0001)
#define BioAPI_BIR_SUBTYPE_RIGHT_BIT         (0x0002)
#define BioAPI_BIR_SUBTYPE_LEFT_THUMB_BIT    (0x0004)
#define BioAPI_BIR_SUBTYPE_LEFT_POINTERFINGER_BIT (0x0008)
#define BioAPI_BIR_SUBTYPE_LEFT_MIDDLEFINGER_BIT (0x0010)
#define BioAPI_BIR_SUBTYPE_LEFT_RINGFINGER_BIT (0x0020)
#define BioAPI_BIR_SUBTYPE_LEFT_LITTLEFINGER_BIT (0x0040)
#define BioAPI_BIR_SUBTYPE_RIGHT_THUMB_BIT    (0x0080)
#define BioAPI_BIR_SUBTYPE_RIGHT_POINTERFINGER_BIT (0x0100)
#define BioAPI_BIR_SUBTYPE_RIGHT_MIDDLEFINGER_BIT (0x0200)
#define BioAPI_BIR_SUBTYPE_RIGHT_RINGFINGER_BIT (0x0400)
#define BioAPI_BIR_SUBTYPE_RIGHT_LITTLEFINGER_BIT (0x0800)
#define BioAPI_BIR_SUBTYPE_LEFT_VEIN_PALM_BIT (0x00001000)
```

```
#define BioAPI_BIR_SUBTYPE_LEFT_VEIN_BACKOFHAND_BIT (0x00002000)
#define BioAPI_BIR_SUBTYPE_LEFT_VEIN_WRIST_BIT (0x00004000)
#define BioAPI_BIR_SUBTYPE_RIGHT_VEIN_PALM_BIT (0x00008000)
#define BioAPI_BIR_SUBTYPE_RIGHT_VEIN_BACKOFHAND_BIT (0x00010000)
#define BioAPI_BIR_SUBTYPE_RIGHT_VEIN_WRIST_BIT (0x00020000)
```

NOTE 1: The VEIN values are not present in BioAPI 2.0.

The bit positions **BioAPI_BIR_SUBTYPE_LEFT_BIT** and **BioAPI_BIR_SUBTYPE_RIGHT_BIT** can be used to identify the instance of a biometric modality for which there is one "left" instance and one "right" instance.

NOTE 2: Iris and hand geometry are examples of such modalities.

The other bit positions (from **BioAPI_BIR_SUBTYPE_LEFT_THUMB_BIT** through **BioAPI_BIR_SUBTYPE_RIGHT_LITTLEFINGER_BIT**) can be used to identify the instance of a biometric modality related to the fingers.

NOTE 3: Fingerprint is one such modality.

The value zero (no bit positions set) can be used with biometric modalities for which there is only one instance.

NOTE 4: Signature/sign is one such modality.

7.65 BioAPI_GUI_EVENT_SUBSCRIPTION (BioAPI 2.1)

This subclause applies only when the BioAPI version number in use is 2.1.

This type carries information about an existing named GUI event subscription. It identifies the subscriber application and the named subscription, and indicates which types of GUI events are in the scope of the subscription. This type is specified for use in the **BioAPI_QueryGUIEventSubscriptions** function.

A named GUI event subscription is one that was created by a call to **BioAPI_SubscribeToGUIEvents** specifying a non-NULL GUI event subscription UUID. The framework calls the event handlers specified in a named subscription to notify BSP-generated GUI events that have been redirected to that named subscription (see 8.3.7), and to notify application-generated GUI events (see 8.3.3, 8.3.4, and 8.3.5) directed to that named subscription.

```
typedef struct _bioapi_gui_event_subscription {
    const uint8_t *SubscriberEndpointIRI;
    BioAPI_UUID GUIEventSubscriptionUuid;
    BioAPI_BOOL GUISelectEventSubscribed;
    BioAPI_BOOL GUIStateEventSubscribed;
    BioAPI_BOOL GUIProgressEventSubscribed;
} BioAPI_GUI_EVENT_SUBSCRIPTION;
```

SubscriberEndpointIRI – An IRI -see RFC3987- (originally provided by the framework) that identifies the application that created the named GUI event subscription. This shall be **NULL** if the subscriber application is the same as the current application.

GUIEventSubscriptionUuid – A UUID (originally provided by the subscriber application) that identifies the named GUI event subscription.

GUISelectEventSubscribed – Indicates whether GUI select events are in the scope of the subscription (a non-NULL callback address was originally provided by the subscriber application for the GUI select event handler).

GUIStateEventSubscribed – Indicates whether GUI state events are in the scope of the subscription (a non-NULL callback address was originally provided by the subscriber application for the GUI state event handler).

GUIProgressEventSubscribed – Indicates whether GUI progress events are in the scope of the subscription (a non-NULL callback address was originally provided by the subscriber application for the GUI progress event handler).

7.66 BioAPI_GUI_MOMENT (BioAPI 2.1)

This subclause applies only when the BioAPI version number in use is 2.1.

An enumeration of the moments in which:

- a) a GUI select event can be generated with respect to a suboperation cycle, or
- b) a GUI state or progress event can be generated with respect to a suboperation.

```
typedef uint32_t BioAPI_GUI_MOMENT;  
  
#define BioAPI_GUI_MOMENT_BEFORE_START (1)  
#define BioAPI_GUI_MOMENT_DURING (2)  
#define BioAPI_GUI_MOMENT_AFTER_END (3)
```

The values **BioAPI_GUI_MOMENT_BEFORE_START** and **BioAPI_GUI_MOMENT_AFTER_END** can occur in all types of GUI event notifications, whereas the value **BioAPI_GUI_MOMENT_DURING** can only occur in GUI progress event notifications.

When the value **BioAPI_GUI_MOMENT_BEFORE_START** occurs in a GUI select event notification, it indicates that the BSP is ready to start a new suboperation cycle. A suboperation cycle consists of a single execution of the sequence of suboperations that comprise an operation (see 7.68). There is no limit to the number of suboperation cycles (successful or not) that the application can request to be performed for an operation. However, all the data produced in each cycle shall be discarded when a subsequent cycle is started, and therefore the outcome of an operation (including the return value and the data produced) is always the outcome of its last (or only) suboperation cycle (except in the case of cancellation).

When the value **BioAPI_GUI_MOMENT_AFTER_END** occurs in a GUI select event notification callback, it indicates that the current suboperation cycle has ended. This value does not indicate whether the suboperation cycle has been successful or not, as that information is provided by a separate parameter of the GUI select event notification that contains the result value of the suboperation cycle.

When the value **BioAPI_GUI_MOMENT_BEFORE_START** occurs in a GUI state event notification callback, it indicates that the BSP is ready to start a new suboperation within the current suboperation cycle.

When the value **BioAPI_GUI_MOMENT_AFTER_END** occurs in a GUI state event notification callback, it indicates that the current suboperation performed by the BSP has ended. This value does not indicate whether the suboperation has been successful or not, as that information is provided by a separate parameter of the GUI state event notification which carries the result value of the suboperation cycle.

When the value **BioAPI_GUI_MOMENT_BEFORE_START** occurs in a GUI progress event notification callback, it indicates that the BSP is ready to start a new suboperation within the current suboperation cycle. A GUI progress event with this moment value may be redundant when a GUI state event is also produced, and may be omitted. However, such a GUI progress event is useful for those operations (such as the identify match operation) that do not produce GUI state events.

When the value **BioAPI_GUI_MOMENT_DURING** occurs in a GUI progress event notification callback, it indicates that the suboperation is in progress.

When the value **BioAPI_GUI_MOMENT_AFTER_END** occurs in a GUI progress event notification callback, it indicates that the current suboperation performed by the BSP has ended. A GUI progress event with this moment value may be redundant when a GUI state event is also produced, and may be omitted. However,

such a GUI progress event is useful for those operations (such as the identify match operation) that do not produce GUI state events.

NOTE: This type is used with the application-controlled GUI feature (see 7.71).

2-15) Replace the heading of subclause 7.33 (BioAPI_GUI_PROGRESS) with the following text:

7.33 BioAPI_GUI_PROGRESS (BioAPI 2.0)

This subclause applies only when the BioAPI version number in use is 2.0.

2-16) Add the following text after 7.66:

7.67 BioAPI_GUI_PROGRESS (BioAPI 2.1)

This subclause applies only when the BioAPI version number in use is 2.1.

A value in the range 0 to 100 indicating the percent of completion of a suboperation, intended for display to the subject or an operator.

```
typedef uint8_t BioAPI_GUI_PROGRESS;
```

NOTE: This is used with the application-controlled GUI option. See **BioAPI_GUI_PROGRESS_EVENT** description in 7.71.

7.68 BioAPI_GUI_OPERATION (BioAPI 2.1)

This subclause applies only when the BioAPI version number in use is 2.1.

An enumeration of all BioSPI functions (operations) during which a BSP can generate GUI events.

```
typedef uint8_t BioAPI_GUI_OPERATION;

#define BioAPI_GUI_OPERATION_CAPTURE (1)
#define BioAPI_GUI_OPERATION_PROCESS (2)
#define BioAPI_GUI_OPERATION_CREATETEMPLATE (3)
#define BioAPI_GUI_OPERATION_VERIFYMATCH (4)
#define BioAPI_GUI_OPERATION_IDENTIFYMATCH (5)
#define BioAPI_GUI_OPERATION_VERIFY (6)
#define BioAPI_GUI_OPERATION_IDENTIFY (7)
#define BioAPI_GUI_OPERATION_ENROLL (8)
```

The values of this type occur in GUI event notifications, and identify the type of BioSPI function that was in execution when the BSP produced the GUI event, and to which the GUI event refers.

Table Amd.1-2 specifies the correspondence between BioSPI functions and operations.

Table Amd.1-2 — BioSPI functions and operations

BioSPI function	BioAPI_GUI_OPERATION value	Common name of the operation
BioSPI_Capture	BioAPI_GUI_OPERATION_CAPTURE	capture operation
BioSPI_Process	BioAPI_GUI_OPERATION_PROCESS	process operation
BioSPI_CreateTemplate	BioAPI_GUI_OPERATION_CREATETEMPLATE	create template operation
BioSPI_VerifyMatch	BioAPI_GUI_OPERATION_VERIFYMATCH	verify match operation
BioSPI_IdentifyMatch	BioAPI_GUI_OPERATION_IDENTIFYMATCH	identify match operation
BioSPI_Verify	BioAPI_GUI_OPERATION_VERIFY	verify operation
BioSPI_Identify	BioAPI_GUI_OPERATION_IDENTIFY	identify operation
BioSPI_Enroll	BioAPI_GUI_OPERATION_ENROLL	enroll operation

Table Amd.1-3 specifies which GUI events can be generated by a BSP during the execution of each type of operation.

Table Amd.1-3 — GUI events generated in each operation

Operation	GUI select events	GUI state events	GUI progress events
capture operation	X	X	X
process operation			X
Create template operation			X
verify match operation			X
identify match operation			X
verify operation	X	X	X
identify operation	X	X	X
enroll operation	X	X	X

2-17) Replace the heading of subclause 7.34 (BioAPI_GUI_RESPONSE) with the following text:

7.34 BioAPI_GUI_RESPONSE (BioAPI 2.0)

This subclause applies only when the BioAPI version number in use is 2.0.

2-18) Add the following text after 7.68:

7.69 BioAPI_GUI_RESPONSE (BioAPI 2.1)

This subclause applies only when the BioAPI version number in use is 2.1.

An enumeration of the possible actions to be performed by a BSP after a GUI event notification callback made by the BSP has returned control to the BSP. Before returning from a notification callback, an application assigns a value of this type to an output parameter of the callback (**Response**).

```
typedef uint8_t BioAPI_GUI_RESPONSE;

#define BioAPI_GUI_RESPONSE_DEFAULT (0)
#define BioAPI_GUI_RESPONSE_OP_COMPLETE (1)
#define BioAPI_GUI_RESPONSE_OP_CANCEL (2)
#define BioAPI_GUI_RESPONSE_CYCLE_START (3)
#define BioAPI_GUI_RESPONSE_CYCLE_RESTART (4)
#define BioAPI_GUI_RESPONSE_SUBOP_START (5)
#define BioAPI_GUI_RESPONSE_SUBOP_NEXT (6)
#define BioAPI_GUI_RESPONSE_PROGRESS_CONTINUE (7)
#define BioAPI_GUI_RESPONSE_PROGRESS_ABORT (8)
#define BioAPI_GUI_RESPONSE_RECAPTURE (9)
```

The value **BioAPI_GUI_RESPONSE_OP_COMPLETE** can only be returned in response to a GUI select event notification callback with the moment value **BioAPI_GUI_MOMENT_AFTER_END**. It indicates that the BSP should consider the entire operation complete and should cause the original function call to return the result code of the current suboperation cycle (which can be either **BioAPI_OK** or an error code). After this response from the application, no further GUI event notification callbacks are expected for the same operation.

The value **BioAPI_GUI_RESPONSE_OP_CANCEL** can be returned in response to any GUI event notification callback. It indicates that the BSP should abort the entire operation and cause the original function call to return an error code. After this response from the application, no further GUI event notification callbacks are expected from the BSP for the same operation.

The value **BioAPI_GUI_RESPONSE_CYCLE_START** can only be returned in response to a GUI select event notification callback with the moment value **BioAPI_GUI_MOMENT_BEFORE_START**. It indicates that the BSP should start the suboperation cycle.

The value **BioAPI_GUI_RESPONSE_CYCLE_RESTART** can only be returned in response to a GUI select event notification callback with the moment value **BioAPI_GUI_MOMENT_AFTER_END** or in response to a GUI state or progress event notification callback with any moment value. It indicates that the BSP should discard all the information produced during the current suboperation cycle and should start a new suboperation cycle. After this response from the application, a GUI select event notification callback with the moment value **BioAPI_GUI_MOMENT_BEFORE_START** is expected from the BSP.

The value **BioAPI_GUI_RESPONSE_SUBOP_START** can only be returned in response to a GUI state event notification callback with the moment value **BioAPI_GUI_MOMENT_BEFORE_START**. It indicates that the BSP should start the suboperation.

The value **BioAPI_GUI_RESPONSE_SUBOP_NEXT** can only be returned in response to a GUI state event notification callback with the moment value **BioAPI_GUI_MOMENT_AFTER_END**. It indicates that the BSP should either perform the next suboperation in the current suboperation cycle (if there are more suboperations to be performed) or exit the suboperation cycle (if all the suboperations in the cycle have been performed). After this response from the application, either a GUI state event notification callback with the moment value **BioAPI_GUI_MOMENT_BEFORE_START** or a GUI select event notification callback with the moment value **BioAPI_GUI_MOMENT_AFTER_END** is expected from the BSP (respectively).

The value **BioAPI_GUI_RESPONSE_PROGRESS_CONTINUE** can only be returned in response to a GUI progress event notification callback. It indicates that the BSP should continue performing the suboperation.

The value **BioAPI_GUI_RESPONSE_PROGRESS_ABORT** can only be returned in response to a GUI progress event notification callback. It indicates that the BSP should abort the suboperation and produce an error code. After this response from the application, a GUI state event notification callback with the moment value **BioAPI_GUI_MOMENT_AFTER_END** is expected from the BSP.

The value `BioAPI_GUI_RESPONSE_RECAPTURE` can only be returned in response to a GUI state event notification callback with the moment value `BioAPI_GUI_MOMENT_AFTER_END`. It indicates that the BSP should discard one of the samples captured in the current suboperation cycle (possibly also discarding any reference template and any processed sample created from the sample being discarded) and perform another capture suboperation to produce a new sample. After this response from the application, a GUI state event notification callback with the moment value `BioAPI_GUI_MOMENT_BEFORE_START` (for a capture suboperation with the purpose of enrollment) is expected from the BSP. When the capture suboperation is completed, the BSP shall perform any other suboperations required to complete the current suboperation cycle.

The value `BioAPI_GUI_RESPONSE_DEFAULT` shall be interpreted as the one among the following values which applies to the specific situation in which it is returned: `BioAPI_GUI_RESPONSE_CYCLE_START`, `BioAPI_GUI_RESPONSE_SUBOP_START`, `BioAPI_GUI_RESPONSE_PROCESS_CONTINUE`, `BioAPI_GUI_RESPONSE_SUBOP_NEXT`, or `BioAPI_GUI_RESPONSE_OP_COMPLETE`.

If an application returns a response value other than those permitted in each situation, the BSP shall abort the entire operation and cause the original function call to return an error code. No further GUI event notification callbacks are expected from the BSP for the same operation.

Table Amd.1-4 summarizes the compatibility between types of GUI events, moment values, and responses.

Table Amd.1-4 — GUI responses and GUI events

Response from the application	GUI select event (before start)	GUI state event (before start)	GUI progress event (before start)	GUI progress event (during)	GUI progress event (after end)	GUI state event (after end)	GUI select event (after end)
<code>BioAPI_GUI_RESPONSE_DEFAULT</code>	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
<code>BioAPI_GUI_RESPONSE_CYCLE_START</code>	X						
<code>BioAPI_GUI_RESPONSE_SUBOP_START</code>		X					
<code>BioAPI_GUI_RESPONSE_PROGRESS_CONTINUE</code>			X	X	X		
<code>BioAPI_GUI_RESPONSE_SUBOP_NEXT</code>						X	
<code>BioAPI_GUI_RESPONSE_OP_COMPLETE</code>							X
<code>BioAPI_GUI_RESPONSE_PROGRESS_ABORT</code>			X	X	X		
<code>BioAPI_GUI_RESPONSE_RECAPTURE</code>						X	
<code>BioAPI_GUI_RESPONSE_CYCLE_RESTART</code>		X	X	X	X	X	X
<code>BioAPI_GUI_RESPONSE_OP_CANCEL</code>	X	X	X	X	X	X	X

7.70 BioAPI_GUI_SUBOPERATION (BioAPI 2.1)

This subclause applies only when the BioAPI version number in use is 2.1.

An enumeration of the possible types of suboperations performed by a BSP during an operation, to be reported to the application in GUI event notifications.

```
typedef uint8_t BioAPI_GUI_SUBOPERATION;
```

```

#define BioAPI_GUI_SUBOPERATION_CAPTURE (1)
#define BioAPI_GUI_SUBOPERATION_PROCESS (2)
#define BioAPI_GUI_SUBOPERATION_CREATETEMPLATE (3)
#define BioAPI_GUI_SUBOPERATION_VERIFYMATCH (4)
#define BioAPI_GUI_SUBOPERATION_IDENTIFYMATCH (5)

```

The values of this type occur in GUI event notifications and identify a type of suboperation of the current operation for which the GUI event has been generated.

Table Amd.1-5 shows the types of suboperations (and their number) performed by a BSP during each type of operation (in order). For the operations `BioAPI_GUI_OPERATION_CAPTURE`, `BioAPI_GUI_OPERATION_VERIFY`, `BioAPI_GUI_OPERATION_IDENTIFY`, and `BioAPI_GUI_OPERATION_ENROLL`, the number of suboperations is relative to a complete suboperation cycle (see 7.66) and does not take account of possible recaptures done within the cycle (see 7.69).

Table Amd.1-5 — Suboperations performed in each operation

Operation	Suboperations
<code>BioAPI_GUI_OPERATION_CAPTURE</code> with the purpose of verification or identification	<code>BioAPI_GUI_SUBOPERATION_CAPTURE</code> (one) <code>BioAPI_GUI_SUBOPERATION_PROCESS</code> (zero or one)
<code>BioAPI_GUI_OPERATION_CAPTURE</code> with the purpose of enrollment (when the enroll type is Test-Verify)	<code>BioAPI_GUI_SUBOPERATION_CAPTURE</code> (two) <code>BioAPI_GUI_SUBOPERATION_CREATETEMPLATE</code> (one) <code>BioAPI_GUI_SUBOPERATION_PROCESS</code> (one) <code>BioAPI_GUI_SUBOPERATION_VERIFYMATCH</code> (one)
<code>BioAPI_GUI_OPERATION_CAPTURE</code> with the purpose of enrollment (when the enroll type is Multiple-Capture)	<code>BioAPI_GUI_SUBOPERATION_CAPTURE</code> (multiple) <code>BioAPI_GUI_SUBOPERATION_CREATETEMPLATE</code> (one)
<code>BioAPI_GUI_OPERATION_PROCESS</code>	<code>BioAPI_GUI_SUBOPERATION_PROCESS</code> (one)
<code>BioAPI_GUI_OPERATION_CREATETEMPLATE</code>	<code>BioAPI_GUI_SUBOPERATION_CREATETEMPLATE</code> (one)
<code>BioAPI_GUI_OPERATION_VERIFYMATCH</code>	<code>BioAPI_GUI_SUBOPERATION_VERIFYMATCH</code> (one)
<code>BioAPI_GUI_OPERATION_IDENTIFYMATCH</code>	<code>BioAPI_GUI_SUBOPERATION_IDENTIFYMATCH</code> (one)
<code>BioAPI_GUI_OPERATION_VERIFY</code>	<code>BioAPI_GUI_SUBOPERATION_CAPTURE</code> (one) <code>BioAPI_GUI_SUBOPERATION_PROCESS</code> (one) <code>BioAPI_GUI_SUBOPERATION_VERIFYMATCH</code> (one)
<code>BioAPI_GUI_OPERATION_IDENTIFY</code>	<code>BioAPI_GUI_SUBOPERATION_CAPTURE</code> (one) <code>BioAPI_GUI_SUBOPERATION_PROCESS</code> (one) <code>BioAPI_GUI_SUBOPERATION_IDENTIFYMATCH</code> (one)
<code>BioAPI_GUI_OPERATION_ENROLL</code> (when the enroll type is Test-Verify)	<code>BioAPI_GUI_SUBOPERATION_CAPTURE</code> (two) <code>BioAPI_GUI_SUBOPERATION_CREATETEMPLATE</code> (one) <code>BioAPI_GUI_SUBOPERATION_PROCESS</code> (one) <code>BioAPI_GUI_SUBOPERATION_VERIFYMATCH</code> (one)
<code>BioAPI_GUI_OPERATION_ENROLL</code> (when the enroll type is Multiple-Capture)	<code>BioAPI_GUI_SUBOPERATION_CAPTURE</code> (multiple) <code>BioAPI_GUI_SUBOPERATION_CREATETEMPLATE</code> (one)

2-19) Replace the heading of subclause 7.35 (BioAPI_GUI_STATE) with the following text:

7.35 BioAPI_GUI_STATE (BioAPI 2.0)

This subclause applies only when the BioAPI version number in use is 2.0.

2-20) Replace the heading of subclause 7.36 (BioAPI_GUI_STATE_CALLBACK) with the following text:

7.36 BioAPI_GUI_STATE_CALLBACK (BioAPI 2.0)

This subclause applies only when the BioAPI version number in use is 2.0.

2-21) Replace the heading of subclause 7.37 (BioAPI_GUI_STREAMING_CALLBACK) with the following text:

7.37 BioAPI_GUI_STREAMING_CALLBACK (BioAPI 2.0)

This subclause applies only when the BioAPI version number in use is 2.0.

2-22) Add the following text after 7.70:

7.71 GUI Events

This subclause applies only when the BioAPI version number in use is 2.1.

7.71.1 BioAPI_GUI_SELECT_EVENT_HANDLER (BioAPI 2.1)

7.71.1.1 Callback function

```
typedef BioAPI_RETURN (BioAPI *BioAPI_GUI_SELECT_EVENT_HANDLER)
    (const BioAPI_UUID *BSPUuid,
     BioAPI_UNIT_ID UnitID,
     const BioAPI_HANDLE *BSPHandle,
     BioAPI_GUI_ENROLL_TYPE EnrollType,
     const void *GUISelectEventHandlerCtx,
     BioAPI_GUI_OPERATION Operation,
     BioAPI_GUI_MOMENT Moment,
     BioAPI_RETURN ResultCode,
     int32_t MaxNumEnrollSamples,
     BioAPI_BIR_SUBTYPE_MASK SelectableInstances,
     BioAPI_BIR_SUBTYPE_MASK *SelectedInstances,
     BioAPI_BIR_SUBTYPE_MASK CapturedInstances,
     const uint8_t *Text,
     BioAPI_GUI_RESPONSE *Response);
```

7.71.1.2 Description

This is a function pointer type for an application's GUI event handler function that is to handle GUI select event notification callbacks coming from a BSP through the framework. In order to receive GUI select event notifications, an application shall register a callback function of type **BioAPI_GUI_SELECT_EVENT_HANDLER** by providing the callback address of the function, along with a context address, in a call to **BioAPI_SubscribeToGUIEvents** (see 8.3.8).

The framework makes a callback to an application function of this type each time it receives an incoming callback to a function of type **BioSPI_GUI_SELECT_EVENT_HANDLER** which it exposes to a BSP. The parameters of the callback (except **GUISelectEventHandlerCtx**) shall be set from the parameters of the incoming callback with the same names; the parameter **GUISelectEventHandlerCtx** shall be set from the GUI select context address originally provided by the application in its call to **BioAPI_SubscribeToGUIEvents**; and the callback address shall be set from the GUI select callback address originally provided by the application in the call to **BioAPI_SubscribeToGUIEvents**.

A BSP can generate GUI select events only during the execution of a call to **BioAPI_Capture**, **BioAPI_Verify**, **BioAPI_Identify**, or **BioAPI_Enroll**. A GUI select event with the moment value **BioAPI_GUI_MOMENT_BEFORE_START** is generated before the start of each suboperation cycle, and a GUI select event with the moment value **BioAPI_GUI_MOMENT_AFTER_END** is generated after the end of each suboperation cycle (see 7.66).

The main purpose of the GUI select event notification generated before the start of a suboperation cycle is to inform the application that a new suboperation cycle is ready to start and to allow the application to select the instance(s) to be captured (where such selection is supported by the BSP and is consistent with the biometric modality in use). The main purpose of the GUI select event notification generated after the end of a suboperation cycle is to inform the application about the outcome of the suboperation cycle. The application shall respond to each GUI select notification by indicating whether the suboperation cycle should start, the operation should be considered completed, a new suboperation cycle should be started, or the operation should be canceled (see 7.69).

If the application specifies one or more instances in the **Subtype** parameter of the original function call (**BioAPI_Capture**, **BioAPI_Enroll**, **BioAPI_Verify**, or **BioAPI_Identify**) and this parameter is supported by the BSP, then the parameter **SelectableInstances** is set based on the value of the **Subtype** parameter.

The GUI select event handler function and any functions invoked (directly or indirectly) by that function shall not call any BioAPI function.

If the application returns a value different from **BioAPI_OK**, the original function will immediately return to the caller with an error code.

7.71.1.3 Parameters

BSPUuid (input) – A UUID identifying the BSP to which the GUI event is related.

UnitID (input) – The unit ID of the sensor unit of the BSP to which the GUI event is related.

BSPHandle (input) – The handle of the BSP attach session to which the GUI event is related.

EnrollType (input) – The enroll type of the BSP. This parameter is only meaningful if *Operation* is **BioAPI_GUI_OPERATION_ENROLL**.

GUISelectEventHandlerCtx (input) – The context address originally provided by the subscriber application as part of the GUI event subscription.

Operation (input) – A value indicating the type of operation for which the GUI event has been generated. Only the following values are permitted:

- **BioAPI_GUI_OPERATION_CAPTURE**
- **BioAPI_GUI_OPERATION_VERIFY**
- **BioAPI_GUI_OPERATION_IDENTIFY**
- **BioAPI_GUI_OPERATION_ENROLL**

Moment (input) – A value indicating whether the GUI event has been generated before the start of the suboperation cycle or after the end of the suboperation cycle. Only the following values are permitted:

- **BioAPI_GUI_MOMENT_BEFORE_START**
- **BioAPI_GUI_MOMENT_AFTER_END**

ResultCode (input) – This parameter is significant only if **Moment** is **BioAPI_GUI_MOMENT_AFTER_END**, and shall be set to zero otherwise. When significant, it shall contain the result code of the suboperation cycle that has just ended. The result code can be either **BioAPI_OK** or a BioAPI error code.

MaxNumEnrollSamples (input) – This parameter is significant only if **Moment** is **BioAPI_GUI_MOMENT_BEFORE_START**. When significant, it shall contain the maximum number of samples that the BSP will be able to capture in the suboperation cycle that is about to start.

SelectableInstances (input) – This parameter is significant only if **Moment** is **BioAPI_GUI_MOMENT_BEFORE_START**. When significant, it shall contain a bitmask that specifies which instance(s) of the biometric modality can be selected by the application for capturing in the suboperation cycle that is about to start. Some BSPs support the selection of multiple instances of a modality because they are able to create, in a single capture suboperation, a single BIR containing data pertaining to multiple instances.

SelectedInstances (output) – This output parameter is significant only if **Moment** is **BioAPI_GUI_MOMENT_BEFORE_START**. When significant, it shall contain a bitmask that specifies which instance(s) of the biometric modality have been selected by the application for capturing in the suboperation cycle that is about to start.

CapturedInstances (input) – This parameter is significant only if **Moment** is **BioAPI_GUI_MOMENT_AFTER_END**, and shall be set to zero otherwise. When significant, it shall contain a bitmask that specifies which instance(s) have been successfully captured by the BSP within the suboperation cycle that has just ended.

Text (input) – A textual message, consisting of a string of ISO/IEC 10646 characters encoded in UTF-8, which is intended for display to the subject or to an operator. The content of the message, as well as the language in which it is expressed, are not standardized.

Response (output) – A value indicating the response from the application to the GUI select event notification (see 7.69).

NOTE: See also C.7.

7.71.1.4 Return Value

A **BioAPI_RETURN** value indicating success or specifying a particular error condition. The value **BioAPI_OK** indicates success. All other values represent an error condition.

7.71.1.5 Errors

BioAPIERR_USER_CANCELLED
BioAPIERR_FUNCTION_FAILED

7.71.2 BioAPI_GUI_STATE_EVENT_HANDLER (BioAPI 2.1)

7.71.2.1 Callback function

```
typedef BioAPI_RETURN (BioAPI *BioAPI_GUI_STATE_EVENT_HANDLER)
    (const BioAPI_UUID *BSPUuid,
     BioAPI_UNIT_ID UnitID,
     const BioAPI_HANDLE *BSPHandle,
     const void *GUIStateEventHandlerCtx,
     BioAPI_GUI_OPERATION Operation,
     BioAPI_GUI_SUBOPERATION Suboperation,
     BioAPI_BIR_PURPOSE Purpose,
     BioAPI_GUI_MOMENT Moment,
     BioAPI_RETURN ResultCode,
     int32_t EnrollSampleIndex,
     const BioAPI_GUI_BITMAP_ARRAY *Bitmaps,
     const uint8_t *Text,
     BioAPI_GUI_RESPONSE *Response,
     int32_t *EnrollSampleIndexToRecapture);
```

7.71.2.2 Description

This is a function pointer type for an application's GUI event handler function that is to handle GUI state event notification callbacks coming from a BSP through the framework. In order to receive GUI state event notifications, an application shall register a callback function of type **BioAPI_GUI_STATE_EVENT_HANDLER** by providing the callback address of the function, along with a context address, in a call to **BioAPI_SubscribeToGUIEvents** (see 8.3.8).

The framework makes a callback to an application function of this type each time it receives an incoming callback to a function of type **BioSPI_GUI_STATE_EVENT_HANDLER** which it exposes to a BSP. The parameters of the callback (except **GUIStateEventHandlerCtx**) shall be set from the parameters of the incoming callback with the same names; the parameter **GUIStateEventHandlerCtx** shall be set from the GUI state context address originally provided by the application in its call to **BioAPI_SubscribeToGUIEvents**; and the callback address shall be set from the GUI state callback address originally provided by the application in the call to **BioAPI_SubscribeToGUIEvents**.

A BSP can generate GUI state events only during the execution of a call to **BioAPI_Capture**, **BioAPI_Verify**, **BioAPI_Identify**, or **BioAPI_Enroll**. A GUI state event with the moment value **BioAPI_GUI_MOMENT_BEFORE_START** is generated before the start of each suboperation, and a GUI state event with the moment value **BioAPI_GUI_MOMENT_AFTER_END** is generated after the end of the each suboperation (see 7.66).

The main purpose of the GUI state event notification generated before the start of a suboperation is to inform the application that a certain suboperation is ready to start. The main purpose of the GUI state event notification generated after the end of a suboperation is to inform the application about the outcome of the suboperation. The application shall respond to each GUI state event notification by indicating whether the suboperation should start, the suboperation cycle should proceed with the next suboperation, a new suboperation cycle should be started, or the entire operation should be canceled (see 7.69).

The GUI state event handler function and any functions invoked (directly or indirectly) by that function shall not call any BioAPI function.

If the application returns a value different from **BioAPI_OK**, the original function will immediately return to the caller with an error code.

7.71.2.3 Parameters

BSPUuid (input) – A UUID identifying the BSP to which the GUI event is related.

UnitID (input) – The unit ID of the sensor unit of the BSP to which the GUI event is related.

BSPHandle (input) – The handle of the BSP attach session to which the GUI event is related.

GUIStateEventHandlerCtx (input) – The context address originally provided by the subscriber application as part of the GUI event subscription.

Operation (input) – A value indicating the type of operation for which the GUI event has been generated. Only the following values are permitted:

- **BioAPI_GUI_OPERATION_CAPTURE**
- **BioAPI_GUI_OPERATION_VERIFY**
- **BioAPI_GUI_OPERATION_IDENTIFY**
- **BioAPI_GUI_OPERATION_ENROLL**

Suboperation (input) – A value indicating the type of suboperation for which the GUI event has been generated (the suboperation that is about to start or has just ended). The suboperation shall be one of those that are compatible with **Operation** (see Table 5).

Purpose (input) – This parameter is significant only if **Suboperation** is **BioAPI_GUI_SUBOPERATION_CAPTURE**, and shall be set to zero otherwise. When significant, it shall indicate the purpose of the capture suboperation (any value of type **BioAPI_BIR_PURPOSE**).

Moment (input) – A value indicating whether the GUI event has been generated before the start of the suboperation or after the end of the suboperation. Only the following values are permitted:

- **BioAPI_GUI_MOMENT_BEFORE_START**
- **BioAPI_GUI_MOMENT_AFTER_END**

ResultCode (input) – This parameter is significant only if **Moment** is **BioAPI_GUI_MOMENT_AFTER_END**, and shall be set to zero otherwise. When significant, it shall contain the result code of the suboperation that has just ended. The result code can be either **BioAPI_OK** or a BioAPI error code.

EnrollSampleIndex (input) – This parameter is significant only if **Suboperation** is **BioAPI_GUI_SUBOPERATION_CAPTURE**, **Moment** is **BioAPI_GUI_MOMENT_BEFORE_START**, and a sample for enrollment is about to be captured. Otherwise, it shall be set to zero. When significant, it shall contain the index (an integer from 1 onwards) of the sample to be captured for enrollment by the capture suboperation that is about to start.

Bitmaps (input) – An array of bitmaps containing image(s) of the samples captured in the suboperation, which are intended for display to the subject or to an operator. This array usually contains zero or one bitmaps, but may contain multiple bitmaps if the BSP has the ability to capture multiple instances of a biometric modality in a single capture operation.