

ISO

INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION FOR STANDARDIZATION

ISO RECOMMENDATION

R 609

DETERMINATION OF CARBON AND HYDROGEN
IN COAL AND COKE
BY THE HIGH TEMPERATURE COMBUSTION METHOD

1st EDITION

June 1967

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BRIEF HISTORY

The ISO Recommendation R 609, *Determination of Carbon and Hydrogen in Coal and Coke by the High Temperature Combustion Method*, was drawn up by Technical Committee ISO/TC 27, *Solid Mineral Fuels*, the Secretariat of which is held by the British Standards Institution (BSI).

Work on this question by the Technical Committee began in 1950 and led, in 1961, to the adoption of a Draft ISO Recommendation.

In October 1963, this Draft ISO Recommendation (No. 605) was circulated to all the ISO Member Bodies for enquiry. It was approved, subject to a few modifications of an editorial nature, by the following Member Bodies:

Argentina	Denmark	Portugal
Australia	Germany	Republic of South Africa
Austria	India	Romania
Belgium	Italy	Spain
Bulgaria	Japan	Switzerland
Canada	Netherlands	U.A.R.
Chile	New Zealand	United Kingdom
Czechoslovakia	Poland	U.S.A.

Three Member Bodies opposed the approval of the Draft:

France
Turkey
U.S.S.R.

The Draft ISO Recommendation was then submitted by correspondence to the ISO Council, which decided, in June 1967, to accept it as an ISO RECOMMENDATION.
