

**KES**

## Analysis of Mineral Oil Brake Fluid

KES T – M045

(EST.) 1988 – 08 – 09

### Contents

1. Scope of Application
2. Summary of Test Method
3. Instrument and Reagent
4. Operation
5. Calculation and Report



## 1. Scope of application

This standard shall decide the method of quantitative analysis to analyze content of mineral, mixed in used or new brake fluid.

## 2. Outline of test method

After removing water-soluble component of samples by putting the samples into saturated solution of salt, put 90 % methyl alcohol into a insoluble solute. And divide methyl alcohol into a soluble and insoluble solute.

Product the contained quantity by fixing the quantity of methyl alcohol's a insoluble solute in mass cylinder.

## 3. Instrument and reagent

- (1) Separatory funnel : Capacity 200 ml
- (2) Mass cylinder : Capacity 100 ml
- (3) Mass flask : 100 ml (Refer to figure)
- (4) Methyl alcohol
- (5) Sodium chloride

## 4. Operation

- (1) Take 50 ml of samples by mass cylinder dried clearly, after Making uniform by shaking samples. And put it into clear separatory funnel.
- (2) Put sodium-chloride 150 ml into separatory funnel using mass cylinder. Mix them for 2 minutes strongly. And leave it alone for 30 minutes.
- (3) After 30 minutes, remove lower part of solution of separatory funnel and put 100 ml of methyl alcohol into separatory funnel. Mix them for 2 minutes.
- (4) Put 50 ml of distilled water into it and leave it alone for 1 hour.
- (5) After 1 hour, divide them and remove lower part of solution using methyl alcohol part of