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Information technology — Future Network — Problem statement and requirements

Part 9: Networking of everything

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) and IEC (the International Electrotechnical Commission) form the specialized system for worldwide standardization. National bodies that are members of ISO or IEC participate in the development of International Standards through technical committees established by the respective organization to deal with particular fields of technical activity. ISO and IEC technical committees collaborate in fields of mutual interest. Other international organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO and IEC, also take part in the work. In the field of information technology, ISO and IEC have established a joint technical committee, ISO/IEC JTC 1.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of document should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

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For an explanation on the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

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Introduction

This document defines the problem statement and requirements for the future network in the networking of everything, which would be the Internet of Things (IoT) network aspects.

Considering that many standards-development organizations, including ITU-T, already produced their own IoT-related standards or recommendations (such as ITU-T Y.2060, Y.2061, and Y.2069), this document has a clear scope, with new terms and definitions that are consistent with those already in existence. This document focuses on providing the solutions to other standards-development organizations' requirements; discussing how various networking technologies should be integrated for users.

This document focuses on networking issues, excluding how virtual things can be associated with physical things or devices. The problems of current networks and requirements for Future Networks are discussed in other parts of ISO/IEC 29181. This document only discusses the problems of current networking technologies and policies, and the requirements for the networking of Future Networks, especially considering future super realistic services like IoT.

Use cases in the Network of Everything are provided in Annexes A and B.

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Information technology — Future Network — Problem statement and requirements —

Part 9:
Networking of everything

1 Scope

This document describes the general characteristics of Networking of Everything (NoE), which can be applied to Future Networks, especially from an Internet of Things (IoT) perspective. This document specifies:

— a conceptual model of NoE and its definition;

— problem statements in conventional networking;

— standardization activities of other standards-development organizations;

— requirements for NoE from an IoT perspective;

— technical aspects.

NOTE Since networking issues are an integral part of IoT and Future Networks, while standards of IoT or Future Networks are under development in other standards-development organizations, this document focuses on networking issues to integrate diverse networking techniques to provide users' service and/or things requirement.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

There are no normative references in this document.

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

— IEC Electropedia: available at http://www.electropedia.org/

— ISO Online browsing platform: available at http://www.iso.org/obp

3.1
actuator
device that triggers a physical action following stimulation by an input signal

[SOURCE: ITU-T Y.2061]

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3.2
collaborative work group
group of thing-users that can perform planning a job, recruiting thing-users, and coordinating thing-users without human intervention

3.3
composite QoS
overall performance provided by all networks which are instantaneously interconnected to provide a service to a user

3.4
context
information that can used to characterize the environment of a user

[SOURCE: ITU-T Y.2002]

3.5
device
<Internet of Things>piece of equipment with the mandatory capabilities of communication and the optional capabilities of sensing, actuation, data capture, data storage, and data processing

[SOURCE: ITU-T Y.2060]

3.6
everything
<Networking of Everything>piece of equipment with capabilities of communication with any type network appropriately according to the network environments (or conditions), or user's (predefined) requirements like accounts, contracts, QoS, security, or privacy

Note 1 to entry: It can be regarded as combined equipment with a device and physical thing in IoT terminologies. Simply "everything" in the NoE can be regarded as any "device with things" in the IoT.

3.7
identifier
series of digits, characters and symbols or any other form of data used to identify subscriber(s), user(s), network element(s), function(s), network entity(ies) providing services/applications, or other entities (e.g. physical or logical objects)

[SOURCE: ITU-T Y.2091]

3.8
Internet of Things
IoT
global infrastructure for the information society enabling advanced services by interconnecting (physical and virtual) things based on existing and evolving, interoperable information and communication technologies

[SOURCE: ITU-T Y.2060]

3.9
machine-to-machine application
M2M
application enabled by the communication between two or intervention in the process of communication

[SOURCE: ITU-T Y.2240]

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3.10
network agent
virtual object that (1) monitors and coordinates each individual networks, (2) provides information of networks which are capable to the user device, and (3) (re)selects an optimal network through negotiation between user devices and appropriate networks

Note 1 to entry: This network agent can be implemented in each network platform separately with limited operations depending on its features. Also it may be implemented in diverse shapes such as a one single agent server, distributed agent servers among each networks, or software in each network platform.

3.11
Networking of Everything
NoE
technologies where every kind of systems communicates with each other regardless of the types of devices or things attached to the devices

Note 1 to entry: Everything (or any device with things) can access any network appropriately and communicate with everything (or any device with things) according to the network environments (e.g. available networks, network conditions, etc) and the thing's requirements (e.g. account, contracts, privacy, security, require QoS, etc.). For example, NoE can provide a capability that a communication will be handed over from mobile LTE telecommunication network to WLAN access network with seamless manner, if needed.

3.12
object
intrinsic representation of an entity that is described at an appropriate level of abstraction in terms of its attributes and functions

[SOURCE: ITU-T Q.1300]

3.13
proximity defined network
PDN
network configured among devices in close proximity, using conventional LAN or WAN technologies: which are in not only physically close proximity, but also closely related, or logically close proximity

3.14
sensor
electronic device that senses a physical condition or chemical compound and delivers an electronic signal proportional to the observed characteristic

[SOURCE: ITU-T Q.2221]

3.15
sensor node
device consisting of sensor(s) and optional actuator(s) with capabilities of sensed data processing and networking

[SOURCE: ITU-T Q.2221]

3.16
thing
object of the physical world (physical things) or of the information world (virtual thing), which is capable of being identified and integrated into communication networks

[SOURCE: ITU-T Y.2060]

Note 1 to entry: Physical things are capable of being sensed, actuated, and connected such as robots, goods, electrical equipment. Virtual things are capable of being stored, processed and accessed such as multimedia content and application software.

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