



AEROSPACE MATERIAL SPECIFICATION

AMS5391™**REV. J**

Issued	1960-06
Reaffirmed	2019-07
Revised	2025-07

Superseding AMS5391H

(R) Nickel Alloy, Corrosion- and Heat-Resistant, Investment Castings
73Ni - 0.14C - 13Cr - 4.5Mo - 2.3Cb (Nb) - 0.75Ti - 6.0Al - 0.010B - 0.10Zr
(IN-713)
Vacuum Cast, As-Cast
(Composition similar to UNS N07713)

RATIONALE

AMS5391J is the result of a Five-Year Review and update of the specification. The revision updates the Title to include the commercial name (see 8.4), clarifies CEO approval requirements (see 3.1 and throughout), revises composition test methods (see 3.1), adds strain rate control during tensile testing (see 3.6.1.1.1), updates and expands reporting, including country of origin identification (see 4.5), addresses use of prior revisions (see 8.3), and adds dimensional inspection to ordering requirements (see 8.5).

1. SCOPE

1.1 Form

This specification covers a corrosion- and heat-resistant nickel alloy in the form of investment castings.

1.2 Application

These castings have been used typically for parts, such as turbine blades, requiring high strength up to 1800 °F (982 °C) and oxidation resistance up to 2000 °F (1093 °C), but usage is not limited to such applications.

2. APPLICABLE DOCUMENTS

The issue of the following documents in effect on the date of the purchase order forms a part of this specification to the extent specified herein. The supplier may work to a subsequent revision of a document unless a specific document issue is specified. When the referenced document has been cancelled and no superseding document has been specified, the last published issue of that document shall apply.

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2.1 SAE Publications

Available from SAE International, 400 Commonwealth Drive, Warrendale, PA 15096-0001, Tel: 877-606-7323 (inside USA and Canada) or +1 724-776-4970 (outside USA), www.sae.org.

AMS2175	Castings, Classification and Inspection of
AMS2269	Chemical Check Analysis Limits, Nickel, Nickel Alloys, and Cobalt Alloys
AMS2283	Composition Testing Methods for Nickel- and Cobalt-Based Alloys
AMS2360	Room Temperature Tensile Properties of Castings
AMS2362	Stress-Rupture Properties of Castings
AMS2694	In-Process Welding of Castings
AMS2804	Identification, Castings
AS7766	Terms Used in Aerospace Metals Specifications
HS-1086	Metals and Alloys in the Unified Numbering System

2.2 ASTM Publications

Available from ASTM International, 100 Barr Harbor Drive, P.O. Box C700, West Conshohocken, PA 19428-2959, Tel: 610-832-9585, www.astm.org.

ASTM E8/E8M	Tension Testing of Metallic Materials
ASTM E139	Conducting Creep, Creep-Rupture, and Stress-Rupture Tests of Metallic Materials
ASTM E1417/E1417M	Liquid Penetrant Testing
ASTM E1742/E1742M	Radiographic Examination

2.3 Definitions

Terms used in AMS are defined in AS7766 and as follows:

INTEGRALLY CAST SPECIMEN: An attached specimen that is cast in the mold. The casting drawing may identify a specific location for the attachment of each integrally cast specimen.

LOT: For room temperature tensile and stress-rupture testing, a lot shall consist of all castings of the same part number poured from consecutive melts of a single master heat. For visual and nondestructive testing, an inspection lot shall consist of castings of the same part number, manufactured under the same process control parameters of 4.4.2.2, and submitted for those tests in a single group.

MASTER HEAT: Refined metal (see 2.3) of a single furnace charge that may be poured directly into castings and/or converted into ingot for remelting in accordance with 3.2. One or more melts can be poured from a master heat. Qualification of a master heat is described in 3.4.2.

MELT: All castings poured from a single furnace charge. Also referred to as remelt, sub-melt, heat, or sub-heat.

REFINED METAL: Metal derived from raw materials in the form of virgin elements, master alloy, and/or revert melted in any combination, replenished as needed, fluxed for nonmetallics, and degassed as necessary. Melting of revert creates a new master heat.

REPLENISHMENT: Virgin element and/or master alloy additions introduced to the furnace during the final stage of melting, as necessary, to bring the melt or master heat into conformance with the specified composition.

3. TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS

3.1 Composition

Composition shall conform to the percentages by weight shown in Table 1, determined in accordance with AMS2283 or by other analytical methods acceptable to the cognizant engineering organization (CEO).

Table 1 - Composition

Element	Min	Max
Carbon	0.08	0.20
Manganese	--	0.25
Silicon	--	0.50
Phosphorus	--	0.015
Sulfur	--	0.015
Chromium	12.00	14.00
Molybdenum	3.80	5.20
Columbium (Niobium)	1.80	2.80
Titanium	0.50	1.00
Aluminum	5.50	6.50
Boron	0.005	0.015
Zirconium	0.05	0.15
Cobalt	--	1.00
Tantalum	--	0.15
Iron	--	0.50
Copper	--	0.50
Other Elements (see 3.1.1)	--	--
Nickel	remainder	

3.1.1 The producer may test for any element not otherwise listed in Table 1 and include this analysis in the report of 4.5. Limits of acceptability may be specified by the CEO.

3.1.2 Check Analysis

Composition variations shall meet the requirements of AMS2269.

3.2 Melting Practice

Castings and specimens shall be poured at the casting producer's facility either from a melt of a master heat or directly from a master heat (see 2.3 and 3.4.2).

3.2.1 The metal for castings and specimens shall be melted and poured under vacuum without loss of vacuum between melting and pouring. When authorized by the CEO, protective atmosphere may be used in lieu of vacuum for pouring of castings.

3.2.2 Revert (gates, sprues, risers, and rejected castings) may be used only in the preparation of master heats; revert shall not be remelted directly without refining for pouring of castings. Melting of revert creates a new master heat.

3.2.3 Portions of two or more qualified master heats (see 3.4.2) may be melted together and poured into castings using a procedure authorized by the CEO.