

UL 1917

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Solid-State Fan Speed Controls

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UL Standard for Safety for Solid-State Fan Speed Controls, UL 1917

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Summary of Topics

This ANSI approved new edition of UL 1917 is being issued to include the Security of Leads Test; Grounding requirements for metal faceplates; and the Push Back Relief Test as proposed in UL's bulletin of June 28, 2002.

The following table lists the future effective dates with the corresponding reference:

Future Effective Dates	References
August 28, 2005	Paragraphs 15.2.4, 19.4, 35.1, and 35.2

The new requirements are substantially in accordance with UL's Bulletin(s) on this subject dated June 28, 2002 and October 3, 2002. The bulletin(s) is now obsolete and may be discarded.

As indicated on the title page (page 1), this UL Standard for Safety is an American National Standard. Attention is directed to the note on the title page of this Standard outlining the procedures to be followed to retain the approved text of this ANSI/UL Standard.

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New product submittals made prior to a specified future effective date will be judged under all of the requirements in this Standard including those requirements with a specified future effective date, unless the applicant specifically requests that the product be judged under the current requirements. However, if the applicant elects this option, it should be noted that compliance with all the requirements in this Standard will be required as a condition of continued Listing, Recognition, and Follow-Up Services after the effective date, and understanding of this should be signified in writing.

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This ANSI/UL Standard for Safety, which consists of the Third edition is under continuous maintenance, whereby each revision is ANSI approved upon publication. Comments or proposals for revisions on any part of the Standard may be submitted to UL at any time. Written comments are to be sent to the UL-RTP Standards Department, 12 Laboratory Dr., Research Triangle Park, NC 27709.

An effective date included as a note immediately following certain requirements is one established by Underwriters Laboratories Inc.

Revisions of this Standard will be made by issuing revised or additional pages bearing their date of issue. A UL Standard is current only if it incorporates the most recently adopted revisions, all of which are itemized on the transmittal notice that accompanies the latest set of revised requirements.

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Standards for Components..... A1

FOREWORD

A. This Standard contains basic requirements for products covered by Underwriters Laboratories Inc. (UL) under its Follow-Up Service for this category within the limitations given below and in the Scope section of this Standard. These requirements are based upon sound engineering principles, research, records of tests and field experience, and an appreciation of the problems of manufacture, installation, and use derived from consultation with and information obtained from manufacturers, users, inspection authorities, and others having specialized experience. They are subject to revision as further experience and investigation may show is necessary or desirable.

B. The observance of the requirements of this Standard by a manufacturer is one of the conditions of the continued coverage of the manufacturer's product.

C. A product which complies with the text of this Standard will not necessarily be judged to comply with the Standard if, when examined and tested, it is found to have other features which impair the level of safety contemplated by these requirements.

D. A product that contains features, characteristics, components, materials, or systems new or different from those covered by the requirements in this standard, and that involves a risk of fire or of electric shock or injury to persons shall be evaluated using appropriate additional component and end-product requirements to maintain the level of safety as originally anticipated by the intent of this standard. A product whose features, characteristics, components, materials, or systems conflict with specific requirements or provisions of this standard does not comply with this standard. Revision of requirements shall be proposed and adopted in conformance with the methods employed for development, revision, and implementation of this standard.

E. UL, in performing its functions in accordance with its objectives, does not assume or undertake to discharge any responsibility of the manufacturer or any other party. The opinions and findings of UL represent its professional judgment given with due consideration to the necessary limitations of practical operation and state of the art at the time the Standard is processed. UL shall not be responsible to anyone for the use of or reliance upon this Standard by anyone. UL shall not incur any obligation or liability for damages, including consequential damages, arising out of or in connection with the use, interpretation of, or reliance upon this Standard.

F. Many tests required by the Standards of UL are inherently hazardous and adequate safeguards for personnel and property shall be employed in conducting such tests.

INTRODUCTION

1 Scope

1.1 These requirements cover solid state speed controls rated 300 volts or less, single phase, intended to be connected to 15 – 20 ampere branch circuits and intended to be installed in accordance with the National Electrical Code, ANSI/NFPA 70 and used with:

- a) Fans and blowers that circulate air, such as desk, bracket, ceiling, hassock, pedestal, and utility fans;
- b) Fans and blowers that ventilate air, such as attic, wall-insert, ceiling-insert, household hood-and canopy-types, and window fans;
- c) Evaporative coolers;
- d) Air-filtering appliances;
- e) Fan-type deodorizers; and
- f) Fan-type air fresheners.

1.2 Inductive-type and capacitive-type fan speed controls are also covered by these requirements.

1.3 These requirements also cover the solid state fan speed control portion of controls which include dimmers for use with lighting fixtures.

1.4 Solid state fan speed controls provided with a power supply cord, those intended for permanent connection, and direct plug-in devices are also covered by this Standard.

1.5 These requirements do not cover solid state speed controls used with air heaters incorporating fans, heating-ventilating units, or blowers comprising components of such equipment as furnaces, mechanical-refrigeration equipment, air conditioners, or direct current output applications.

1.6 These requirements do not cover solid state speed controls used with fans intended to be:

- a) Used in hazardous locations as defined in the National Electrical Code, ANSI/NFPA 70;
- b) Installed over solvents or chemically flammable liquids or vapors; or
- c) Located in chemically corrosive environments.

2 Glossary

2.1 For the purpose of this standard the following definitions apply.

2.2 CORD CONNECTED DEVICE – A device intended for connection to the power source by means of a supply cord. Such a device is intended to be moved for reasons of interchange or realignment of the units of the system.

2.3 FAN, CEILING SUSPENDED – A fan intended to be mounted to a ceiling outlet box or ceiling building structure, and whose blades rotate below the ceiling. Popularly called a paddle fan.

2.4 FAN, GENERAL PURPOSE – Any fan not considered to be a ceiling-suspended fan or any fan which has a Locked Rotor Current/Full Load Current ratio greater than 1.5.

2.5 FAN SPEED CONTROL, CAPACITIVE-TYPE – A fan speed control that uses switchable capacitors to regulate the speed of the motor.

2.6 FAN SPEED CONTROL, INDUCTIVE-TYPE – A fan speed control that uses inductors to regulate the speed of the motor.

2.7 FAN SPEED CONTROL, SEMICONDUCTOR-TYPE – A fan speed control that utilizes semiconductors to regulate the speed of the motor. See 41.14.

2.8 LEAD CONNECTED DEVICE – A device which is intended to be permanently connected to the power source. Such a device is not intended to be moved or realigned once it is installed.

3 Components

3.1 Except as indicated in 3.2, a component of a product covered by this standard shall comply with the requirements for that component. See Appendix A for a list of standards covering components generally used in the products covered by this standard.

3.2 A component is not required to comply with a specific requirement that:

- a) Involves a feature or characteristic not required in the application of the component in the product covered by this standard, or
- b) Is superseded by a requirement in this standard.

3.3 A component shall be used in accordance with its rating established for the intended conditions of use.

3.4 Specific components are incomplete in construction features or restricted in performance capabilities. Such components are intended for use only under limited conditions, such as certain temperatures not exceeding specified limits, and shall be used only under those specific conditions.

4 Units of Measurement

4.1 Values stated without parentheses are the requirement. Values in parentheses are explanatory or approximate information.

5 Undated References

5.1 Any undated reference to a code or standard appearing in the requirements of this standard shall be interpreted as referring to the latest edition of that code or standard.

6 General

6.1 The term "speed control" as used in this standard refers to a solid-state speed control used with electric fans for non-industrial applications.

CONSTRUCTION

7 Enclosure

7.1 General

7.1.1 A speed control shall be provided with a complete enclosure for all live parts and all operating parts other than necessarily exposed operating parts, such as an actuating member.

Exception: An open speed control (see 20.4) intended for installation in a wall box is not required to be provided with a complete enclosure of the field wiring terminals.

7.1.2 An enclosure of a speed control shall be constructed and assembled so that it has the strength and rigidity necessary to resist the abuses to which it is likely to be subjected, without total or partial collapse resulting in a risk of fire, electric shock, or injury to persons due to reduction of spacings, loosening or displacement of parts, or other serious defects.

7.1.3 An enclosure shall be constructed so as to reduce the risk of unintentional contact with enclosed electrical devices, and to provide internal devices with protection from specified external conditions.

7.1.4 The enclosure shall be constructed such that the switchplate cover mounting means, such as mounting screws, shall not enter the interior of the speed control.

Exception: The mounting means may penetrate the interior of the speed control if the applicable evaluations defined in Sections 7 – 36 are performed with a screw having a length of 3/8 inch (9.5 mm) in place.

7.1.5 Mechanical protection shall be provided to protect components during and after installation. See Crush Test, Section 28.

7.2 Cast metal

7.2.1 A cast-metal enclosure shall be at least 1/8 inch (3.2 mm) thick at every point, more than 1/8 inch thick at reinforcing ribs and door edges, and at least 1/4 inch (6.4 mm) thick at tapped holes for conduit.

Exception: Other than at plain or threaded conduit holes, malleable iron and die-cast or permanent mold cast aluminum, brass, bronze, or zinc shall be:

a) At least 3/32 inch (2.4 mm) thick for an area greater than 24 square inches (155 cm²) or having any dimension more than 6 inches (152 mm); and

b) At least 1/16 inch (1.6 mm) thick for an area of 24 square inches or less having no dimension more than 6 inches. The area considered may be bounded by reinforcing ribs subdividing a larger area.

7.3 Sheet metal

7.3.1 The thickness of a sheet-metal enclosure shall not be less than that specified in Tables 7.1 and 7.2, except that at points to which a wiring system is to be connected, uncoated steel shall be at least 0.032 inch (0.81 mm) thick, zinc-coated steel at least 0.034 inch (0.86 mm) thick, and nonferrous metal at least 0.045 inch (1.14 mm) thick.

Exception: Enclosure thickness at points other than where a wiring system is to be connected need not comply with these thickness requirements if the enclosure complies with the requirements in Sections 29 and 30.

7.3.2 Tables 7.1 and 7.2 are based on a uniform deflection of the enclosure surface for any given load concentrated at the center of the surface regardless of metal thickness.

Table 7.1
Thickness of sheet metal for enclosures carbon steel or stainless steel

Maximum width ^a		Maximum length ^b		Minimum thickness			
				Uncoated		Metal coated	
inches	(cm)	inches	(cm)	inches	(mm)	inches	(mm)
4.0	(10.2)	Not limited					
4.75	(12.1)	5.75	(14.6)	0.020	(0.51)	0.023	(0.58)
6.0	(15.2)	Not limited					
7.0	(17.8)	8.75	(22.2)	0.026	(0.66)	0.029	(0.74)
8.0	(20.3)	Not limited					
9.0	(22.9)	11.5	(29.2)	0.032	(0.81)	0.034	(0.86)
12.5	(31.8)	Not limited					
14.0	(35.6)	18.0	(45.7)	0.042	(1.07)	0.045	(1.14)

^a The width is the smaller dimension of a rectangular sheet metal piece that is part of an enclosure. Adjacent surfaces of an enclosure may have supports in common and be made of a single sheet.

^b Not limited applies only if the edge of the surface is flanged at least 1/2 inch (12.7 mm) or fastened to adjacent surfaces not normally removed in use.

Table 7.2
Thickness of sheet metal for enclosures aluminum, copper, or brass

Maximum width ^a		Maximum length ^b		Minimum thickness	
inches	(cm)	inches	(cm)	inches	(mm)
3.0	(7.6)	Not limited			
3.5	(8.9)	4.0	(10.2)	0.023	(0.58)
4.0	(10.2)	Not limited			
5.0	(12.7)	6.0	(15.2)	0.029	(0.74)
6.0	(15.2)	Not limited			
6.5	(16.5)	8.0	(20.3)	0.036	(0.91)
8.0	(20.3)	Not limited			
9.5	(24.1)	11.5	(29.2)	0.045	(1.14)
12.0	(30.5)	Not limited			
14.0	(35.6)	16.0	(40.6)	0.058	(1.47)

^a The width is the smaller dimension of a rectangular piece of sheet metal that is part of an enclosure. Adjacent surfaces of an enclosure may have supports in common and be made of a single sheet.

^b Not limited applies only if the edge of the surface is flanged at least 1/2 inch (12.7 mm) or fastened to adjacent surfaces not normally removed in use.

7.4 Polymeric

7.4.1 A polymeric electrical enclosure or a polymeric part of an electrical enclosure shall comply with the applicable requirements in the Standard for Polymeric Materials – Use in Electrical Equipment Evaluations, UL 746C, and also with the additional requirements specified in this standard.

Exception: A polymeric plug or other closure made of a material rated 5V in accordance with the Standard for Tests for Flammability of Plastic Materials for Parts in Devices and Appliances, UL 94, need not comply with UL 746C.

7.5 Doors and covers

7.5.1 A part of an enclosure, such as a door or a cover, shall be provided with a means – such as latches, locks, interlocks, or screws – for firmly securing it in place.

Exception: A snap-on cover that complies with the requirements in the Securement of Snap-On Cover Test, Section 31, is not required to have additional securing means.

7.5.2 The articulate probe illustrated in Figure 7.1 shall be used as a measuring instrument to judge the accessibility to uninsulated live parts and film-coated wire provided by openings of the cover plate and not as an instrument to judge the strength of a material; the probes shall be applied with only the minimum force necessary to determine the accessibility.

[illegible]

7.6 Application of probes

7.6.1 The probe illustrated in Figure 7.1 shall be applied to any depth that the opening will permit and shall be rotated or angled before, during, and after insertion through the opening to any position that is necessary to try to contact an uninsulated live part or film-coated wire. The probe shall be applied in the above-described manner and in any possible configuration; and, if necessary, the configuration shall be changed after insertion through the opening. Configuration refers to positioning of the jointed portions of the probe.

7.6.2 Any part that can be contacted by the probe is judged to be accessible.

7.7 Conduit connection

7.7.1 A polymeric enclosure intended for connection to a rigid conduit system shall comply with the test requirements described in Section 32, Polymeric Enclosure Conduit Connection Tests.

7.8 Bonding

7.8.1 An enclosure made of insulating material, either wholly or in part, shall have an acceptable bonding means to provide continuity of grounding between all conduit openings. The bonding means may be either completely assembled on the product or provided as separate parts for field installation.

Exception: A bonding means is not required for the enclosure of a fan speed control that is intended to be connected to a single conduit.

7.8.2 The continuity of a conduit system shall be provided by metal-to-metal contact not relying on a polymeric material.

Exception: The continuity of the grounding system may rely on the integrity of the polymeric enclosure if samples have been subjected to the creep test requirements in the Standard for Polymeric Materials – Short Term Property Evaluations, UL 746A. Overcurrent tests shall be conducted at 200 percent of the rated current of the branch circuit-protective device.

7.8.3 A separate bonding conductor, whether in a plastic or metal enclosure, shall be copper, a copper alloy, or other material acceptable for use as an electrical conductor. Ferrous metal parts in the grounding path shall be protected against corrosion by enameling, galvanizing, plating, or other equivalent means. A separate bonding conductor shall:

- a) Be protected from mechanical damage or be located within the confines of the outer enclosure or frame; and
- b) Not be secured by a removable fastener used for any purpose other than bonding unless the bonding conductor is unlikely to be omitted after removal and replacement of the fastener.

7.8.4 The size of a separate component bonding conductor shall not be less than 12 AWG (2.32 mm²) for copper and 10 AWG (2.95 mm²) for aluminum, or the size of the conductor supplying the component, whichever is smaller.

Exception: A bonding conductor may be smaller than that specified if it complies with the bonding conductor requirements in the Standard for Industrial Control Equipment, UL 508.

7.9 Adjustment opening

7.9.1 An adjustment opening shall not permit the entrance of a 1/8 inch (3.2 mm) diameter rod. If the distance between the opening and the nearest live part is more than 4 inches (102 mm), the opening shall not permit the entrance of a 1/2 inch (12.7 mm) diameter rod.

8 Corrosion Protection

8.1 General

8.1.1 Iron and steel parts shall be protected against corrosion by enameling, galvanizing, plating, or other finish that has been found by investigation to be acceptable for the purpose. This requirement applies to all enclosing cases whether of sheet steel or cast iron, and to all springs and other parts upon which proper mechanical operation may depend.

Exception: This requirement does not apply to:

a) Small parts of iron or steel, such as washers, screws, bolts, and the like, that are not current carrying, if the corrosion of such parts would not result in a risk of fire, electric shock, or injury to persons; and

b) Parts made of stainless steel that are polished or treated, if necessary.

8.1.2 If the yoke, strap, or mounting ears are made of steel, as described in 9.2.1, the corrosion protection for a fan speed control for use in a flush-device box or on an outlet-box cover shall be a zinc or cadmium coating not less than 0.00015 inch (0.0038 mm) thick in accordance with the method for determining protection against corrosion in the Standard for Metallic Outlet Boxes, UL 514A, or other coatings determined to be acceptable for the particular application.

8.2 Outdoor enclosures

8.2.1 Enclosures intended for other than indoor Type 1 use shall comply with the applicable enclosure requirements in the Standard for Enclosures for Electrical Equipment, UL 50.

9 Mounting

9.1 Surface mounted

9.1.1 Provisions shall be made for securely mounting an enclosed speed control to a supporting surface. A bolt, screw, or other part used to mount a component of the equipment shall not be used for securing the equipment to the supporting surface.

9.2 Wall box mounted

9.2.1 If the fan speed control does not completely enclose the wall box, a metal yoke, strap, or mounting ear shall not be less than 0.04 inch (1.02 mm) or more than 0.09 inch (2.3 mm) thick. If a nonferrous metal is used, it shall be of sufficient thickness to provide mechanical strength and rigidity not less than that of 0.04 inch (1.02 mm) thick steel.

9.2.2 A nonmetallic yoke, strap, or mounting ear shall be of a material and design acceptable for the intended use. The nonmetallic mounting means shall not be more than 0.09 inch (2.3 mm) thick.

9.2.3 The yoke, strap, or mounting ear may be provided with extension plaster ears, which may be scored so that they can be broken off.

9.2.4 Plaster ears, whether separate pieces or integral with the mounting means, shall not carry the identifying marking or the electrical ratings of the fan speed control, unless the marking and rating also appear elsewhere on the device.

9.2.5 A screw provided for use in mounting the speed control to an outlet box or other enclosure shall project not more than 7/8 inch (22 mm) beyond the strap or cover and shall have a flat or blunt end. The end of the screw shall have no burrs, fins, or sharp edges that can damage wiring. This does not preclude thread-cleaning slots or grooves in the end of a screw.

10 Direct Plug-In Devices

10.1 A direct plug-in speed control shall have a receptacle that accepts either a polarized or grounding-type attachment plug. The blade configuration of the device shall be the same as the blade configuration that is accepted by the receptacle.

10.2 A direct plug-in speed control shall also comply with the requirements in the Abuse Test, Section 33.

10.3 The maximum acceptable moment, center of gravity, dimensions, and weight of a device shall comply with the requirements specified in (a), (b), (c), and (d). See 10.4:

- a) The quotient of WY/Z shall not exceed 48 ounces (1361 g).
- b) The quotient of WY/S shall not exceed 48 ounces.
- c) The product of WX shall not exceed 80 ounce-inches (0.56 N·m).
- d) The weight of a device shall not exceed 28 ounces (794 g).

Where:

W is the weight of the device in ounces (g).

Y is the distance illustrated in Figure 10.1 in inches (mm).

Z is the lesser of the two distances, Z_1 or Z_2 , as illustrated in Figure 10.1 in inches (mm).

S is the lesser of the two distances, S_1 or S_2 , as illustrated in Figure 10.1 in inches (mm).