

UL 507

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Electric Fans

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Underwriters Laboratories Inc. (UL)
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UL Standard for Safety for Electric Fans, UL 507

Ninth Edition, Dated December 13, 1999

Revisions: This Standard contains revisions through and including April 10, 2007.

Summary of Topics

The revisions dated April 10, 2007 were issued to incorporate the clarification and additional coil wrap securement requirements in paragraph 19.6, Section 40A, and Section 40B.

UL Standards for Safety are developed and maintained in the Standard Generalized Markup Language (SGML). SGML -- an international standard (ISO 8879-1986) -- is a descriptive markup language that describes a document's structure and purpose, rather than its physical appearance on a page. Due to formatting differences resulting from the use of UL's new electronic publishing system, please note that additional pages (on which no requirements have been changed) may be included in revision pages due to relocation of existing text and reformatting of the Standard.

Text that has been changed in any manner is marked with a vertical line in the margin. Changes in requirements are marked with a vertical line in the margin and are followed by an effective date note indicating the date of publication or the date on which the changed requirement becomes effective.

A change in an effective date is indicated by a note following the affected item, and giving both the previous effective date and the new date the requirement becomes effective.

The following table lists the future effective dates with the corresponding reference.

Future Effective Dates	References
May 12, 2007	Paragraphs 1.1 – 1.8, 2.2.5, 16.19.1, 22.1.1, 22.1.2, 38.1.1, 38.3.4, 63.7, 63.8, 64.5, 64.7, 68.1, 68.2, 86.9 – 86.14, 88.8, 88.9, 89.5, 91.2.2, 91.3.3.1, Sections 42A and 44A, and Table 9.1 (row three)
December 23, 2007	Part (c) of paragraph 19.6
April 18, 2008	13.1.2, 18.10.1, 18.16, 18.18, 18.20, and 47.1

The new and revised requirements are substantially in accordance with UL's Proposal(s) on this subject dated January 26, 2007.

The revisions dated April 10, 2007 include a reprinted title page (page1) for this Standard.

As indicated on the title page (page1), this UL Standard for Safety has been adopted by the Department of Defense.

As indicated on the title page (page 1), this UL Standard for Safety is an American National Standard. Attention is directed to the note on the title page of this Standard outlining the procedures to be followed to retain the approved text of this ANSI/UL Standard.

The UL Foreword is no longer located within the UL Standard. For information concerning the use and application of the requirements contained in this Standard, the current version of the UL Foreword is located on ULStandardsInfoNet at: <http://ulstandardsinfo.net.ul.com/ulforeword.html>

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UL 507

Standard for Electric Fans

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The most recent designation of ANSI/UL 507 as an American National Standard (ANSI) occurred on April 10, 2007. The ANSI approval for this standard does not include the Cover Page, Transmittal Pages, or Title Page.

This ANSI/UL Standard for Safety, which consists of the Ninth edition including revisions through April 10, 2007 is under continuous maintenance, whereby each revision is ANSI approved upon publication.

The Department of Defense (DoD) has adopted UL 507 on February 5, 1993. The publication of revised pages or a new edition of this Standard will not invalidate the DoD adoption.

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Revisions of this Standard will be made by issuing revised or additional pages bearing their date of issue. A UL Standard is current only if it incorporates the most recently adopted revisions, all of which are itemized on the transmittal notice that accompanies the latest set of revised requirements. Comments or proposals for revisions on any part of the Standard may be submitted to UL at any time. Proposals should be submitted via a Proposal Request in UL's On-Line Collaborative Standards Development System (CSDS) at <http://csds.ul.com>.

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PART 1 – ALL FANS

INTRODUCTION

1 Scope

1.1 These requirements cover:

- a) Fans and blowers that circulate air, such as desk, ceiling-suspended, and hassock fans;
- b) Fans and blowers that ventilate air, such as attic, whole-house window, through wall, and direct discharge fans;
- c) Ducted fans and blowers that exhaust air to the outside of a building structure, such as in-line, wall insert and ceiling insert fans;
- d) Dryer type fans used for drying carpets or floors;
- e) Household and commercial blower inflator type fans except as noted in 1.8(k);
- f) Evaporative coolers;
- g) Evaporative cooler replacement pumps;
- h) Air-filtering appliances;
- i) Component fans;
- j) Low voltage component fans;
- k) Residential cooking area fans, such as rangehoods and downdrafts;
- l) Hand dryers without heater; and
- m) Recirculating and blending units except as noted in 1.8(h).

These products are rated 600 volts or less and are intended to be employed in accordance with the National Electrical Code, ANSI/NFPA 70.

Revised 1.1 effective May 12, 2007

1.2 Deleted effective May 12, 2007

1.3 Deleted effective May 12, 2007

1.4 Deleted effective May 12, 2007

1.5 Deleted effective May 12, 2007

1.6 Deleted effective May 12, 2007

1.7 Deleted effective May 12, 2007

1.8 These requirements do not cover:

- a) Air heaters incorporating fans, heating-ventilating units, or blowers comprising components of such equipment as furnaces, mechanical-refrigeration equipment, or air conditioners;
- b) Fusible links, and the like, provided to disconnect a fan or close shutters in the event of fire;
- c) Fans for use in cooking areas when the fan is intended for other than household use;
- d) Fans intended to be used in hazardous locations as defined in the National Electrical Code, ANSI/NFPA 70;
- e) Fans intended to be installed over solvents or chemically flammable liquids or vapors;
- f) Fans located in chemically corrosive environments;
- g) Humidifiers;
- h) Fans intended to move heated or conditioned air;
- i) Heated hand dryers;
- j) Ionizers, products with ionization features, or electrostatic air cleaners;
- k) Blower or inflators intended for use with inflatable bouncing toys or similar children's products.
- l) Microwaves, ventilating or otherwise;
- m) Ducted or non-ducted heat recovery ventilators;
- n) Deodorizers and air fresheners.

Added 1.8 effective May 12, 2007

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2 Glossary

2.1 General

2.1.1 For the purpose of this standard the following definitions apply. The types of appliances are arranged in alphabetical order under the heading Product Terms. Other terms not related to the types of products are defined in alphabetical order under the heading Additional Terms. Also, see appropriate sections of the Standard for specific fan types not defined in this section.

2.2 Product terms

2.2.1 AIR-FILTERING APPLIANCE – An appliance consisting of an air-circulating fan and a mechanical filter.

2.2.2 AIR DEODORIZER – An appliance that has a fan and is intended to treat the air in a relatively small area by the dispersal of chemicals. A mechanical filter may be employed.

2.2.3 AIR FRESHENER – An appliance that has a fan and is intended to scent the air in a relatively small area by the dispersal of chemicals. A mechanical filter may be employed.

2.2.3.1 ATTIC FAN – A fan mounted on a building's roof or gable used to vent air out from the attic to the exterior of the building. Exhaust of the fan is typically capped with a dome lid or behind louvers to prevent exposure to weather.

2.2.3.1 added February 21, 2003

2.2.4 BLADE – A component of an impeller or an individual "paddle" of a ceiling-suspended fan.

2.2.5 BOX FAN – A portable fan sometimes referred to as a "suitcase" fan. This product consists of a front and back grill mounted to a central frame, typically rectangular or square in shape, with width and height dimensions each measuring greater than 16 inches. The fan is typically designed to be placed on the floor or desk during operation, but may be provided with hardware for window mounting.

Revised 2.2.5 effective May 12, 2007

2.2.6 CEILING INSERT FAN/LIGHT COMBINATION – An appliance consisting of a fan and a light which is installed through a hole in the ceiling surface.

2.2.7 CEILING-SUSPENDED FAN – A fan intended to be mounted to a ceiling outlet box or ceiling building structure, and has blades which rotate below the ceiling. Popularly called a "paddle" fan.

2.2.8 DESK FAN – A fan intended for use on a desk or table. Some desk fans are provided with keyhole slots for wall mounting.

2.2.9 DOWN-DRAFT FAN – A fan intended for installation adjacent to a grill or stove top, and that draws smoke down into an exhaust duct.

2.2.9.1 DRAIN PUMP – A pump provided in an evaporative cooler, in addition to the recirculating pump(s), intended to periodically purge the reservoir of mineral laden water.

2.2.9.1 added December 23, 2003

2.2.10 EVAPORATIVE COOLER – An appliance that introduces moisture into the air. This appliance incorporates a fan, filter, or heater, or all of these components. Some evaporative coolers have provision for connection to a duct.

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2.2.11 FLOOR INSERT FAN – An intake or exhaust fan installed in a raised floor.

2.2.12 HASSOCK FAN – A floor support fan resembling a foot rest.

2.2.12.1 HOUSEHOLD AND COMMERCIAL BLOWER INFLATOR TYPE FAN – used for inflating low-pressure products such as commercial rooftop balloon displays, and miscellaneous low-pressure inflatable products. These fans do not contain any type of pressurized-vessel .

2.2.12.1 revised May 12, 2005

2.2.13 IMPELLER – An assembly of blades about an integral hub.

2.2.14 THROUGH-WALL FAN – A fan installed through the wall or other structure and intended to draw air from the outside or exhaust air from the inside.

2.2.14 revised May 12, 2005

2.2.15 LOW VOLTAGE COMPONENT FAN – A component fan intended to be used in isolated secondary circuits and rated a maximum of 30 V rms (42.2 V peak) or 60 V dc.

2.2.16 PORTABLE APPLIANCE – A cord-connected appliance capable of being easily moved by hand from place to place (in normal use).

2.2.17 ROOM-TO-ROOM FAN – An appliance that is to be installed in a sleeve through an interior wall, and is intended to direct air from one room to another.

2.2.17 revised May 12, 2005

2.2.18 SECONDARY PROTECTION – A thermal cutoff or manual reset thermal protector provided with a motor that does not operate during the Locked Rotor Test of Section 40. Also referred to as "back-up" protection.

2.2.19 STATIONARY APPLIANCE – A cord-connected appliance that is intended to be fastened in place or located in a dedicated place.

2.2.20 VENTILATING-HOOD-FAN SHELF – A hood fan incorporating a shelf or a compartment to accommodate a microwave oven.

2.2.21 WALL-INSERT FAN – An intake or exhaust fan permanently attached in a wall without a sleeve.

2.2.21.1 WHOLE HOUSE FAN – A fan mounted on the attic-side of a ceiling, typically centrally located in a hallway. The fan is usually concealed behind a ceiling grill that opens and closes automatically. The fan is used to cool an entire house by drawing cooler outside air through open windows in the house and exhausting the hot room air through the attic to the building exterior.

2.2.21.1 added February 21, 2003

2.2.22 WINDOW-MOUNTED FAN – A window fan or a box fan intended for installation in a window.

2.3 Additional terms

2.3.0 AIR DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM – For the purpose of determining smoke developed requirements for non-metallic enclosures and other parts of appliances covered by this Standard, an air distribution system is defined as a continuous passageway for the transmission of air that does not vent directly to the outdoors. For example, a building having several fans inter-connected with air ducts before venting to the outdoors.

2.3.0 added September 24, 2001

2.3.0.1 APPLIANCE COUPLER – A single-outlet, female contact device that is attached to a flexible cord as part of a detachable power supply cord to be connected to an inlet.

2.3.0.1 added September 24, 2001

2.3.1 ASKAREL – A generic term for a group of nonflammable synthetic chlorinated hydrocarbons used as electrical insulating media. Askarels of various compositional types are used. Under arcing conditions the gases produced, while consisting predominantly of noncombustible hydrogen chloride, can include varying amounts of combustible gases depending upon the askarel type.

2.3.1.1 BRANCH CIRCUIT, INDIVIDUAL – A branch circuit that supplies only one utilization equipment.

2.3.1.1 added September 24, 2001

2.3.1.2 CABINET – That part of a unit that encloses insulated wiring, electrical enclosures, moving parts, motors, or enclosed electrical parts.

2.3.1.2 added February 21, 2003

2.3.1.3 CONVENIENCE RECEPTACLE – Receptacle intended for the connection of an independent appliance or product.

2.3.1.3 added April 18, 2006

2.3.2 COOKING AREA – An area in close proximity (as defined in Figure 62.1) to a stove, range, or oven, where fumes, grease laden air, or the like may be present.

2.3.3 ENCLOSURE – That part of the product that:

a) Renders inaccessible all or any parts of the fan that present a risk of electric shock or injury to persons due to total or partial collapse with a resulting reduction of spacings, loosening or displacement of parts, or other serious defects; or

b) Retards propagation of flame initiated by electrical disturbances occurring within.

2.3.3.1 INLET – A male contact device that is mounted on a fan to provide an integral blade configuration for the connection of an appliance coupler.

2.3.3.1 added September 24, 2001

2.3.4 MOUNTING MEANS – Hardware to mount the fan to the building structure or to an outlet box.

2.3.4.1 OTHER SPACE USED FOR ENVIRONMENTAL AIR – Space used for environmental air-handling purposes other than ducts and plenums. It does not include habitable rooms or areas of buildings, the prime purpose of which is not air handling. The space over a hung ceiling used for environmental air handling purposes is an example of the type of other space to which this section applies.

2.3.4.1 added February 21, 2003

2.3.5 OUTLET BOX – As used in this standard, the term "outlet box" includes an outlet box or any other supporting system, usually field supplied, intended to enclose splices and wiring devices or to support a fan.

2.3.6 RISK OF ELECTRIC SHOCK – A risk of electric shock exists at any part when:

- a) The potential between the part and earth ground or any other accessible part is more than 30 V rms (42.4 V peak); and
- b) The continuous current flow through a 1500 ohm resistor connected across the potential exceeds 0.5 mA.

2.3.7 SINGLE-OPERATION DEVICE – A device that incorporates a bimetal that is calibrated to open the motor circuit upon reaching a certain temperature and is resettable only by cooling to minus 35°C (minus 31°F), or lower.

2.3.7.1 SPECIAL-USE RECEPTACLE – Receptacle intended for the connection of a specific component of the end-product appliance.

2.3.7.1 added April 18, 2006

2.3.8 TOTALLY ENCLOSED MOTOR – A motor that is enclosed to prevent the free exchange of air between the inside and outside of the enclosure for windings but not sufficiently enclosed to be airtight. Drainholes are acceptable.

2.3.9 TYPE F MOTOR – A thermally protected or impedance protected shaded pole motor employing class A insulation and marked "ZPF" or "Impedance Protected F", or "TPF" or "Thermally Protected F", where "F" stands for "Fan". These markings require compliance with requirements for Type F motors in this Standard.

2.3.10 USER SERVICING – Any form of servicing, such as routine cleaning and replacement of a fuse or a lamp, that is performed by personnel other than those trained to maintain the appliance.

2.3.11 VENTURI – A constricting throat in the air passage of an appliance which causes a pressure differential.

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3 Components

3.1 Except as indicated in 3.2, a component of a product covered by this Standard shall comply with the requirements for that component.

3.2 A component is not required to comply with a specific requirement that:

- a) Involves a feature or characteristic not required in the application of the component in the product covered by this standard, or
- b) Is superseded by a requirement in this standard.

3.3 A component shall be used in accordance with its rating established for the intended conditions of use.

3.4 Specific components are incomplete in construction features or restricted in performance capabilities. Such components are intended for use only under limited conditions, such as certain temperatures not exceeding specified limits, and shall be used only under those specific conditions.

4 Units of Measurement

4.1 Values stated without parentheses are the requirement. Values in parentheses are explanatory or approximate information.

4.2 Unless indicated otherwise, all voltage and current values mentioned in this standard are root mean square (rms).

5 Application of Requirements

5.1 This standard is comprised of two parts. Part 1 consists of requirements that are to be applied to all products covered by UL 507 unless otherwise specified. Part 2 consists of requirements for specific product types. These requirements supplement or modify the requirements in Part 1. For each product type, the requirements unique to that construction are presented in the same format as Part 1 (with headings for construction, performance, marking, and the like). A product's construction and intended use may result in the application of more than one set of requirements in Part 2. (For example: a ceiling-suspended fan intended for use in an agricultural environment shall comply with the requirements in Part 1, the requirements for ceiling-suspended fans in Part 2, and the requirements for fans used in agricultural buildings in Part 2.)

5.2 With respect to the text in this Standard, a requirement that applies only to a specific type of appliance, such as an evaporative cooler or an air-filtering appliance, is so identified by a specific reference in that requirement to the type involved. Absence of such specific reference, or use of the term "appliance" or "fan", indicates that the requirement applies to all appliances covered by this Standard unless the context indicates otherwise.

5.3 A household canopy- or hood-type unit, the electrical components of which are complete except for a fan or blower, may be investigated under the applicable requirements in this standard to determine whether the unit is acceptable for use with cooking equipment. A household wall- or ceiling-insert fan that is intended for use with such a separate hood may also be investigated to determine whether it is acceptable for use with cooking equipment. See 62.5.1 and 90.1.

5.4 A combination fan and light combination or a ceiling-suspended fan light kit shall comply with the applicable requirements of this standard and with the applicable requirements in the Standard for Luminaires, UL 1598.

5.4 revised February 21, 2003

5.5 An evaporative cooler that incorporates a heating element is investigated in accordance with the applicable requirements of this standard and with the applicable requirements for electric space-heating equipment.

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CONSTRUCTION

6 Frame and Enclosures

6.1 General

6.1.1 An appliance shall be formed and assembled so that it has the strength and rigidity necessary to resist the abuses to which it is subjected, without causing a risk of fire, electrical shock, or injury to persons due to total or partial collapse with a resulting reduction of spacings, loosening or displacement of parts, or other serious defects.

6.1.2 A cast- or sheet-metal section of the enclosure shall not be thinner than the applicable value specified in Table 6.1.

Exception No. 1: A small area or surface that is curved or otherwise reinforced to provide equivalent mechanical strength is not required to comply with the specifications in the first column of thicknesses in Table 6.1.

Exception No. 2: A section of the enclosure made of uncoated or galvanized sheet steel or cast malleable iron shall not be thinner than the specifications in the first column of thicknesses in Table 6.1 unless such factors as the following are determined to be acceptable:

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- a) Mechanical strength and impact resistance with regard to intended use and location of the appliance;
- b) Resistance to corrosion;
- c) Size and shape; and
- d) Location on the appliance.

6.1.3 A fan having features intended to be attractive to children or to have play value or an appearance of play value shall:

- a) Be provided with a marking that warns against use as a toy as described in 63.9; and
- b) Not have any portion of the fan intended to be removed and utilized as an item with play value.

Exception: This requirement does not apply to a fan that complies with the Standard for Electric Toys, UL 696.

Table 6.1
Minimum thicknesses of enclosure metal

Metal	At small, flat, unreinforced surfaces and at surfaces of a shape or size to provide adequate mechanical strength		At surfaces to which a wiring system is to be connected in the field		At large, unreinforced, flat surfaces	
	mm	(inch)	mm	(inch) ^a	mm	(inch)
Die-cast metal	1.19	(3/64)	—	—	1.98	(5/64)
Cast malleable iron	1.59	(1/16)	—	—	2.38	(3/32)
Other cast metal	2.38	(3/32)	—	—	3.18	(1/8)
Uncoated sheet steel	0.66	(0.026)	0.81	(0.032)	0.66	(0.026)
Galvanized sheet steel	0.74	(0.029)	0.86	(0.034)	0.74	(0.029)
Nonferrous sheet metal	0.91	(0.036)	1.14	(0.045)	0.91	(0.036)
^a A sheet-steel wall of thickness less than that specified shall not be used unless the area surrounding the knockout has a minimum thickness of 0.81 mm (0.032 inch).						

6.1.4 The enclosure of an appliance shall prevent molten metal, burning insulation, flaming particles, and other ignited material from falling onto flammable materials, including the surface upon which the appliance is supported when the appliance is:

- a) Installed in a remote location such as the location of an attic ventilator or a whole house ventilator; or
- b) Thermostatically controlled.

Exception: This requirement does not apply to a thermostatically controlled fan intended for use in cooking areas and mounted directly above the cooking surface.

6.1.5 The requirements in 6.1.4 necessitate the use of a metal barrier or a non-metallic barrier of a material having a zero flame spread rating when tested as described in the Standard for Tests for Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials, UL 723:

a) Under a motor unless:

- 1) The structural parts of the motor or of the appliance provide the equivalent of such a barrier (such as the use of metal louvers as bottom barriers);
- 2) The protection provided with the motor is such that no burning insulation or molten material falls to the surface that supports the appliance or into the wiring compartment when the motor is energized under each of the following fault conditions:
 - i) Open main winding;
 - ii) Open auxiliary winding;
 - iii) Starting switch short-circuited; and
 - iv) Capacitor of a permanent-split capacitor motor short-circuited and the rotor locked – the short circuit is to be applied before the motor is energized; or
- 3) The motor is provided with a thermal motor protector that prevents the temperature of the motor windings from exceeding 125°C (257°F) under the maximum load under which the motor runs without causing the protector to cycle and from exceeding 150°C (302°F) with the rotor of the motor locked; or

Exception: A direct drive fan motor is required to only be subjected to the locked rotor test.

- 4) The motor complies with the requirements for impedance-protected motors in the Standard for Overheating Protection for Motors, UL 2111, and the temperature of the motor winding does not exceed 150°C (302°F) during the first 72 hours of operation with the rotor of the motor locked.

b) Under wire, unless the wire:

- 1) Is thermoplastic wire which complies with the requirements of the Vertical Wires test in the Standard for Electrical Wires, Cables, and Flexible Cords, UL 1581, and is marked VW-1; or
- 2) Has at least equivalent characteristics as determined in the flame tests specified in the Standard for Thermoplastic-Insulated Wires and Cables, UL 83.

c) Under a switch, relay, solenoid, or similar component unless:

- 1) A short circuit or overload in the component does not result in a risk of fire; or
- 2) There are no openings in the enclosure through which molten metal, burning insulation, flaming particles, or other ignited material can fall.

Exception: A terminal is not required to have a barrier.

6.1.5 revised February 21, 2003

6.1.6 The barrier mentioned in 6.1.5 shall be horizontal, shall be located as illustrated in Figure 6.1, and shall have an area in accordance with the illustration. Openings for drainage, ventilation, and the like, shall not be employed in the barrier unless such openings do not permit molten metal, burning insulation, or similar material, to fall onto flammable material.

6.1.7 A ventilating opening provided in the enclosure of an appliance or an externally mounted component of an appliance where the appliance is intended to be recessed into a wall or false ceiling shall not vent into a concealed space where the spread of a fire occurs undetected.

6.2 Wood enclosure parts

6.2.1 Wood shall not be employed as an appliance enclosure unless:

- a) The enclosure is not intended for use in a cooking area, a bathroom, a damp location, or outdoors; and
- b) The enclosure is in accordance with the Temperature Test requirements in Table 36.1, as applicable to wood.

Revised 6.2.1 effective June 1, 2004

6.2.2 A wood enclosure serving as an enclosure of uninsulated live parts shall be subjected to flammability testing and resistance to impact testing (5 ft-lbs) in accordance with the Standard for Polymeric Materials – Use in Electrical Equipment Evaluations, UL 746C.

Revised 6.2.2 effective June 1, 2004

6.3 Non-metallic enclosures

6.3.1 A non-metallic enclosure shall comply with the applicable mechanical and electrical property considerations, flammability, and thermal requirements as specified in the Standard for Polymeric Materials – Use in Electrical Equipment Evaluations, UL 746C. A 6.8 J (5 ft-lbf) impact value shall apply to all appliances when determining the impact resistance of polymeric enclosures in the as-received condition. This impact value shall also be used for cold impact testing of appliances intended to be used in cold environments, such as fans mounted in the crawl space or attic and outdoor use products.

Exception No. 1: A polymeric grille used in a ceiling or wall insert fan is not required to comply with the flammability requirements of UL 746C when:

- a) The material has a minimum flame class rating of HB;
- b) All live parts within the enclosure are insulated and the insulation thickness is 0.71 mm (0.028 inch) or greater; and
- c) The grille is completely external when installed as intended.

Exception No. 2: A polymeric grille used in a fan intended to be mounted at least 2.1 m (7 feet) above the floor is not required to comply with the Resistance to Impact Test of UL 746C.

6.3.1 revised April 18, 2006

6.3.2 Among the factors to be considered when judging a non-metallic enclosure, other than of polymeric material, or a magnesium enclosure shall be:

- a) Mechanical strength;
- b) Resistance to impact;
- c) Moisture-absorptive properties;
- d) Combustibility;
- e) Resistance to arcing; and
- f) Resistance to distortion at temperatures to which the enclosure is subjected under conditions of normal or abnormal use.

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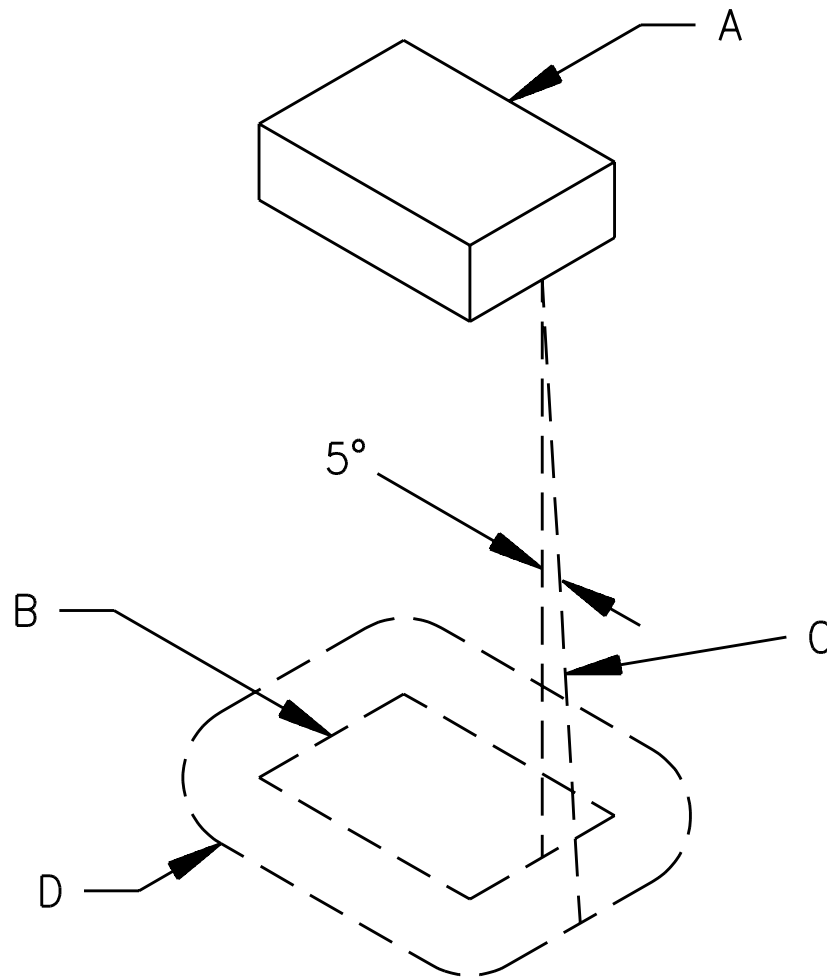
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Figure 6.1
Barrier



EB120A

A – Region to be shielded by barrier. This will consist of the entire component if it is not otherwise shielded and will consist of the unshielded portions of a component that is partially shielded by the component enclosure or equivalent.

B – Projection of outline of component on horizontal plane.

C – Inclined line that traces out minimum area of barrier. The line is always:

- 1) Tangent to the component,
- 2) 5 degrees from the vertical, and
- 3) So oriented that the area traced out on a horizontal plane is maximum.

D – Location (horizontal) and minimum area for barrier. The area is that included inside the line of intersection traced out by the inclined line C and the horizontal plane of the barrier.

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6.3.3 A non-metallic enclosure of a fan employing a fluorescent light shall comply with the requirements of Section 136.3.

Exception: A polymeric enclosure that complies with the Ultraviolet Light Exposure Test in the Standard for Polymeric Materials – Use in Electrical Equipment Evaluations, UL 746C, does not need to comply with the requirements of Section 136.3.

Added 6.3.3 effective February 21, 2005

6.3.4 A wall or ceiling insert fan or ceiling insert fan/light combination that is provided with a polymeric housing shall be marked not for use in fire rated installations and for use in one- and two-family dwellings only, in accordance with 62.5.8 and 62.5.9.

Added 6.3.4 effective June 23, 2005

6.4 Non-metallic parts other than enclosures

6.4.1 Polymeric material used to enclose a metal housing that encloses insulated or uninsulated live parts, or used as a decorative part, shall be classed either 5VA, 5VB, V-0, V-1, V-2, or HB by the burning tests described in the Standard for Tests for Flammability of Plastic Materials for Parts in Devices and Appliances, UL 94.

Exception No. 1: Decorative parts are not required to be made of a material classed 5VA, 5VB, V-0, V-1, V-2, or HB when the part does not occupy a volume greater than 2 cubic centimeters (0.122 cubic inch), does not have any dimension greater than 3 cm (1.18 inch), and is located so it does not propagate flame from one area to another or bridge between a possible source of ignition and other ignitable parts.

Exception No. 2: A material is determined to be equivalent when it complies with the 12-mm (0.47 inch) flame test, the 19-mm (0.75-inch) flame test, or 127-mm (5-inch) flame test of the Standard for Polymeric Materials – Use in Electrical Equipment Evaluations, UL 746C, when flame tested as used in the equipment. The use of a flame-retardant coating applied to the inside of a polymeric enclosure is not acceptable unless the coating/material interface is found to be acceptable by separate investigation.

6.4.2 An impeller of polymeric material outside a motor shall not be located within 25.4 mm (1 inch) of an opening in the motor housing.

Exception No. 1: For all motor types except skeleton or open frame, an impeller is not prohibited from being within 25.4 mm of an opening in the motor housing when:

- a) The material is classed as V-2, V-1, V-0, or 5V in accordance with the Standard for Tests for Flammability of Plastic Materials for Parts in Devices and Appliances, UL 94;*
- b) The material complies with the requirements for enclosure flammability using a 19-mm (3/4-inch) flame, in accordance with the Standard for Polymeric Materials – Use in Electrical Equipment Evaluations, UL 746C;*
- c) No motor opening within 25.4 mm of the blade has a dimension more than 6.75 mm (17/64 inch) or an area more than 35.48 mm² (0.055 square inch), and no more than six such openings are provided;*
- d) Deleted*
- e) The material has a hot wire ignition rating of at least 7 seconds as described in the Standard Test Method for Ignition of Materials by Hot Wire Sources, ASTM D3874;*

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f) *The fan employs a thermally protected motor to drive the impeller and complies with the test requirements in Section 50, Impeller Ignition Test; or*

g) *The fan complies with the requirements for unattended areas as specified in Sections 139 and 140.*

Exception No. 2: For bobbin-wound skeleton motors employed in a product other than ceiling-insert, wall-insert fans, or rangehoods, an impeller is not prohibited from being within 25.4 mm of the motor windings when:

a) *The impeller is of material classed HB or less flammable in accordance with the Standard for Tests for Flammability of Plastic Materials for Parts in Devices and Appliances, UL 94;*

b) *The coil is completely covered with insulation at least 0.8 mm (1/32 inch) thick; and*

c) *The space between the coil covering and bobbin does not exceed 0.8 mm total.*

Exception No. 3: Bobbin-wound skeleton motors employed in a ceiling-insert fan, wall-insert fan, or rangehood, are not required to comply with this requirement.

6.4.2 revised April 18, 2006

6.4.3 A polymeric impeller for a fan intended to be installed in an area exposed to temperatures higher than 40°C (104°F), such as an attic fan or a fan intended for use in cooking areas, shall be molded from polymeric material having:

a) A heat deflection temperature under a minimum 455.07 kPa (66 psi) load of at least 75°C (167°F), determined as specified in the Standard for Polymeric Materials – Short Term Property Evaluations, UL 746A; and

b) A relative mechanical temperature index without impact of at least 60°C (140°F) determined as specified in the Standard for Polymeric Materials – Long Term Property Evaluations, UL 746B.

6.4.4 Foamed thermoplastic shall be classed HF-2 or HF-1.

6.4.5 A thermoplastic damper shall be classed HB, V-2, V-1, V-0, or 5V.

6.4.6 A thermoplastic part that is not decorative and that does not serve as an enclosure shall be classed HB, V-2, V-1, V-0, or 5V.

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7 Flame Spread and Smoke Developed Requirements for Non-Metallic Enclosures and Other Parts of Permanently Connected Equipment

7.1 A non-metallic enclosure or part that provides a barrier between a building cavity and internal parts of a fan that is intended to be permanently connected electrically, shall have a flame spread rating of zero in accordance with the Standard for Test for Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials, UL 723.

Exception No. 1: A fan grille, duct adapter, or other part that is installed exterior to the enclosure or part described in 7.1 is not required to comply with the flame spread requirements.

Exception No. 2: A material having a flame-spread rating of 25 or less, as determined by the Standard Test Method for Surface Flammability of Materials Using a Radiant Heat Energy Source, ASTM E162, is an alternative.

Exception No. 3: Deleted

Exception No. 4: This requirement does not apply to sound deadening material inside a fan enclosure that is rated HB or HF-2.

Exception No. 5: Deleted

Revised 7.1 effective December 23, 2005

7.2 Deleted February 21, 2003

7.3 Compliance with the Fire Test for Heat and Visible Smoke Release for Discrete Products and Their Accessories Installed in Air-Handling Spaces, UL 2043, is considered to meet the flame spread requirement of 7.1.

7.3 added February 21, 2003

8 Accessibility of Moving Parts

8.1 General

8.1.1 Deleted February 21, 2003

8.1.2 The rotor of a motor, a pulley, a belt, a gear, an impeller, or other moving parts shall be enclosed, guarded, or installed at a sufficient height per Section 8.2 or Section 8.3, as applicable, to reduce the risk of injury to persons.

Exception No. 1: This requirement does not apply to a part or portion of a part that is exposed to enable an appliance to perform its intended function.

Exception No. 2: This requirement does not apply to large commercial industrial evaporative coolers intended for use in warehouses and similar spaces.

8.1.2 revised February 21, 2003

8.1.3 An impeller shall be constructed of a material and in such a manner to reduce the risk of its breakage or its release of parts that could cause a risk of injury to persons.

8.1.3 revised February 21, 2003

8.1.4 Polymeric guards which are used for protecting the impeller, and also function as an electrical enclosure, shall be subjected to the following tests as applicable:

a) For a guard of un-insulated live parts, the guard shall comply with the Resistance to Impact Test of the Standard for Polymeric Materials – Use in Electrical Equipment Evaluations, UL 746C, in the as-received condition. The impact used is to be 6.8 J (5 ft·lbf).

b) For a guard of insulated live parts which have an insulation thickness of 0.71 mm (0.028 inch) or greater, the guard shall comply with Section 47, Impact Test on Guards, and Section 48, Static Force Test on Guards, in the as-received condition.

8.1.4 revised April 18, 2006

8.1.5 An impeller shall be secured to the shaft, with consideration given to such factors as the size and weight of the impeller, motor power, mounted position, thrust direction, and the risk of injury to persons if breakage occurs. A reversible fan shall not rely solely on friction between the impeller and a nut turned onto a threaded shaft.

49.2 relocated as 8.1.5 February 21, 2003

8.2 Portable fans and window fans

8.2.1 Other than as described in 8.2.2, a moving part that causes a risk of injury to persons shall be guarded or enclosed.

8.2.2 A moving part such as a rotating grille, rotating air deflector driven by an airstream, or an impeller is not required to be guarded when the moving part complies with all of the following applicable requirements:

a) When motor driven, the impeller:

- 1) Does not weigh more than 45 g (0.1 pound);
- 2) Is not more than 203.20 mm (8 inches) in diameter; and
- 3) Is not more than 3.2 mm (1/8 inch) thick and has no reinforcement beyond the nose cone.

b) When driven by an airstream, the moving part:

- 1) Does not weigh more than 454 g (1 pound);
- 2) Does not have a diameter that exceeds 508 mm (20 inches); and
- 3) Complies with Section 52, Drop Test, without breakage of the blades.

c) The moving part:

- 1) Does not rotate faster than 2000 revolutions per minute; and

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- 2) Complies with the requirements specified in Section 43, Unguarded Impeller Tests, Section 47, Impact Test on Guards, and Section 52, Drop Test, without breakage of the blades.
- d) The output power of the motor driving the part is not more than 35 watts (0.047 horsepower).
- e) The "K" factor of the moving part determined as specified in 8.2.5 is less than 732.
- f) A blade:
 - 1) Employs a rounded leading edge with a diameter of at least 3.2 mm (1/8 inch); and
 - 2) Is composed of material having:
 - i) A tensile strength of at least 6.895 MPa (1000 psi), in accordance with ASTM D638; and
 - ii) Elongation of not more than 206.85 MPa (30,000 psi), in accordance with ASTM D790.
- g) An air deflector driven by the airstream has no leading edge and all exposed surfaces are smooth and well rounded.

Exception No. 1: An unguarded impeller is not required to comply with the requirements of 8.2.2(a)(1), (a)(2), (d), and (e) when the fan complies with 8.2.3.

Exception No. 2: An unguarded impeller is not required to comply with the requirements of 8.2.2(f)(2)(i), (f)(2)(ii), 8.2.2(b)(3), and 8.2.2(c)(2) if the impeller is molded of a component foam material rated a minimum HF-2.

8.2.2 revised December 23, 2003

8.2.3 An unguarded impeller that complies with the Exception to 8.2.2 shall produce an impact force of 175 N (39.34 pounds) or less.

8.2.4 Factors to be considered when judging whether a moving part or a portion of a part is likely to cause a risk of injury to persons shall include, but are not limited to:

- a) The portion of the blade being contacted – trailing edge, leading edge, or periphery;
- b) The blade material and angle, and type and sharpness of exposed edge; and
- c) The energy available.

8.2.5 Conventional designs of impellers meet the requirement of being guarded when:

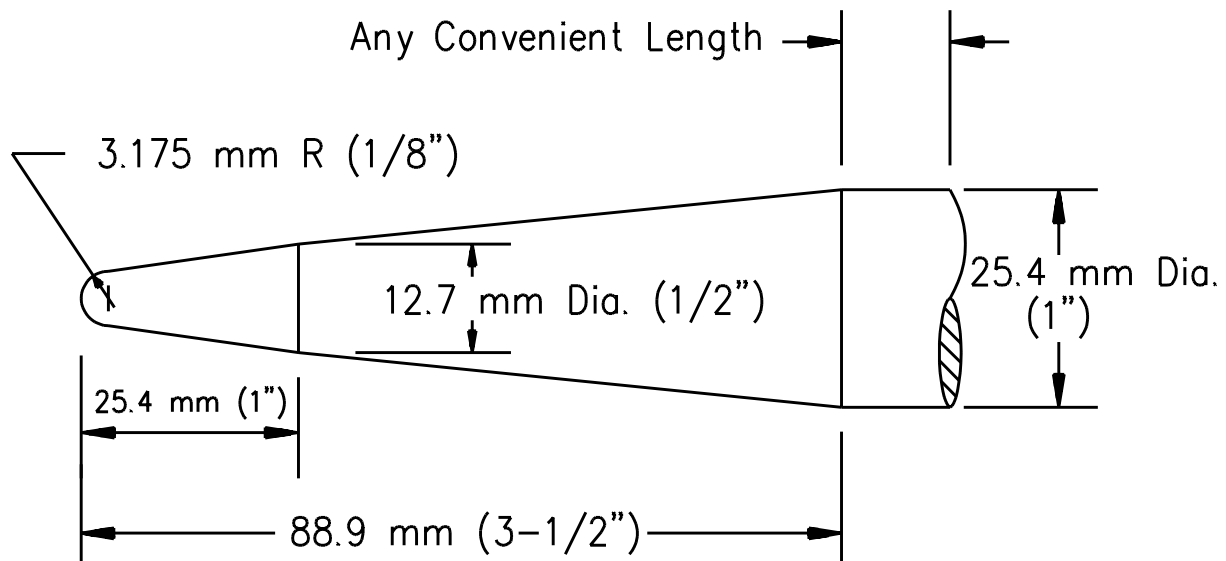
- a) The relationship between mass (W) in kg, radius (r) in mm, and speed (N) in revolutions per minute is such that K in the following equation is less than 29264:

$$K = 6 \times 10^{-7} (Wr^2N^2)$$

- b) The guarding is such that the probe illustrated in Figure 8.1 cannot touch the leading edge of the blade and hub when inserted as described in 8.2.6. For a reversible fan, both edges of the blade are considered leading edges. When K is greater than 29264, the probe shall not touch any part of the impeller.

8.2.6 The portion of an impeller that entails a risk of injury to persons shall be guarded so that the probe illustrated in Figure 8.1 does not touch the part when inserted with a force of 4.45 N (1 pound) for a maximum of 5 seconds through any opening in the guard.

Figure 8.1
Probe for impellers of portable appliances



PA160B

8.2.7 During an examination to determine whether an appliance complies with the requirements specified in 8.2.6, the guards and impellers of desk and stand fans are not to be removed before examination.

8.2.8 When a part used to comply with the requirement in 8.2.6 is made of a polymeric material, a sample is to be exposed for 7 hours to air at 70°C (158°F). While in the oven, the part is to be assembled to the fan and the fan is to be in its intended operating position. After the sample has cooled to room temperature, the probe illustrated in Figure 8.1 is to be inserted through each opening in the guard. The probe shall not be able to touch any portion of an impeller that can cause a risk of injury to persons.

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